- Song 93 and Prayer
- Opening Comments (1 min.)

TREASURES FROM GOD'S WORD

"Jacob Marries": (10 min.)

Ge 29:18-20—Jacob agreed to serve Laban for seven years to marry Rachel ($w03\ 10/15\ 29\ \P6$) Ge 29:21-26—Laban tricked Jacob and gave him Leah instead ($w07\ 10/1\ 8-9$; it-2 341 $\P3$) Ge 29:27, 28—Jacob made the best of a difficult situation

 Digging for Spiritual Gems: (10 min.)
 Ge 30:3—Why did Rachel consider children born to Jacob and Bilhah as her own? (it-1 50)

Ge 30:14, 15—Why may Rachel have relinquished an opportunity to conceive in exchange for some mandrakes? (w04 1/15 28 ¶7)

What spiritual gems from this week's Bible reading would you like to share regarding Jehovah God, the field ministry, or something else?

• Bible Reading: (4 min. or less) Ge 30:1-21 (2)

APPLY YOURSELF TO THE FIELD MINISTRY

- Apply Yourself to Reading and Teaching:
 (10 min.) Discussion. Play the video Upbuilding and Positive, and then discuss study 16 of the Teaching brochure.
- Bible Study: (5 min. or less) bhs 59 ¶21-22 (18)

LIVING AS CHRISTIANS

- Song 57
- "Improving Our Skills in the Ministry—Witnessing to the Blind": (10 min.) Discussion by the service overseer. Ask the following questions: Why is it important to give attention to the needs of the blind? Where can we locate blind people? How should we approach them? What tools are available to assist blind ones to progress spiritually?
- Organizational Accomplishments: (5 min.) Play the Organizational Accomplishments video for March.
- Congregation Bible Study: (30 min.) jy chap. 110
- Concluding Comments (3 min. or less)
- Song 30 and Prayer

GENESIS 29-30 | Jacob Marries

29:18-28

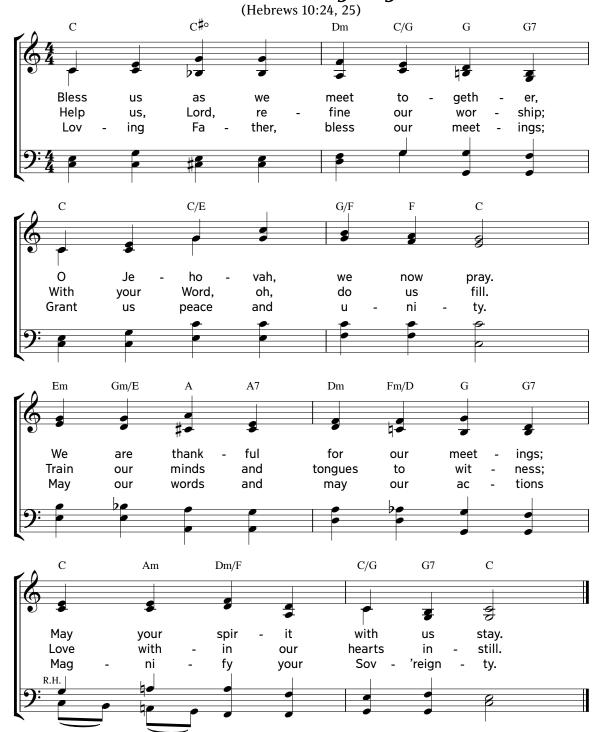
Jacob did not know in advance the trials that he would face as a result of marriage. Rachel and Leah became rivals. (Ge 29:32; 30:1, 8) Despite trials, however, Jacob saw that Jehovah was with him. (Ge 30:29, 30, 43) Ultimately, his offspring became the nation of Israel.—Ru 4:11.

In our day, those who choose to marry will face challenges. (1Co 7:28) Nevertheless, they can have a successful marriage and a measure of happiness by relying on Jehovah and applying Bible principles.

—Pr 3:5, 6; Eph 5:33.



Bless Our Meeting Together



ascending and descending on it.^a
13 And look! there was Jehovah stationed above it, and he said:

"I am Jehovah the God of Abraham vour father and the God of Isaac.b The land on which vou are lying, to you I am going to give it and to your offspring.*c 14 And your offspring* will certainly become like the dust particles of the earth.d and vou will spread abroad to the west and to the east and to the north and to the south, and by means of you and by means of your offspring' all the families of the ground will certainly be blessed.#e 15 I am with you, and I will safeguard you wherever you go, and I will return you to this land. f I will not leave you until I have done what I have promised you."g

16 Then Jacob awoke from his sleep and said: "Truly Jehovah is in this place, and I did not know it." 17 And he grew fearful and added: "How awe-inspiring this place is! This can only be the house of God,h and this is the gate of the heavens." 18 So Jacob got up early in the morning and took the stone on which he had rested his head and set it up as a pillar and poured oil on top of it. 19 So he named that place Beth'el,* but previously the city's name was Luz.k

20 Jacob then made a vow, saying: "If God will continue with me and will protect me on my journey and will give me bread to eat and garments to wear 21 and I return in peace to the house of my father, then Jehovah will certainly have proved to be my God. 22 And this stone that I have set up as a pillar will become a house of God,' and without fail I will give

CHAP. 28 a Joh 1:51 Heb 1:7, 14

b Ge 26:24, 25

c Ge 12:7 Ge 28:4 Ps 105:9-11

d Ge 13:14, 16 1Ki 4:20

e Ge 18:18 Ge 22:15, 18

f Ge 35:6

g Ge 31:3 Nu 23:19 Jos 23:14 Heb 6:18

h Ps 47:2

i Ge 35:1

j Ge 31:13

k Ge 35:6 Jos 16:1, 2

I Ge 35:1

Second Col.

CHAP. 29 a Ge 27:42, 43 Ac 7:2

b Ge 24:29 c Ge 24:24

Ge 31:53

d Ge 46:19 Ru 4:11 you a tenth of everything you give to me."

↑ After that Jacob resumed **29** his journey and traveled on to the land of the people of the East. 2 Now he saw a well in the field and three droves of sheep lying down next to it. because they usually watered the droves from that well. There was a large stone over the mouth of the well. 3 When all the droves had been gathered there, they rolled away the stone from the mouth of the well, and they watered the flocks, after which they returned the stone to its place over the mouth of the well.

4 So Jacob said to them: "My brothers, what place are you from?" to which they said: "We are from Ha'ran." 5 He said to them: "Do you know La'banb the grandson of Na'hor?"c to which they said: "We know him." 6 At this he said to them: "Is he well?" They replied: "He is well. And here is his daughter Racheld coming with the sheep!" 7 Then he said: "It is still the middle of the day. It is not the time for gathering the herds. Water the sheep, and then go feed them." 8 To this they said: "We are not allowed to do so until all the droves are gathered and they roll the stone away from the mouth of the well. Then we water the sheep."

9 While he was yet speaking with them, Rachel came with her father's sheep, for she was a shepherdess. 10 When Jacob saw Rachel, the daughter of La'ban his mother's brother, and the sheep of La'ban, Jacob immediately approached and rolled the stone away from the mouth of the well and watered the sheep of La'ban his mother's brother. 11 Then Jacob kissed Rachel and raised his voice and burst into tears. 12 And Jacob began to tell Rachel that he was

^{28:13, 14 *}Lit., "seed." 28:14 "Or "will obtain a blessing for themselves." 28:19 *Meaning "House of God."

the relative* of her father and that he was the son of Re-bek'ah. And she ran off and told her father.

13 As soon as La'ban^a heard the report about Jacob the son of his sister, he ran to meet him. He embraced him and kissed him and brought him into his house. And he began to tell La'ban all these things. 14 La'ban said to him: "You are indeed my bone and my flesh." So he stayed with him a full month.

15 La'ban then said to Jacob: "Just because you are my relative. *b should you serve me for nothing? Tell me, what are your wages to be?"c 16 Now La'ban had two daughters. The name of the older was Le'ah, and the name of the younger, Rachel.d 17 But the eves of Le'ah had no luster, whereas Rachel had become a very attractive and beautiful woman. 18 Jacob had fallen in love with Rachel. so he said: "I am willing to serve vou seven years for your younger daughter Rachel."e 19 To this La'ban said: "It is better for me to give her to you than to give her to another man. Keep dwelling with me." 20 And Jacob served seven years for Rachel.f but in his eves they were like just a few days because of his love for her.

21 Then Jacob said to La'ban: "Give over my wife because my days are up, and let me have relations with her." 22 With that La'ban gathered all the men of the place and made a feast. 23 But during the evening, he resorted to taking his daughter Le'ah and bringing her to him that he might have relations with her. 24 La'ban also gave his female servant Zil'pah to his daughter Le'ah as a ser-

CHAP. 29 a Ge 24:29

b Ge 28:5

C Ge 30:27, 28 Ge 31:7

d Ru 4:11

f Ge 30:26 Ho 12:12

Second Col. a Ge 16:1, 2 Ge 30:9

Ge 46:18 b Ge 31:7, 42

c Ge 31:41

d Ge 35:22

e Ge 30:1, 3

f Ho 12:12

g Ge 46:15

h Ge 30:22

i Ge 35:22 Ge 37:22 Ge 49:3, 4 Ex 6:14 1Ch 5:1

j Ge 30:20 1Sa 1:5, 6 Lu 1:24, 25

k Ge 34:25 Ge 49:5 1Ch 4:24

I Ge 34:25 Ge 49:5 Ex 6:16 Nu 3:12 1Ch 6:1

6 12 :1 vant.^a 25 In the morning Jacob saw that it was Le'ah! So he said to La'ban: "What have you done to me? Was it not for Rachel that I served you? Why have you tricked me?"b 26 To this La'ban said: "It is not our custom here to give the younger woman before the firstborn. 27 Celebrate the week of this woman. After that you will also be given this other woman in exchange for serving me seven more vears."c 28 Jacob did so and celebrated the week of this woman, after which he gave him his daughter Rachel as a wife. 29 Besides, La'ban gave his female servant Bil'hahd to his daughter Rachel as her servant.e

30 Then Jacob had relations also with Rachel, and he loved Rachel more than Le'ah, and he served him for another seven years.f 31 When Jehovah saw that Le'ah was unloved.* he then enabled her to become pregnant,#g but Rachel was barren.h 32 So Le'ah became pregnant and gave birth to a son and named him Reu'ben.*i for she said: "It is because Jehovah has looked upon my affliction. for now my husband will begin to love me." 33 And she again became pregnant and gave birth to a son and then said: "It is because Jehovah has listened. in that I was unloved, so he gave me this one also." Then she named him Sim'e·on.*k 34 And she became pregnant yet again and gave birth to a son and then said: "Now this time my husband will join himself to me, because I have borne him three sons." Therefore, he was named Le'vi.*1 35 And she became pregnant once more and gave birth to

^{29:12, 15} *Lit., "brother." **29:14** *Or "my blood relative."

^{29:31 *}Lit., "hated." "Lit., "he opened her womb." 29:32 *Meaning "See, a Son!" 29:33 *Meaning "Hearing." 29:34 *Meaning "Adherence; Joined."

a son and then said: "This time I will praise Jehovah." She therefore named him Judah.*a After that she stopped giving birth.

When Rachel saw that dren to Jacob, she became jealous of her sister and began to say to Jacob: "Give me children or else I will die." 2 At this Jacob's anger flared up against Rachel, and he said: "Am I in the place of God, who has prevented you from having children?"* **3** So she said: "Here is my slave girl Bil'hah.b Have relations with her in order that she may bear children for me* and that through her, I too may have children." 4 With that she gave him her servant Bil'hah as a wife, and Jacob had relations with her.c 5 Bil'hah became pregnant and in time bore Jacob a son. 6 Then Rachel said: "God has acted as my judge and has also listened to my voice, so that he gave me a son." That is why she named him Dan.*d 7 Bil'hah. Rachel's servant, became pregnant once more and in time bore Jacob a second son. 8 Then Rachel said: "With strenuous wrestlings I have wrestled with my sister. I have also come off the winner!" So she named him Naph'ta·li.*e

9 When Le'ah saw that she had stopped having children, she took her servant Zil'pah and gave her to Jacob as a wife.' **10** And Le'ah's servant Zil'pah bore a son to Jacob. **11** Then Le'ah said: "With good fortune!" So she named him Gad.*9 **12** After that Zil'pah, Le'ah's

CHAP. 29 a Ge 35:23 Ge 37:26 Ge 44:18 Ge 49:8 1Ch 2:3

c Ge 35:22

d Ge 35:25 Ge 46:23 Ge 49:16

e Ge 35:25 Ge 46:24 Ge 49:21 De 33:23

f Ge 35:26

g Ge 49:19 Nu 32:33

Second Col. a Lu 1:46, 48

b Ge 35:26 Ge 46:17 Ge 49:20 De 33:24

c Ge 29:32

d Ge 29:30

e Ge 35:23 Ge 46:13 Ge 49:14 De 33:18

f Ru 4:11

g Ge 29:32

h Ge 35:23 Ge 46:15 Ps 127:3

i Ge 46:14 Ge 49:13 De 33:18

j Ge 34:1

servant, bore a second son to Jacob. 13 Then Le'ah said: "With my happiness! For the daughters will certainly pronounce me happy." So she named him Ash'er. *b

14 Now Reu'bens was walking in the days of the wheat harvest, and he found mandrakes in the field. So he brought them to his mother Le'ah. Then Rachel said to Le'ah: "Give me, please, some of your son's mandrakes."

15 At this she said to her: "Is it a small matter that you took my husband?" Would you now take my son's mandrakes also?" So Rachel said: "Very well. He will lie down with you tonight in exchange for your son's mandrakes."

16 When Jacob was coming from the field in the evening, Le'ah went out to meet him and said: "It is with me you are going to have relations, because I have hired you outright with my son's mandrakes." So he lay down with her that night. 17 And God heard and answered Le'ah, and she became pregnant and in time bore to Jacob a fifth son. 18 Then Le'ah said: "God has given me my wages* because I have given my servant to my husband." So she named him Is'sa-char. #e 19 And Le'ah became pregnant once more and in time bore a sixth son to Jacob.f 20 Then Le'ah said: "God has endowed me, yes, me, with a good endowment. At last, my husband will tolerate me.g for I have borne him six sons."h So she named him Zeb'u·lun.* 21 Afterward she bore a daughter and named her Di'nah J

22 Finally God remembered Rachel, and God heard and

^{29:35 *}Meaning "Praised; Object of Praise." 30:2 *Or "has withheld the fruit of the womb from you?" 30:3 *Lit., "give birth upon my knees." 30:6 *Meaning "Judge." 30:8 *Meaning "My Wrestlings." 30:11 *Meaning "Good Fortune."

^{30:13 *}Meaning "Happy; Happiness." 30:18 *Or "a hireling's wages." "Meaning "He Is Wages." 30:20 *Meaning "Toleration."

answered her by enabling her to become pregnant.*2 23 And she became pregnant and gave birth to a son. Then she said: "God has taken away my reproach!" 24 So she named him Joseph, *c saying: "Jehovah is adding another son to me."

25 After Rachel had given birth to Joseph, Jacob immediately said to La'ban: "Send me away so that I may go to my place and to my land.d 26 Give over my wives and my children, for whom I have served with you, that I may go, for you well know how I have served vou."e 27 Then La'ban said to him: "If I have found favor in your eves.-I have understood by the omens* that Jehovah is blessing me because of you." 28 And he added: "Stipulate your wages to me, and I will give them." 29 So Jacob said to him: "You know how I have served you and how your herd has fared with me;g 30 you had little before my coming, but your herd has increased and multiplied, and Jehovah has blessed you since I arrived. So when will I do something for my own house?"h

31 Then he said: "What should I give you?" And Jacob said: "You will give me nothing whatsoever! If you will do this one thing for me, I will resume shepherding your flock and guarding it. 32 I will pass through your whole flock today. You set aside from there every sheep speckled and with color patches and every darkbrown sheep among the young rams and any color-patched and speckled one among the shegoats. From now on, these must

CHAP. 30 a Ge 29:31

b Lu 1:24, 25

c Ge 35:24 Ge 45:4 De 33:13 Ac 7:9

d Ge 28:15 Ge 31:13

e Ge 31:41 Ho 12:12

f Ge 31:7

g Ge 31:38

h Ge 32:9.10

i Ho 12:12

Second Col. a Ge 31:7

b Ge 31:8

become my wages.^a **33** And my righteousness* must speak for me on a future day when you come to look over my wages; every one that is not speckled and color-patched among the she-goats and dark brown among the young rams will be considered stolen if it is with me."

34 To this La'ban said: "That is fine! Let it be according to vour word." 5 Then on that day, he set aside the he-goats striped and color-patched and all the she-goats speckled and color-patched, every one in which there was any white and every one dark brown among the young rams, and gave them into the care of his sons. 36 After that he set a distance of three days' journey between himself and Jacob, and Jacob was shepherding the flocks of La'ban that remained over.

37 Jacob then took freshly cut staffs of the storax, almond, and plane trees, and he peeled white spots in them by exposing the white wood of the staffs.
38 Then he placed the staffs that he had peeled in front of the flock, in the gutters, in the drinking troughs, where the flocks would come to drink, that they might get into heat in front of them when they came to drink.

39 So the flocks would get into heat in front of the staffs, and the flocks would produce striped, speckled, and colorpatched offspring. 40 Then Jacob separated the young rams and turned the flocks to face the striped ones and all the darkbrown ones among the flocks of La'ban. Then he separated his own flocks and did not mix them with La'ban's flocks. 41 And whenever the robust animals would get into heat, Jacob would place the staffs in

^{30:22 *}Lit., "and God listened to her and opened her womb." 30:24 *A shortened form of Josiphiah, which means "May Jah Add (Increase)." 30:27 *Or "from the evidence."

^{30:33 *}Or "honesty."

the gutters before the eves of the flocks, that they might get into heat by the staffs. 42 But when the animals were weak, he would not place the staffs there. So the weak ones always came to be La'ban's, but the robust ones became Jacob's.a

CHAP. 30

a Ge 31-9

b Ge 32:5 Ge 36:6.7

CHAP. 31

c Ge 30:33

d Ge 30:27

e Ge 28:15

f Ge 30:27

g Ge 48:15

h Ge 30:29, 30

Second Col.

i Ge 30:32

a Ge 30:39

b Ge 29:25

Ge 31:39

c Ge 12:8, 9

Ge 35:15

d Ge 28:18, 22

e Ge 35:14

Ge 37:1

f Ge 31:41

g Ge 31:1

h Ge 31:3

i Ge 33:13

k Ge 35:27

I Ge 35:2

m Ge 31:14

Jos 24:2

j Ge 30:42, 43

Ho 12:12

Ge 32:9

Ge 35:27

43 And the man grew very prosperous, and he acquired great flocks and male and female servants and camels and donkeys.b

31 In time he heard what the sons of La'ban were saying: "Jacob has taken everything that belonged to our father, and from what belonged to our father, he has amassed all this wealth."c 2 When Jacob would look at the face of La'ban. he saw that his attitude toward him was not what it used to be.d 3 Finally Jehovah said to Jacob: "Return to the land of your fathers and to your relatives.e and I will continue with you." 4 Then Jacob sent a message to Rachel and Le'ah to come out to the field to his flock. 5 and he said to them:

"I have seen that your fa-ther's attitude toward me has changed, but the God of my father has been with me.g 6 You vourselves certainly know that I have served vour father with all my power.^h 7 And your father has tried to cheat me and has changed my wages ten times: but God has not allowed him to do me harm. 8 If on the one hand he would say. 'The speckled ones will be your wages,' then the whole flock produced speckled ones; but if on the other hand he would say, 'The striped ones will be your wages,' then the whole flock produced striped ones. 9 So God kept taking your father's livestock away from him and giv- n Ge 15:18 ing it to me. 10 Once when the flock got into heat, I raised o Nu 32:1

my eyes and saw in a dream that the he-goats mating with the flock were striped, speckled. and spotty.3 11 Then the angel of the true God said to me in the dream, 'Jacob!' to which I said. 'Here I am.' 12 And he continued, 'Raise your eyes, please, and see that all the he-goats mating with the flock are striped. speckled, and spotty, for I have seen all that La'ban is doing to vou.b 13 I am the true God of Beth'el,c where you anointed a pillar and where you made a vow to me.d Now get up, go out of this land, and return to the land of your birth."e

14 At this Rachel and Le'ah answered him: "Is there any share left for us to inherit in our father's house? 15 Does he not consider us as foreigners, since he has sold us and has been using up the money given for us?f 16 All the riches that God has taken away from our father are ours and our children's.g So. then, do everything that God has told vou to do."h

17 Then Jacob got up and lifted his children and his wives on the camels. 18 and he began driving all his herd and all the goods that he had accumulated. the livestock in his possession that he had accumulated in Pad'dan-a'ram, to go to Isaac his father in the land of Ca'naan.k

19 Now La'ban had gone to shear his sheep, and Rachel stole the teraphim statues*1 that belonged to her father." 20 Moreover, Jacob outwitted La'ban the A·ra·mae'an, for he had not told him that he was running away. 21 And he ran away and crossed the River. *n he and all he had. Then he headed toward the mountainous region of Gil'e-ad.º 22 On the third day. La'ban was

^{31:19 *}Or "household gods; idols." 31:21 *That is, the Euphrates.

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TREASURES FROM GOD'S WORD

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• Bible Reading: (4 min. or less) Ge 30:1-21 (2)

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GENESIS 29-30 | Jacob Marries

29:18-28

Jacob did not know in advance the trials that he would face as a result of marriage. Rachel and Leah became rivals. (Ge 29:32; 30:1, 8) Despite trials, however, Jacob saw that Jehovah was with him. (Ge 30:29, 30, 43) Ultimately, his offspring became the nation of Israel.—Ru 4:11.

In our day, those who choose to marry will face challenges. (1Co 7:28) Nevertheless, they can have a successful marriage and a measure of happiness by relying on Jehovah and applying Bible principles.

—Pr 3:5, 6; Eph 5:33.



March 30–April 5 / Genesis 29-30

Treasures From God's Word

"Jacob Marries": (10 minutes)

Genesis 29:18-20—Jacob agreed to serve Laban for seven years to marry Rachel

Genesis 29:18-20: Jacob had fallen in love with Rachel, so he said: "I am willing to serve you seven years for your younger daughter Rachel." To this Laban said: "It is better for me to give her to you than to give her to another man. Keep dwelling with me." And Jacob served seven years for Rachel, but in his eyes they were like just a few days because of his love for her.

w03 10/15 29 paragraph 6

Betrothal was effected by the payment of a bride-price to the bride's family. The Mosaic Law later set at 50 silver shekels the price for virgins who had been seduced. Scholar Gordon Wenham believes that this was "the maximum marriage gift" but that most were "much lower." (Deuteronomy 22:28,29) Jacob could not arrange for a payment. He offered Laban seven years' service. "Since casual laborers received between one-half and one shekel a month in old Babylonian times" (from 42 to 84 shekels in seven full years), continues Wenham, "Jacob was offering Laban a very handsome marriage gift in exchange for Rachel's hand." Laban readily accepted.—Genesis 29:19.

Genesis 29:21-26—Laban tricked Jacob and gave him Leah instead

Genesis 29:21-26: Then Jacob said to Laban: "Give over my wife because my days are up, and let me have relations with her." With that Laban gathered all the men of the place and made a feast. But during the evening, he resorted to taking his daughter Leah and bringing her to him that he might have relations with her. Laban also gave his female servant Zilpah to his daughter Leah as a servant. In the morning Jacob saw that it was Leah! So he said to Laban: "What have you done to me? Was it not for Rachel that I served you? Why have you tricked me?" To this Laban said: "It is not our custom here to give the younger woman before the firstborn.

w07 10/1 8-9

Did Leah conspire to deceive Jacob? Or was she simply obliged to obey her father? And where was Rachel? Did she know what was going on? If so, how did she feel? Could she defy the will of her authoritarian father? The Bible provides no answer to these questions. Whatever Rachel and Leah thought about the matter, afterward the scheme outraged Jacob. And it was with Laban, not his daughters, that Jacob remonstrated: "Was it not for Rachel that I served with you? So why have you tricked me?" Laban's response? "It is not customary . . . to give the younger woman before the firstborn. Celebrate to the full the week of this woman. After that there shall be given to you also this other woman for the service that you can serve with me for seven years more." (Genesis 29:25-27) Thus Jacob was maneuvered into a polygamous marriage that was to spawn bitter jealousy.

it-2 341 paragraph 3

Celebration. While the wedding itself had no formal ceremony, there was, nevertheless, a very joyous celebration of weddings in Israel. On the day of the wedding, at her own home the bride usually made elaborate preparations. First she would bathe herself and rub herself with perfumed oil. (Compare Ruth 3:3; Ezekiel 23:40.) At times assisted by woman attendants, she put on breastbands and a white robe, often richly embroidered, according to her financial status. (Jeremiah 2:32; Revelation 19:7,8; Psalm 45:13,14) She decked herself with ornaments and jewels, if she was able to do so (Isaiah 49:18; 61:10; Revelation 21:2), and then covered herself with a light garment, a form of veil, that extended from head to foot. (Isaiah 3:19,23) This explains why Laban could so easily practice a deception on Jacob so that Jacob did not know that Laban was giving him Leah instead of Rachel. (Genesis 29:23,25) Rebekah put on a head covering when she approached to meet Isaac. (Genesis 24:65) This symbolized the subjection of the bride to the bridegroom—to his authority.—1 Corinthians 11:5,10.

Genesis 29:27,28—Jacob made the best of a difficult situation

Genesis 29:27,28: Celebrate the week of this woman. After that you will also be given this other woman in exchange for serving me seven more years." Jacob did so and celebrated the week of this woman, after which he gave him his daughter Rachel as a wife.

Digging for Spiritual Gems

Genesis 30:3—Why did Rachel consider children born to Jacob and Bilhah as her own?

Genesis 30:3: So she said: "Here is my slave girl Bilhah. Have relations with her in order that she may bear children for me and that through her, I too may have children.

it-1 50

Rachel and Leah both considered the children born to Jacob by their handmaids as their own sons, 'born upon their knees.' (Genesis 30:3-8,12,13,24) These children inherited along with those born directly of Jacob's legal wives. They were natural sons of the father, and since the slave girls were property of the wives, Rachel and Leah had property rights in these children.

Genesis 30:14,15—Why may Rachel have relinquished an opportunity to conceive in exchange for some mandrakes?

Genesis 30:14,15: Now Reuben was walking in the days of the wheat harvest, and he found mandrakes in the field. So he brought them to his mother Leah. Then Rachel said to Leah: "Give me, please, some of your son's mandrakes." At this she said to her: "Is it a small matter that you took my husband? Would you now take my son's mandrakes also?" So Rachel said: "Very well. He will lie down with you tonight in exchange for your son's mandrakes."

w04 1/15 28 paragraph 7

Why did Rachel relinquish an opportunity to conceive in exchange for some mandrakes? In ancient times, the fruit of the mandrake plant was used in medicine as a narcotic and for preventing or relieving spasms. The fruit was also credited with the capacity to excite sexual desire and to increase human fertility or aid in conception. (Song of Solomon 7:13) While the Bible does not reveal Rachel's motive for the exchange, she may have thought that the mandrakes would help her conceive and end her reproach of being barren. However, it was some years before Jehovah "opened her womb."—Genesis 30:22-24.

What spiritual gems from this week's Bible reading would you like to share regarding Jehovah God, the field ministry, or something else?

Bible Reading: (4 minutes or less) Genesis 30:1-21 (th study 2)

- Song 93 and Prayer
- Opening Comments (1 min.)

TREASURES FROM GOD'S WORD

"Jacob Marries": (10 min.)

Ge 29:18-20—Jacob agreed to serve Laban for seven years to marry Rachel ($w03\ 10/15\ 29\ \P6$) Ge 29:21-26—Laban tricked Jacob and gave him Leah instead ($w07\ 10/1\ 8-9$; it-2 341 $\P3$) Ge 29:27, 28—Jacob made the best of a difficult situation

 Digging for Spiritual Gems: (10 min.)
 Ge 30:3—Why did Rachel consider children born to Jacob and Bilhah as her own? (it-1 50)

Ge 30:14, 15—Why may Rachel have relinquished an opportunity to conceive in exchange for some mandrakes? (w04 1/15 28 ¶7)

What spiritual gems from this week's Bible reading would you like to share regarding Jehovah God, the field ministry, or something else?

• Bible Reading: (4 min. or less) Ge 30:1-21 (2)

APPLY YOURSELF TO THE FIELD MINISTRY

- Apply Yourself to Reading and Teaching:
 (10 min.) Discussion. Play the video Upbuilding and Positive, and then discuss study 16 of the Teaching brochure.
- Bible Study: (5 min. or less) bhs 59 ¶21-22 (18)

LIVING AS CHRISTIANS

- Song 57
- "Improving Our Skills in the Ministry—Witnessing to the Blind": (10 min.) Discussion by the service overseer. Ask the following questions: Why is it important to give attention to the needs of the blind? Where can we locate blind people? How should we approach them? What tools are available to assist blind ones to progress spiritually?
- Organizational Accomplishments: (5 min.) Play the Organizational Accomplishments video for March.
- Congregation Bible Study: (30 min.) jy chap. 110
- Concluding Comments (3 min. or less)
- Song 30 and Prayer

GENESIS 29-30 | Jacob Marries

29:18-28

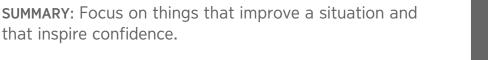
Jacob did not know in advance the trials that he would face as a result of marriage. Rachel and Leah became rivals. (Ge 29:32; 30:1, 8) Despite trials, however, Jacob saw that Jehovah was with him. (Ge 30:29, 30, 43) Ultimately, his offspring became the nation of Israel.—Ru 4:11.

In our day, those who choose to marry will face challenges. (1Co 7:28) Nevertheless, they can have a successful marriage and a measure of happiness by relying on Jehovah and applying Bible principles.

—Pr 3:5, 6; Eph 5:33.



Upbuilding and Positive





HOW TO DO IT:

- Cultivate a positive view of your **listeners.** Assume that your fellow believers want to please Jehovah. Even if you must give counsel, first sincerely commend whenever possible.
- Let love, not irritation, motivate what you say. Smile warmly to build a rapport with your listeners.

- Limit negative material. Include negative aspects of a topic only to the extent that they serve a useful purpose. The overall tone of your presentation should be positive.
- Make good use of God's Word. Draw attention to what Jehovah has done, is doing, and will do for humankind. Impart hope and courage to your listeners.

IN THE MINISTRY: Consider each person as a potential fellow believer.



As we learn about Jehovah, we will become his friend and our love for him will deepen

²¹ Attend the Memorial of Christ's death. The evening before Jesus died, he taught us that we should have a memorial of his death. We do this each year, and it is called the Memorial or "the Lord's Evening Meal." (1 Corinthians 11:20; Matthew 26:26-28) Jesus wants us to remember that he gave his perfect life as a ransom for us. He said: "Keep doing this in remembrance of me." (Read Luke 22:19.) When you attend the Memorial, you show that you remember the ransom and the great love that Jehovah and Jesus have for us.—See Endnote 16.

²² The ransom is the greatest gift we could ever receive. (2 Corinthians 9:14, 15) That precious gift will even benefit millions of people who have already died. Chapters 6 and 7 will discuss how that is possible.

^{21, 22. (}a) Why should we attend the Memorial of Christ's death each year? (b) What will be discussed in Chapters 6 and 7?



Preaching to All Sorts of People



- Song 93 and Prayer
- Opening Comments (1 min.)

TREASURES FROM GOD'S WORD

"Jacob Marries": (10 min.)

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—Pr 3:5, 6; Eph 5:33.



IMPROVING OUR SKILLS IN THE MINISTRY Witnessing to the Blind



WHY IMPORTANT: Many who are blind do not feel comfortable talking to strangers. Therefore, it takes skill to give such ones a witness. Jehovah shows loving concern for the blind. (Le 19:14) We can imitate his example by taking the initiative to help the blind spiritually.

HOW TO DO IT:

- "Search out" the blind. (Mt 10:11) Do you know someone who has a blind family member? Does your territory have schools, nursing homes, or other facilities that would like publications designed for the blind?
- Show personal interest. Your genuine friendliness and sincere interest will help put a blind person at ease. Try to start a conversation on a subject of local interest
- Provide spiritual help. To assist those who are visually impaired, the organization has produced literature in various formats. Ask the individual how he prefers to learn. The service overseer should confirm that the literature servant fills requests for literature in a blind person's preferred format

Literature for the visually impaired is available in several languages in these formats:

- Audio files from our app and website
- Large print
- Braille
- Electronic files for notetakers (portable electronic devices with a speech synthesizer and a refreshable braille display)
- Electronic files for screen readers (computer programs that read audibly whatever is on the monitor)





Using a braille publication and a braille notetaker >

JESUS' FINAL DAY AT THE TEMPLE

MATTHEW 23:25-24:2 MARK 12:41-13:2 LUKE 21:1-6

During Jesus' last appearance at the temple, he continues to expose the hypocrisy of the scribes and Pharisees, openly calling them hypocrites. He uses illustrative language, saying: "You cleanse the outside of the cup and of the dish, but inside they are full of greediness and self-indulgence. Blind Pharisee, cleanse first the inside of the cup and of the dish, so that the outside of it may also become clean." (Matthew 23:25, 26) While the Pharisees are scrupulous when it comes to ceremonial cleanness and outward appearance, they are neglecting the inner person and are failing to purify their figurative heart.

Their hypocrisy is also manifest in their will-ingness to build and decorate tombs for the prophets. Yet, as Jesus mentions, they "are sons of those who murdered the prophets." (Matthew 23:31) This they have proved in their efforts to kill Jesus.—John 5:18: 7:1, 25.

Jesus then points to what awaits these religious leaders if they do not repent: "Serpents, offspring of vipers, how will you flee from the judgment of Gehenna?" (Matthew 23:33) The nearby Valley of Hinnom is used for burning garbage, a graphic image of the permanent destruction awaiting the wicked scribes and Pharisees.

Jesus' disciples will represent him as "prophets and wise men and public instructors." How will they be treated? Addressing the religious leaders, Jesus says: "Some of [my disciples] you will kill and execute on stakes, and some of them you will scourge in your synagogues and persecute from city to city, so that there may come upon you all the righteous blood spilled on earth, from the blood of righteous Abel to the blood of Zechariah . . . whom you mur-

dered." He warns: "Truly I say to you, all these things will come upon this generation." (Matthew 23:34-36) That proves to be the case in 70 C.E. when the Roman armies destroy Jerusalem and many thousands of Jews perish.

Contemplating this frightful situation distresses Jesus. He says with sadness: "Jerusalem, Jerusalem, the killer of the prophets and stoner of those sent to her—how often I wanted to gather your children together the way a hen gathers her chicks under her wings! But you did not want it. Look! Your house is abandoned to you." (Matthew 23:37, 38) Those hearing these words must wonder what "house" he means. Could he possibly be referring to the magnificent temple there in Jerusalem, which God seems to be protecting?

Then Jesus adds: "I say to you, you will by no means see me from now until you say, 'Blessed is the one who comes in Jehovah's name!" (Matthew 23:39) He is quoting from the prophetic words of Psalm 118:26: "Blessed is the one who comes in the name of Jehovah; we bless you from the house of Jehovah." Clearly, once this material temple is destroyed, no one will be coming to it in God's name.

Jesus now moves to a section of the temple where there are trumpet-shaped treasury chests. People can put contributions in the small openings at the top. Jesus sees various Jews doing just that, the rich "dropping in many coins" as gifts. Then Jesus observes a poor widow who drops in "two small coins of very little value." (Mark 12:41, 42) No doubt Jesus knows how pleased God is with her gift.

Calling his disciples over, Jesus says: "Truly I say to you that this poor widow put in more than all the others who put money into the trea-

sury chests." How is that so? He explains: "They all put in out of their surplus, but she, out of her want, put in everything she had, all she had to live on." (Mark 12:43, 44) How she differs in thought and deed from the religious leaders!

As Nisan 11 progresses, Jesus leaves the temple for the last time. One of his disciples exclaims: "Teacher, see! what wonderful stones and buildings!" (Mark 13:1) Indeed, some of the stones in the temple's walls are extremely large, contributing to the impression of its strength

and permanence. It certainly seems strange, then, that Jesus says: "Do you see these great buildings? By no means will a stone be left here upon a stone and not be thrown down."—Mark 13:2.

After saying these things, Jesus and his apostles cross the Kidron Valley and climb to a spot on the Mount of Olives. At one point he is with four of the apostles—Peter, Andrew, James, and John. From that position, they can gaze down on the magnificent temple.



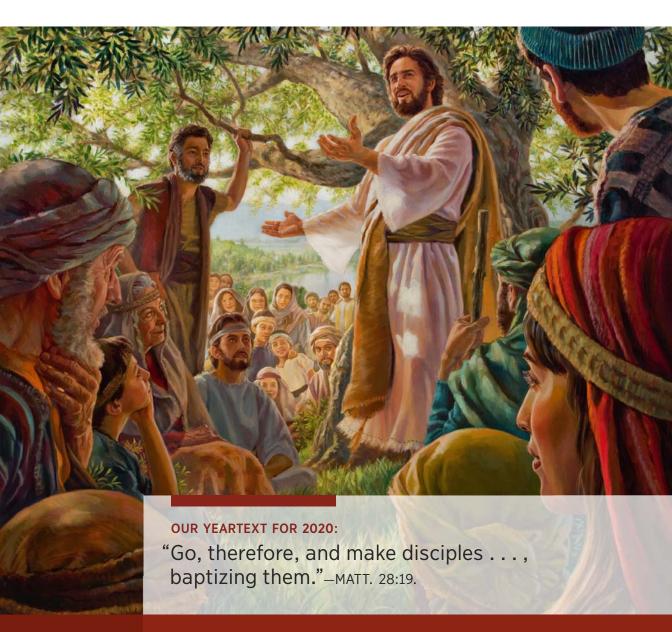
- What does Jesus do during his final visit to the temple?
- ♦ Jesus foretells what future for the temple?
- Why does Jesus say that the widow contributed more than the rich?

My Father, My God and Friend (Hebrews 6:10)













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THE BIBLE CHANGES LIVES

My Life Was Spiraling Out of Control

Solomone moved to the United States, hoping to find a better life. Instead, he began abusing drugs and ended up in prison. What helped him to straighten out his life?

In JW Library, go to PUBLICATIONS > ARTICLE SERIES > THE BIBLE CHANGES LIVES.

On jw.org, go to ABOUT US > EXPERIENCES > THE BIBLE CHANGES LIVES.

YOUNG PEOPLE ASK

What if I Don't Fit In?

Is it more important to fit in with people who have questionable values or to stay true to who you are?

In JW Library, go to PUBLICATIONS > ARTICLE SERIES > YOUNG PEOPLE ASK.

On jw.org, go to BIBLE TEACHINGS > TEENAGERS > YOUNG PEOPLE ASK.

COVER PICTURE:

When Jesus met with the apostles and others in Galilee after his resurrection, he instructed them to "go... and make disciples" (See study article 1, paragraphs 3-4)

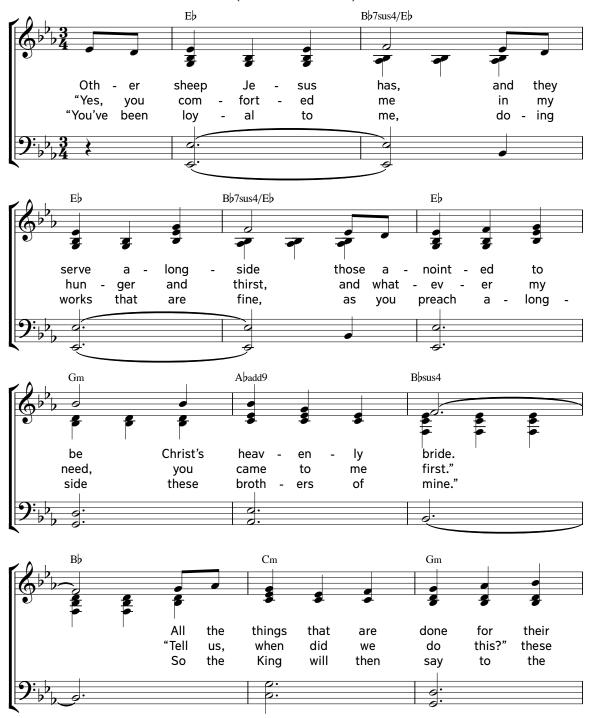
Visit the jw.org® website, or scan code





You Did It for Me

(Matthew 25:34-40)



You Did It for Me





(See also Prov. 19:17; Matt. 10:40-42; 2 Tim. 1:16,17.)

SONG 26

You Did It for Me

PREVIEW

This year, the Memorial of Christ's death will be observed on Tuesday, April 7. How should we view those who partake of the emblems that evening? Should we be concerned if the number of partakers continues to increase? We will find the answers to these questions in this article, which is based on one that appeared in the January 2016 Watchtower.

We Will Go With You

"We want to go with you, for we have heard that God is with you people."—ZECH. 8:23.

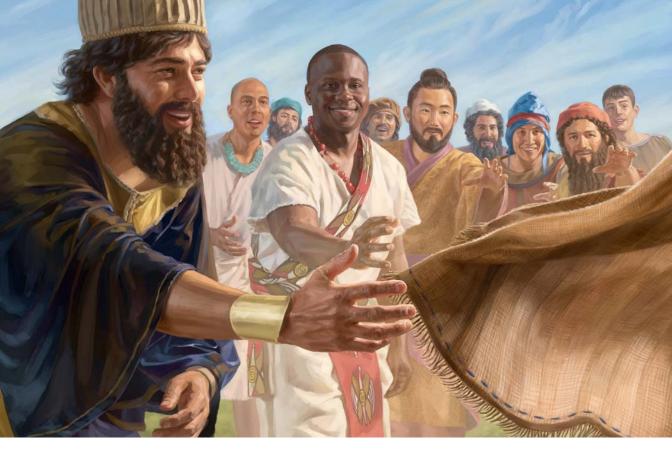
JEHOVAH foretold about our time: "Ten men out of all the languages of the nations will take hold, yes, they will take firm hold of the robe of a Jew, saying: 'We want to go with you, for we have heard that God is with you people.'" (Zech. 8:23) The "Jew" here represents those whom God has anointed by holy spirit. They are also called "the Israel of God." (Gal. 6:16) The "ten men" represent those who have the hope of living forever on earth. They know that Jehovah has blessed this group of anointed ones and feel that it is an honor to worship him along with them.

² Even though it is not possible to know the name of each individual member of the anointed on earth today,* those who hope to live on earth can "go with" the anointed. How? The Bible says that the "ten men" would "take firm hold of the robe of *a Jew*, saying: 'We want to go with *you*, for we have heard that God is with *you people*.'" The Bible verse mentions one Jew. But "you" and "you people" refer to more than one person. This means that this Jew is not just one person but represents

^{*} According to Psalm 87:5, 6, God may in the future reveal the names of all those who are ruling with Jesus in heaven.—Rom. 8:19.

^{1.} What did Jehovah say would happen in our time?

^{2.} How do the "ten men" "go with" the anointed?



The other sheep ("ten men") are honored to worship Jehovah along with the anointed ("a Jew") (See paragraphs 1-2)

the whole group of anointed ones. Those who are not anointed serve Jehovah along with the anointed. However, they do not view the anointed as their leaders, realizing that Jesus fills the role of Leader.—Matt. 23:10.

³ Since there are still anointed Christians among God's people today, some may wonder: (1) How should anointed ones view themselves? (2) How should those who partake of the emblems at the Memorial be treated? (3) Should we be worried if the number of partakers in-

3. What guestions will be answered in this article?

creases? This article will answer those questions.

HOW SHOULD ANOINTED ONES VIEW THEMSELVES?

4 Anointed ones should think seriously about the warning found at 1 Corinthians 11:27-29. (Read.) How might an anointed one partake "unworthily" at the Memorial? He would do so if he ate and drank the emblems but was not living up to Jehovah's righteous standards.

^{4.} What warning found at 1 Corinthians 11:27-29 should anointed ones think seriously about, and whv?



We should not treat anointed ones or any others who take the lead as though they were celebrities (See paragraph 8)

(Heb. 6:4-6; 10:26-29) Anointed ones realize that they must stay faithful if they want to receive "the prize of the upward call of God by means of Christ Jesus."—Phil. 3:13-16.

5 Jehovah's holy spirit helps his servants to be humble, not proud. (Eph. 4:1-3; Col. 3:10, 12) So anointed ones do not feel that they are better than others. They know that Jehovah does not necessarily give anointed ones more holy spirit than he gives his other servants. They do not feel that they have a deeper understanding of Bible truths than anyone else. And they would never tell someone else that he too has been anointed and should start partaking at the Memorial. Instead, they humbly acknowledge that only Jehovah invites people to go to heaven.

- 6 Although anointed ones feel that it is an honor to be invited to go to heaven, they do not expect others to treat them in a special way. (Phil. 2:2, 3) They also know that when Jehovah anointed them, he did not let everyone else know about it. So an anointed person is not surprised if some do not believe right away that he has been anointed. He realizes that the Bible tells us not to be quick to believe someone who says that God has given him a special responsibility. (Rev. 2:2) Not wanting to draw attention to himself, an anointed Christian would not tell those whom he meets for the first time that he is anointed. And he would certainly not boast about it to others.—Read 1 Corinthians 4:7, 8.
- ⁷ Anointed Christians do not feel that they should spend time only with other anointed ones, as if they were members of an exclusive club. They do not search out other anointed ones, hoping to discuss their anointing with them or to form private groups for Bible study. (Gal. 1:15-17) The congregation would not be united if anointed ones did those things. They would be working against the holy spirit, which helps God's people to have peace and unity.—Rom. 16: 17, 18.

^{5.} How should anointed Christians feel about themselves?

^{6.} According to 1 Corinthians 4:7, 8, how should anointed Christians conduct themselves?

^{7.} What will those who are anointed avoid doing, and why?

HOW SHOULD THE ANOINTED BE TREATED?

8 How should we treat anointed brothers and sisters? It would be wrong to admire a person too much, even if he is an anointed brother of Christ. (Matt. 23:8-12) When the Bible speaks of the elders, it encourages us to "imitate their faith," but it does not tell us that we can make any human our leader. (Heb. 13:7) It is true that the Bible says that some are "worthy of double honor." But this is because they "preside in a fine way" and "work hard in speaking and teaching," not because they are anointed. (1 Tim. 5:17) If we give anointed ones too much praise and attention, we could embarrass them.* Or even worse, we could cause them to become proud. (Rom. 12:3) None of us would want to do anything that might cause one of Christ's anointed brothers to make such a serious mistake!—Luke 17:2.

9 How can we show that we respect those who are anointed by Jehovah? We would not ask them how they became anointed. This is a personal matter, which we do not have the right to know about. (1 Thess. 4:11: 2 Thess. 3: 11) And we should not assume that their husband or wife, their parents, or other family members are also anointed. A person does not inherit his heavenly hope from his family. He receives it

from God. (1 Thess. 2:12) We should also avoid asking questions that could hurt others. For example, we would not ask the wife of an anointed brother how she feels about the prospect of living forever on earth without her husband. After all, we can be absolutely sure that in the new world, Jehovah will "satisfy the desire of every living thing."—Ps. 145:16.

10 If we do not treat anointed ones as more important than others, we also protect ourselves. How? The Bible tells us that some anointed ones might not remain faithful. (Matt. 25:10-12; 2 Pet. 2:20, 21) But if we avoid "admiring personalities," we will never follow others, even those who are anointed or wellknown or those who have served Jehovah for a long time. (Jude 16, ftn.) Then, if they become unfaithful or leave the congregation, we will not lose our faith in Jehovah or stop serving him.

DO WE NEED TO WORRY ABOUT THE NUMBER OF THOSE PARTAKING?

¹¹ For many years, the number of those partaking at the Memorial kept going down. But in recent years, that number has been going up every year. Do we need to worry about this? No. Let us consider some key factors to keep in mind.

¹² "Jehovah knows those who belong to him." (2 Tim. 2:19) Unlike Jehovah, the

^{*} See the box "Love 'Does Not Behave Indecently'" in The Watchtower, January 2016.

^{8.} Why do you need to be careful about the way you treat those who partake of the Memorial emblems? (See also footnote.)

^{9.} How can we show that we respect anointed Christians?

^{10.} How do we protect ourselves if we avoid "admiring personalities"?

^{11.} What has been happening to the number of those who partake at the Memorial?

^{12.} Why should we not worry about the number of those who partake of the emblems at the Memorial?

brothers who count the number of those partaking at the Memorial do not know who truly is anointed. So the number includes those who think that they are anointed but are not. For example, some who used to partake later stopped. Others may have mental or emotional problems that make them believe that they will rule with Christ in heaven. Clearly, we do not know exactly how many anointed ones are left on earth.

13 There will be anointed ones in many parts of the earth when Jesus comes to take them to heaven. (Matt. 24:31) The Bible does say that during the last days, there will be a small number of anointed ones left on earth. (Rev. 12:17) But it

13. Does the Bible say how many anointed ones will be on earth when the great tribulation starts? does not say how many of them will be left when the great tribulation begins.

14 Jehovah decides when he will choose anointed ones. (Rom. 8:28-30) Jehovah began choosing anointed ones after Jesus was resurrected. It seems that in the first century, all true Christians were anointed. In the centuries that followed, most of those who claimed that they were Christians did not really follow Christ. Even so, during those years, Jehovah anointed the few who were true Christians. They were like the wheat that Jesus said would grow among the weeds. (Matt. 13:24-30) During the last days, Jehovah has continued to choose peo-

14. As shown at Romans 9:11, 16, what do we need to understand about the choosing of anointed ones?

How should we react if someone partakes of the Memorial emblems? (See paragraph 14)



ple who will be part of the 144,000.* So if God decides to choose some of these just before the end, surely we should not question his wisdom. (Read Romans 9:11, 16.)# We must be careful not to react like the workers whom Jesus described in one of his illustrations. They complained about the way their master treated those who started working in the last hour.—Matt. 20:8-15.

in heaven are part of "the faithful and discreet slave." (Read Matthew 24:45-47.) Just as in the first century, Jehovah and Jesus today are using a few brothers to feed, or teach, many. Only a few anointed Christians in the first century were used to write the Christian Greek Scriptures. Today, only a few

anointed Christians have the responsibility to give God's people "food at the proper time."

16 What has this article taught us? Jehovah has decided to give everlasting life on earth to the vast majority of his people and life in heaven to those few who will rule with Jesus. Jehovah rewards all his servants—the "Jew" as well as the "ten men"—and he requires them to obey the same laws and remain faithful. All must stay humble. All must serve him together and be united. And all must work to keep the peace in the congregation. As we get closer to the end, let us all keep serving Jehovah and following Christ as "one flock."—John 10:16.

16. What have you learned from this article?

PICTURE DESCRIPTION Page 28: Imagine if a headquarters representative and his wife were mobbed by picture takers at a convention. How disrespectful!

HOW WOULD YOU EXPLAIN?

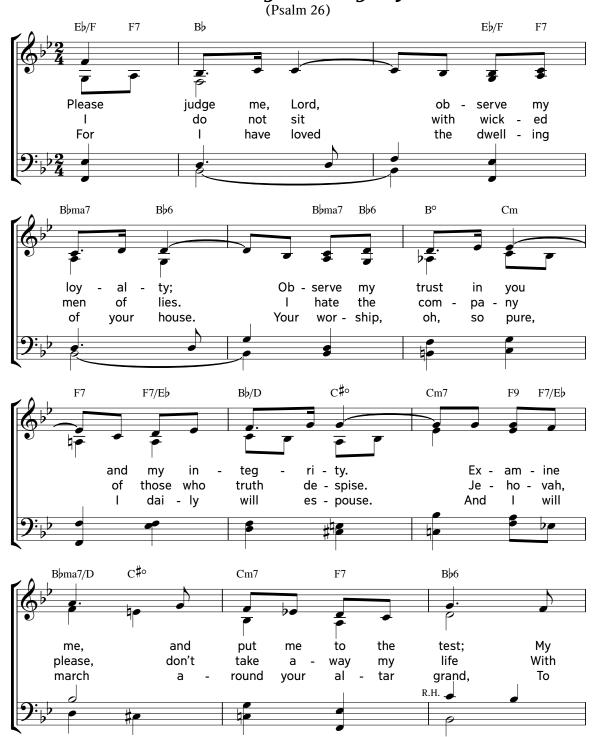
- How should anointed ones view themselves?
- How should others view anointed ones?
- Why should we not be troubled by the increase in the number of those partaking at the Memorial?

^{*} Although Acts 2:33 shows that holy spirit is poured out through Jesus, it is Jehovah who invites each person.

[#] For more information, see "Questions From Readers" in The Watchtower, May 1, 2007.

^{15.} Are all the anointed part of "the faithful and discreet slave," mentioned at Matthew 24:45-47? Explain.

Walking in Integrity



Walking in Integrity

