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$\Upsilon$ HIS little booklet is written and specially and to all of mankind who are sincerely interested in their departed loved ones.

J. F. Rutirerford

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## FOREWORD

AMONG the topics of absorbing interest which are before the public mind today none can be of greater importance to men and women of every nation than "Talking with the Dead" and "Millions now Living will Newer Die".

The first of these toplics is treated in this booklet in such a manner, we trust, as to satisfy the desire of all honcst truth-seekers and to free them from the distress of superstition and needless fear.

Mamuscript on the second topie, "Millions now Living will Never Dic," is in the course of preparation and is expected to be published and sent forth as a companion piece to this booklet.

The demand for these treatises has arisen from the fact that lectures on both of these subjects have been and still are bing delivered in the great cities of Furope, Great Britain. Canada, and the Cnited States. Judge Rutherforl, of New York, probably the world's hest known lawyer-Biblicist, after treating these topics orally has been urgently and repeatedly reguested to put his treatises into printed form. This booklet is a response to these urgings.

YNTERNATIONAL BIBLE STUDENTS ASSOCIATION

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## Talking with the Dead ? ? ?

## CHAPTER I

## TEE COLLOQEY

MR. PSYCHIC: Good morning, Mr. Newday. I read in the paper that your son has fallen in the great world war while fighting in France l'ermit me to extend my condolence and deep sympathy.

Ma. Newnay: Yes, it is truc. My beloved son, the idol of my life, is gone and my heart is almost hroken.

Psperic: But be of good courage, Mr. New lay; I do not believe he is dead. Can you really think your son is dead?

Newday: Oh yes, there is no doubt alout it; the proof has been brought to me by mon who saw him drop, pierced with an enemy ball. If only I could have spoken to him once before he departed.

Psrohic: I am sure, Mr. Newday, what I am about to tell you will bring some consolation to your heart; hence I bring this message to you. For some time I have been reading in books, papers and magazines some very remarkable facts, which secm to show that our dead friends are not really dead, but have passed on to another word. and that they are progressing in happincss; and that we on the earth, under certain conditions, can comminicate with them.

Newnay: Bat is mot that what is hoown as spiritism, which has been attended by so much fraud? How do we know that this is not some fraud practiced upon us? Does not human cxjerience show that men have been
dying for centuries, and why sbould we now think we are able to talk with the dead; particularly why should this be so since the war?

Psychic: I know the majority of people have little or no confidence in the ability of one to commuxicate with the spirit world-those who have died and gone; that they believe it to be fraudulent. But when so many great men come forward with their testimony, giving their experience-men who have no purpose whatsoever in practicing fraud upon others-the situation seems to be changed. I know there are many who deny that there is even such a thing as a spirit being; but did not Jesus of Nazareth go and preach to the spirits in prison, and does not that prove that men who had previously died were then alive and able to hear his preaching? And if so, is it at all unreasonable to think that they can communicate with us? Let me encourage you to investigate this, Mr. Newday.

Newday: Yes, there seems to be some force in your argument; but it would really seem too good to bclieve that my son is where I can now talk to him. Ah, but here comes Mr. Lightbearer. I know him to be a man of sterling honesty and a lover of the truth-one who has given much study to the question concerning the dead. Let us ask him what he thinks about it.

Mr. Psychic, please make the acquaintance of Mr . Lightbearer.

Psychic: I am glad to meet you, Mr. Lightbearer. Our mutual friend, Mr. Newday, lost his only son in this great war and I have just been telling him that I am sure his son is not dead and I believe he can talk with him if he desires; and he proposed that we ask your opinion about this matter. May we be favored with what you think upon this subject?

Ma. Liehtbearen: I do not believe we can communi-
tute with the dead, for the reason that they are dead. $I$ do not belicve that Mr. Newday can communicate with his dead son. To my mind such a conclusion is wholly illogical, unreasonable, and above all it is un-Scriptural. By this you will understand that I believe in the Bible.

Psrcific: Ah, but we all believe in the Bible.
Nrwmay: Yes, indeed, I have been a Christian all my life and believe the Bible is God's word of truth, given to us for our instruction.

Jughtbrarm: Well, gentlemen, it is gratifying to know that all of us believe in the Bible. We have now some reasonable point from which to view this question ; and, according to my way of looking at the matter, the Bible is the only true and reliable source of knowledge concerning it. I consider this a great and vital question to the people today and belicwe that a wrong conclusion upon it will have nuch to do with wrecking society.

Since we all believe in the Bible as God's inspired word of truth, we will surely all agree that the Bible mast be the fimal arliter of this great question. Do we oll so ag̣ve? Thank you, gentlemen; I am glad that you indicate your assent.

Nembir: Gentlemen, I am at this time more vitally interested in this question than either of you, seeing I have just lost my beloved son. I believe I am competent to weigh dispassionately the arguments roo and contra. and I know my desise is to have the truth upon the subject. Therefore I propose that each of you present your respective arguments and let me make up my mind at the conclusion. There can be no harm resulting from hearing both sides of the question, and all of us may bo greatly blessed if we are honest in our ondeavors to reach a just conclusion. Are you willing to do this?

Since you both signify your willingness, we will first hear Mr. Jesychic present his side.

## CHAPTER II

## PSYCHICS ARGUMENT

Psychic: The evidence now arailable proving that tho living can talk with the dead is so cumulative and merwhelming that I attempt to present it to you, Mr. Newday, with confidence that I will convince your reanonable mind of the correctness of the claim; and if $I$ do, then I am certain I have done you a great good and brought much comfort to your heart.

I am fully aware of the fact that for many years men of strong reasoning faculties have refused to consider any evidence on this subject, looking upon it as partaking of frand and misrepresentation, or due to some hallucination. For a long while the ultra-ignorant and superstitions have been willing to listen to such testimony, but not so with those who desired to have something more substantial or tangible upon which to base a conchasion. In modern times, however, the conditions have been exactly reversed. The world war seems to have awakened many and now the greatest thinkers among worldy men have become devotees of the psychic science and phenomena-men of character, who have no desire or pmopose to mislead and who would positively refuse to be parties to anything that would have a semblance of frauil or deceit. Among the great men who have testified that the living con communicate with the dead are the late William T. Stead, the greatest of modern journalists; Prof. Lombroso, the great scientist; Prof. James H. Hyslop; Crookes, the great chemist; Wallace, Darwin, Flammarion, Sir Oliver Lodge, Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, the Reverend Fielding Ould, the Reverend

Arthur Chambers, the Reverend Charles Tweedale, the late Archdeacon Wilberforce, and many others.

It will be conceded that man's greatest desire is to have and enjoy endless life. Nearly every living person has some friend or relative or loved one who has been taken away from him by death. The living, of course, are deeply interested in their loved ones who have gone. They also desire to have some knowledge themselves of what the future holds for them, This desire to communicate with their departed ones has greatly increased and especially has this been augmented by the conditions resulting from the world war. When we consider the fact that the flower of civilization, the stalwart young men of the world by the millions have fallen in the last few years, we are not surprised that scientific minds have moved with greater energy and a kecner desire to know what there is beyond the grave. Probably this is the reason we have such a great abundance of testimony today that the dead are not dead, but are more alive than before they died; and that they can communicate with those on the earth who have a desire to communicate with them and who are willing to meet the necessary requirements to do so.

All the evidence shows, as you will observe, that the first thing essential is a willingness to be convinced of the truth of psychic claims-a consent of the will and the mind to hear, to understand and to believe that our dead friends are really alive and that we can communicate with them; and with such an open mind we aro in a proper attitude to receive the proof, and without it we cannot.

I first desire to call attention to the various tested methods by which the living can communicate with the dead. I make the following quotation from the book*

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## by James H. Hyslop, Ph. D., LT. D., formerly Professor of Logic and Ethics in Columbia University:

"The popular terms for the method of communicating with the dead are automatic writing, raps, table-tipping, planchette writing, spelling by the ouija board, impresstons, and the more technical terms of charvoyance and clairaudience. All but the last two take their names from the physical instruments or the physical means employed in the work. The last two are names for pecoliar phenomenn in vision and hearing, which will be more fully described a little later.
"Automatic writing is clistingulshed from ordinary writing only in being unconscious or involuntary. Only certain tests, such as trance or anmesthesia, or the testimony of a trustworthy subject, will decide whether a person is writing automatically. . . .
"The methods of table-tipping, the planchette and the ouija board are only modifications of automatic writing. Many people suppose that there is some mystery oi virtue about the oulja, which enables it to spell out messages from other minds. They do not reflect that the same process is involved in all the methols moned. The muscular system of the operators is in action in each of them in the same way, The instrument or means of expression has nothing to do with the result, when the human organism must. intervene in the phenomena. There is no mysterious power in the oui.jn, the planchette, or the table, any more than there is in the pencil. They are all agents or media, as they are in normal action of the same kind. The actual evidence for the supemormal lies, not in the action of automatic writing, of the onija or planchette, or of the tnble, but in the contents of the message. If the content represents normally acquired information, we explain the message by subconscious action of the writer's mind. If the content is ummistakably foreign to normal experience, we seeir for the exterual stimulus or mind that may acconnt for it. The method of delivery is of secondary importance.
"Another method of communication is hy raps. They are not always connected with the montor action of the jisychic. No doubt some raps are simply ordinary atomatisms like automatic writing and other unconscious actions. -But they are often inclependent of any intervention by the haman or-
yanism as revealed to sense-perception. They are used as siganls of answers to questions : and, being foreign to either couscious or unconscions action of the organism, another explanation must be sought for them than for antomatic writing. The latter assumes at least the intervention of the physical organism with its powels and habits. But raps may infolve no such intemediary and in khis case they most be regarded as independent physical phenomena. They can be used only for answers to questions or for spelling out words in various ways. Theis method of communication is crucle, in the sense that it takes time and trouble to get intelligible messages; but they signify the possibility of communication with an outaide worli without the mediation of the subeonscious or normal machinery of the human organism.
"Clairvoynnce and clairaudience are very different processes. Chairaudience is the hearing of apparently foreign messages, by means of voices, usunlly 'internal voices'. Possibly they are sometimes apparentiy external, but since those who experience the facts are not always adept in analyzing and describing the axperiences, we are not sure that the experiences are other than subjective or halucinatory, though the stimulus may be foreign. Both clairaudience and clairvoyance are sensory phenomena, inconnected with motor action, whereas attomatic writing and other forms of communication, except indenendent raps, are connected with the motor functions.
"Clairvoyance, however, is a term that does daty for three distinct trpes of phenomena. (1) It denotes generally the prwer of medimmship in so far as the messages are obtained by impressions or visual pictures. It is even very often used to denote any type of communication with the dead, und so is made syuonymous with mediumship, excluding purely physical phenomena, (2) It is more technically used to tenote the acquisition of foreign information through fisual phoutasms, as clafrandience is used to denote anditory hallucinations of the veridical type. (3) Lastly, still more tecinnically, it denutes the perception of concoaled playsical objects whose whercabouts are not known by any living being. It represents the visatil perception, transcendental in bature, of facts or things that cannot le known through relepachy. It presumpses sunmmomal perception at a nistance, and exdades all mindreating. This is the more tech-
nical conception of the process. Telæthesia is probably $\Omega$ better term for this conception of clairvoyance."

It will be onserved that in order to communicate with those in the spirit world it is necessary for a living person on the earth to be willing to be used and to be used for that purpose. In other words, there must be a medium. The word medium denotes a middle, or intermediary, letween two things-a means of communication. Turther quoting Dr. Hyslop:
"It was adopted to denote the agency which intervenes between the physical and the transcendental world. The only means of communicating with the dead has been found to be a living organism capable of connecting the two worlels."

You will observe that all the evidence tending to prove that the living can talk with the dead is founderl upon the great teaching that the soul of man is immortal. Is it not turue that the Catholic and Protestant churches, nlmost without a single exception, for many centuries have taught that the soul is immortal, that it cannot die; hence when one dies it is merely the body that is dead, but the soul lives on? Have not these great religious teachers founded their teachings upon the Bible? Would any of us dare say that they do not believe in the Bible? I am free to admit that, aside from the doctrine of inherent immortality of the sonl, it would be impossible for us to belinve that the dead are able to communicate with those who are on the earth.

But is it not also true that the best evidence that the soul is immortal is the fact that the dead do actually talk or communicate with the living? I first offer the evidence by Wir Arthur Conan Doyle, the noted author, who has recently published a book entitled, "The New Revelation". I quote here liberally from Sir Arthur:
"Apart from personal experiences, this morement musit
gain additional solidity from the wonderful literature which has sprung up around it during the last few years. . . .
"Before going into this question of a new religious revelation, how it is reached, and what it consists of, I would say a word upon one other subject. There have always been two lines of attack by our opponents. The one is that our facts are not true. The other is that we ave upon forbidden' ground and should come off it and leave it alone.
" . . When the war came it brousht earnestness into all our souls and made us look more closely at our own beliefs and reassess their values. In the presence of an agonized word, hearing every day of the deaths of the flower of ond race in the first promise of their unfulitled yourh, seeing around one the wives and mothers who hid no clear conception whither their loved ones hod gone, I seemed suddenly to see that this subject with which I had so long dallied was not merely a study of a force outside the rules of science, but that it was really somerhins tremembons, a breaking down of the walls between two worlds, a direct underiable message from beyond, a call of hope and guidance to the human race at the time of its deenest afliction. The ohjeetive side of it ceased to interest; for, having made up one's mind that it was true there was an end of the matter. The religious side of it was clearly of infinitely grenter importance."
The evidence seems to show with clearness that those beings who are communicating with the living are not so far away, but are in fact right near the earth. On this point Sir Conan Doyle says:
"On my asking that lady to raise her hands and give n succession of names, that table tilted at the correct name of the head mistress of the school. This seemed in the mature of a test. She went on to say that the sphere she inhabited was all rowad the carth; that she knew aboat the planets."

Continuing, in Chapter II of "The New Revelation", Sir Arthur says:
"I can now turn with some relief to a more impersonal view of this great subject. Allusion has been made to a body of tresh doctrine. Whence does this come? It comes in the main throngh automatic writing where the hand of
the human medium is controlled, either by an alleged deal human being, as in the case of Miss Jnlia Ames, or by an alleged higher tencher, as in that of Mr. Stainton Moses. These written communications are supplemented by a vast number of trance utterances, and by the verbal messages of spirits, given through the lins of mediums. Sonetimes it has even come by direct voices, as in the numerous cases detailed by Admiral Usborne Moore in his book The Voices. Occasionally it has come through the family circle and tabletilting. . . .
"It has been asserted by men for whose npinion I have a deep regard-notably by Sir William Barratt-that psychical research is quite distinct from religion. Certainly it is so, in the sense that a man might be a very pood psychical researcher but a very bad man. But the results of psychical research, the deductions which we may draw, and the lessons we may learn, tench us of the continued life of the sonl, of the nature of that life, and of how it is influenced by our conduct here. If this is distinct from religion, I must confess that I do not understand the distinction. To me it is religion-the very essence of it.
"But that does not mean that it will necessarily crystallize into a new religion. Personally 1 trust that it will not do so. Surely we are disuaited enought already? finther woukd I see it the great unifying force, the one provable thing connected with every religion, Christian or non-Christion, forming the common sold basis upon wrich each raises, if it must needs ralse, that separate system which appeals to the varied types of mind. The Southern races will nlways demand what is less austere than the North, the West will nlways be more critical than the East. One cannot shape all to a level conformity. But if the broad premises which are guaranteed by this teaching from beyond are accepter. then the human race has made a great stride towards religions peace and unity. The question which faces us, then, is how will this influence bear upon the older organized religions and philosophies which have influenced the actions of men?
"The answer is, that to only one of these religions or philosophies is this new revelation absolutely fatal. That is to Materialism. I do not say this in any spirit of hostility to Materialists, who, so far as they are an organized borly, are, I think, as carnest and moral as any other class. But
rhe fact is manifest that if spirit can live withont matter, then the foumbation of Matevialism is wone, and the whole scheme of thought crashes to the ground.
${ }^{4}$ As to other creeds, it must be aremitted that an accentance of the teaching brought tio us from beyond would deeply modify conventonal Christianity. But these monfifeations would be rather in the direction of explanation and development rhan of contradiction. It nould sef risht grave misunderstandings which have always offended the reason of nvery thoughtfal man, but it would also confirm and make absolately certain the fact of life after death, the base of all religion. It would confirm the umbapy results of sin. though it wonld show that those results are never absolulely nermanent. Tt would eonfirm the existence of higher beings, whom we haye called angels, and of an ever ascending hier. archy above us, in which the Christ spirit finds its place, ambinating in heights of the infinitewith which we associate. the iden of ala-power or of God. It wonlal confirm the itlea of heaven and of a temporary penal state which corresponds to purgatory mather than to lell. Thus this new revelation, on some of the most vital points, is not restructive of the heliefs, and it shonla be hailed by really earnest men of all creeds as a most powerful ally, rather than a dangerous, devil-begotten enem.
"On the other hand, let us turn to the points in which Cluristianity must be moditied by this new revelation.
"First of all I would say this, which must be ohvions to many, however mucli they deplore it: Christianity must chanse or mast perish. That is the law of life-that things must nolapt themselves or merish. Christianity has deferred the change very long, she has deferred it until her churches are half empty, until women are her chief supporters, and until both the leamed part of the communitig on one side, and the poorest class on the other, both in town and country, are larsely alienated fiom her. Let us try to trace the reason for this. It is appatent in all sects, and comes, therefore, from some deep common caluse.
"People are alienated because they frankly do not believe the facts as prasented to them to he true. Their reason and their sense of justice are equally offended. One con sen no justice in a vicarious sacrificc, nor in the God who conld be placated bs such means. Ahove all, many cannot understand such expressions as the 'redemption from sin', 'cleansed by
the blood of the Lamb,' and so forth. So long as there was any question of the fill of man there was at least some sort of explanation of such phases; but when it became certain that man had never fallen-when with ever fuller knowledge we could trice our ancestral course down through the cave-man and the drift-man, back to that shadowy and faroff time when the man-like ape slowly evolved into the apelike man-looking back on all this vast succession of life, we knew that it had always been rising from step to sten. Nerer was there any evidence of a fall. But if there were no fall, then what became of the atonement, of the redemption, of original sin, of a large part of Christian mystical philosophy? Fven if it were as reasonable in itself as it: is actually unreasonable, it would still be quite divorced from the facts.
"Again, too much seemed to be made of Christ's death. It is no uncommon thing to die for an idea. Every religion has equally had its martyrs. Men die continually for their convictions. Thonsands of our lads are doing it at this Instant in France. Therefore the death of Clrist, beautiful as it is in the Gospel narrative, has seemed to assume an undue importance, as though it were an isolated phenomenon for a man to die in pursuit of a reform. In my opinion, far too much stress has been laid upon Christ's death, and far too little upon his life. That was where the true grandeur and the true lesson lay. It was a life which even in those limited records shows us no troit which is not beauti-ful-a life full of easy tolerance for others, of kindly charity, of broad-minded moderation, of gentle courage, always progressive and open to new ideas, and yet never bitter to those ideas which he was really supplanting, though he did occaslonally lose his temper with their more bigoted and narrow supporters. Especially one loves his readiness to get at the spirit of religion, sweeping aside the texts and the forms. Never had any one such a robust common sense, or such a sympathy for weakness. It was this most wonderful and uncommon life, and not his death, which is the true center of the Christian religion.
"Now, let us look at the light which we get from the spirit guides upon this question of Christianity. Opinion is not absolutely uniform yonder, any more than it is here; but reading a number of messages upon this subject, they amount to this: There are many higher spirits with our departed.

They vary in degree. Gall them 'angels', and yon are in touch with old religious thought. Eigh above all these is the greatest spirit of whom they have cognizance-not Goul, since God is so infinite that he is not within their ken-but one? who is nearer God and to that extent represents God. Thin is the Christ Spirit. His special care is the earth. He cams down upon it at a time of great earthly depravity-a time when the world was almost as wicked as it is now, in order to give the people the lesson of an ideal life. Then he returned to his own high station, having left an example which is still occasionally followed. That is the story of Christ as spirits have described it. There is nothing here of Atonement or Tredemption. But there is a perfectly feasible and reasonable scheme, which I, for one, could readily belleve.
"If such a view of Christianity were generally accepted, and if it were enforced iny assurance and demonstration from the New Revelation which is coming to us from the other side, then we should have a creed which might unite the churches, which might be reconciled to science, which might defy all attacks, and which might carry the Christian Faith on for an indefinite neriod. Reason and faith would at least be reconciled, a nightmare would be lifted from our minds, and spiritual peace would prevail. . . .
"When I read the New Testament with the knowledge which I hare of Spiritualism, I am left with a deen conviction that the teaching of Christ was in many most impnrtant respects lost by the early church, and has not come down to us. All these allusions to a conquest over death have, as it seems to me, little meaning in the present Christian philosophy, whereas for those who have seen, however dimly, through the veil, and touched, however slightiy, the outstretcled hands beyond, death has indeed heen conquered. When we read so many references to the phenomena with which we are familinr, the levitations, the tongues of fire, the rushing wind, the spiritual gifts, the worling of wonders, we feel that the central fact of all, the continuity of hife and the communication with the dead, was most certainky known. Our attention is arrested by such a saying as: 'Here he worked no wonders because the people were wanting in faith'. Is this not absolntely in accordance with psychic law as we know it? Or when Christ, on being toncleed by the sick woman, satd: 'Who has touched me? Much virtue hiss passed out of me,' could he say more clearly what a healing
mednm would say now, sare that he would ase the word 'power' instead of 'virtue'. Or when we read: 'Try the spirits whether they be of God,' is it unt the very advice which vould now le given to a norice approaching a séance?. . Two examples have already been given. One which convinced me as a truth was the thesis that the story of the materialization of the two prophets upon the mountain was extraordinarily accuriate when judged by psychic law. There is the fact that Peter, James, and John (who formed the psychic circle when the dead was restored to life, and were presumably the most helpful of the group) were taken, Then there is the choice of the high pure sir of the mountain, the drowsiness of the attendant mediums, the transfiguring, the shining robes, the clond, the nords: "Let us make three tabernarles', with its alternate reading: 'Let us make three booths or cabinets' (the ideal riay of condensing power and producing materializations)-ali these malse a very consistent theory of the nature of the proceedings. For the rest, the list of gifts which St. Pand gives as being necessary for the Christian disciple, is simply the list of gifts of a very powerful medium, including prophecy, henling, causing miracles (or physical phemomena), clairvoyance, and other powers. (1 Corinthians $12: 8,11$ ) The early Christian church was saturated with spiritualism, and they seem to have paid no attention to those Old Testament prohibitions which were meant to keep these powers only for the use and proft of the priestionod."

Fon will see that this witness bases much of his cons clusion upon the lible. I further quote from him:
". . . Communications usually come from those who have not long passed over, and tend to grow fainter, as one would expect. . . . There is, in Mr. Dawson Roger's life, a very good case of a spirit who called himself aranton, and claimed to have been born at Iawrence Lydiard and buried at Stoke Newington in $167 \%$. It was clearly shown afterwards that there was such a man, and that he was Oliver Cromwell's chaplain. So far 2 s my own reading goes, this is the oldest spi"it who is on record as returning, and generally they are quite recent.
" . . . It nay be remarlked in passing that these and other examples show clearly either that the spirits have the use of an excellent reference library or else that they hare
membrits which protuce smmething like ombiscience No haman memery conta presibly cirry all the exact quotations which oecur in suct commanications as The Ear of Jiomgsiue."

The powers of those beyoud the grave sem to be minted, as Sir Conan Dóyle says: "The spirits seem to know exactly what they impress upon the minds of the living, but they do not know how far they carry their instructions out". 'There also seem to be lying and wiched ones berond the grave who seek to deceive those on this side, according to Sir Arthur, who says:
". . We have, momppity, to deal with absolute coldblooled lying on the mate of whel or misehievons intelligences. Wery one who hats investigated the matter has, I sumpose, met with examples of wilful decention, which occasiomnly are mived ap with good and true communications."
"The conclusion, buen, of my long search after thuth, is Hat in spite of oceasional frab, which Spirtuatists deplore, and in apite of wift imaghings, which they discourage, there remains a seat solid core in this morement which is infinitely nearer to positive proof than any other religions development with which I am acquainted. As I have shows, it would appear to be a rediscovery rather than an absohitely new hing, but the result in this material age is the same. The days are surely passing when the mature and considered opinions of such men as Crookes. Walace. Flammarion, Chas. Richet, Lodge, Barratt, Lombroso, Generals Drasson and Tumer, Sergeant Ballantyne, W. T. Stend, Jubge Eumumds, Admiral Lisbome Moore, the late Arehdeacon Wiberforce, and such a chod of other witnesses, can be dismissed with the empty 'All rot' or 'Nauseating drivel' formule. As Mr. Arthur Hill has well said, we have reached a point where further proof is superfhons, and where the seight of disprof lies unon those tho deny. . . .

The situation may, as jt seens to me, be summed up in a simple alternative. The one supposition is that there has been an outbreak of hmacy extending over two generatious of mankind, and two great continents-a lubacy which assails men or women who are otherwise eminently sane. The afternative sumposition js that in recent years there has cone to us from divine sources a new revelation which con-
stitutes by far the greatest religious event since the denth of Christ (for the Reformation was a re-arrangement of the old, not a revelation of the new), a revelation which alterss the whole aspect of death and the fate of man. Between these two suppositions there is no solid position. Therries of fraud or of delusion will not meet the evidence. It is absolute lanacy or it is a revolution in religious thought, a revolation which gives us as by-prodicts an utter fearlessness of death, and an immense consolation when those who are dear to us pass behind the veil."
$\Delta s$ to who may be able to communicate directily with their dead friends, Sir Conan Doyle says:
*. . . We cannot lay down laws, because the law works from the otheer side as well as this. Nearly every woman is an uncleveloped medium. . . .
"The clear call for our help comes from those who hare had a loss and who yearn to re-establish connection. This also can be overdone. If your boy were in Australia, you would not expect him to continually stop his work and write long letters at all seasons. Faving got in touch, be moderate in your demands. Do not be satistied with any evidence short of the best, but having got that, you can, it seems to me, wait for that short period when we shall all be re-united. I am in touch at present witl thirteen mothers who are in correspondence with their dead sons. In each case, the husband, where he is alive, is agreed as to the evidence. In only one case so far as I know was the parent acquainted with psychic matters before the war.
"Several of these cases have jeculiarities of their own. In two of them the figures of the dend lads lave apreared beside the motivers in a photograph. In one case the first message to the mother came through a stranger to whom the correct address of the mother was given. The communication afterwards became direct. In another ease tho method of sending messages was to give references to patticular pages and lines of books in distant libraries, the whole convering a nessage. The procedure was to weed out all fear of telepathy. Yerily there is no possible way by which a truth can be proved by which this truth has not been proved."

Sir Conan Doyle's testimony also shows that this phe-
nomena of communicating with the dead was known centuries ago. Upon this point we quote:
". . . Thea or afterwards I read a book by Monsieur Theolliot upon occult phenomena in India, Jacolliot was Chief Judge of the French Colony of Crandenngur, with a very judicial mind, but rather biased against spiritualism. He conducted a series of experiments with native fakirs, who gave him their coufidence becanse he was a sympathetic man and spoke their language. He describes the pains he took to eliminate fraud. To cut a long story short he found among them every phenomenon of adranced Eurogean mediumship, eversthing which Home, for example, had ever done. He sot lecitation of the body, the landing of fire, movement of articles at a distance, rapid growth of plants, raising of tables. Their explanation of these phenomena was that they were done by the Pitris or spirits, and their only difference in procedure from ours seemed to be that they made more use of direct evocation. They clamed that these powews nere handed down from time immemorial and traced back to the Chaldees."

I now present some testimony which to me is unusual and seems to prove conclusively that the living communicate with the dead. In November, 1919, The Tadies' Elome Journal published a manuscript, concerning which the Editor of that journal says: "The manuscript was received from a known author. Convinced of the sincerity of the author, and realizing that these messages from an American soldice were no ordinary spirit commumications, the publishers asked for further information. The author replied: 'I ask you to regard the book as truth, unaccompanied by proofs of any sort, making its own explanation and appeal'."

Briefly epitomized, this testimony is to the effect that a mother and her only son were much devoted to each other. The son was interested in wireless telegraphy. The war came on and the son received word from Washington to dismantle the wireless apparatus immediately. The son was very much disnppointed, saying that ho
believed he was just on the verge of hitting a plam to do away with a lot of mmecessary paraphemalia with reference to wireless. The son was sent to France, assigned to an engineers' corps and became a second lientenant. In one of the battles in France he was killed. Immediately thereafter the mother received a wireless message in the Morse code as follows:
"Mother, be game. I am alive and loving you. But may body is with thousands of other mothers' hoys near tens. Get this fact to others if you can, It's awful for us when you grieve, and we can't get in touch with you to tell you we are all right. This is a clumsy way. I'll fignre out something easier. I'm confused yet. Bos,"

This communication continued between the mother and son by wireless, but soon the wireless was laid aside. To quote her: "I have had, up to the time that I began to arrange for publishing, almost daily communications from my son. As will be noted by an early letter, the use of the wireless telegraph was soon abandoned for the better-known automatic writing simply as a matter of convenience."

The Jetters which follow, and which I herewith submit from the manuseript as published, seem to me to be subject to explanation by no other means than that they came from the spirit of her dead son. Prefatorily the mother says:
"So the news that my som had been Killell came to me from his own intelligence by the methods we had used together in our experiments here in this very room. And so I am transcribing it, as he told me to do, for all to see who can be convinced of its sincerity. I have no explanations or proofs other than those that are given here: A man orho ras tilled in battle and is yot alive, and able to communicate with the one closest to him in sympathy, must males his onth aryunemts. I hase no laoncledge of established psychis laws or limititions. But 1 k:now maf I hatow."

The science of communicating with the dead seems to
have advanced with this witness. The use of eabinets and like paraphernalia seems mnecessary. The manuseript reads:
"Bob dwells upon the simplicity of it. He makes it plain
 of mystery trumpery and cahinets tud ignorant go-betwepos, trances and cerstal gagings, and all that sort of thing. He dwells on the discovery that the mortal rombly pats on immortality.
"He fimis it dificult to describe what the difference is in what we call the spirithal word : the nays of living, eating. frinking and dressing. 'As fat as I can see,' he says, in one of his very late letters, 'this is a place where one cam carry out his own inclimations; for instance, I ant plugging away at the wireless as I wanted to do hefore I came. 1 live with : lot of other fellows in camp just now.' "

And now, Mr. Newelay, I. call your attention to a number of letters commumicated by that son to his mother direct, and which I beliere will be suffieient to convince you that your son is not dead but lives, and that you can communicate with him if you have the milling desire so to do. I submit these letters, which speak for themselves:
"Letter Jumber Two (by wiveless).
"Attention: Get this across-there is no horror in death. I was one minute in the thick of things, with my company, and the next minute Lieutenant Wells touched my armamd said: 'Our command has crossed. Let's go.' I thought he meant the river, and followed him, under the crossfire barrage the Tommies made, up to a hillside that I had not noticed before-a clean spot not blackened by the gums. Lots of fellows I knew were there, and strange troons. But they looked queer. I glanced down at myself. I was olive-drab all right. But my uniform was not khaki ; seemed to be a fabric of some more tenuous kind. I had no gun.
"I overtook Wells. 'What in the deuce is the matter with me, with us all?' I asked. He shild: 'Bol, were dead'. I dielht lxelieve it at first. I felt all right. But the men were moving, and I fell in line, When we marched through the

German bathed-wire baricades ath in front of the howit\% ens, I realized that the body that conld be hurt had been shed on the red tiehi. Then $I$ thought of you-sent that Wireless from all enemy station in the feelf. The officer in chance couldin't have seen me. But he heard, I guess, by the niny fis eyes popped. Inc sent a few shots in my direction, anyway.
" 1 am using an abandoned apparatus in a trench todas, depending on relays. We are assigned to cluty here for the present, acoording to Wells. I don't know how he knows. It seems while we hare no sunernatural power to clivert or stop bullets, we call comfort and reassure those who are fabout to join us. There hats been much talk about the prosence of one supposed to be the Savior amons the dying. I should not wonder if that were true. The capacity for believing is enlarged by experiance. But as yet I have no notre real knowledge thin any of the other fellows. I will let you know as I gain information. Others, like me, will lick up and relay the messages.
"Letter Number Three (by virelcss).
"Attention: As I see this war, a curious understamding of ils purpose and ultimate result is dawning in my mind. The soldiers are the piok of humanity: the young, brave, blameless manhood that has been brought to its majority on the earth so that it may form an ideal democracy in this existence which, I am told, is of permanent chnoracter. I am bungling the big inen, Jut, you know what $I$ mean, mothes. Ill grow clearer, mavbe Wells is getring to he a whale of an oracle. Some of the fellows ate in a funk. and others are sullen and unhappy; homesick, I guess. The youns maried men mostly. If they could get in touch with their folks it would be all right. Tlat's why I want to try and simplify some system of commanication. Xou hare never failed me; and nost if yon can get it firmlp fixed in gour mind that $I$ am $I$, not what is vilgarly called a ghosi hut a being just as much as I ever was, we can start somathing worth while. It's got to begin with sume one as levelheaded as you are. I'm called away.

## "Letter Fumber Four (by uireless).

"Attention: We hit upon the key word when we agreed to use the word 'Attention' in our wireless practice. It is
the word that unloclss the inner, or secret, ear to hear othex. wise inaudible voices. Do you get me" I mean: when you want to talk with me, concentrate your mind by calling your own froulties, the inused ones, mostly, to 'attention'. See it they don't respond. It may require practice, but I am told chere is no reason in the worlds-notice the plaral-why we should not tall with the greatest ease and without any mechanics. Come up and try tomorrow. See if I can't project my thought direct to wou's. Bring pencil and tablet. if you wint to. Bat a fellow here who knows all about automatic writing says there is no pencil guiding by unseen hands about it. The recipient just takes dictation. Better bring the pencil. You vill want to report this just as it is for our parpose. I'll find out all I can, but just now we are engrged here in relief work. Some of the chans are very young, and we see them throngh. I'll explain fonut those unused faculties when I learn more definitely about them.
"Ed. note (by the mother): I trica to write anamaticelly that afternoom, but what I got did not satisfy me. I seemed to be 'faking' the message. I gave it up and called Bob by wireless as I uspd to call him, He did not answer. I tried it again with the pencil and had a few words. But afterward we progressed with increasing ease and freedom by menns of that method. The unnumbered messages following were all automatically written.
"thits is harder-will have to mactice. But it can be done.
"Try to realize that thought is the one thing that is absolutely unlimited. You can send your thought to the most remote place as easily as you can divect it to something in your immediate neighborhood. Science has not explained why. Interspace communication is not more mysterious than this. I want to put this over, mother. Not on our account alone. But becmse the little old world needs comforting. If we can couvince folks that this is true, we can go a long way toward wiping out sorrow. I must go.
'TDon't go to mediums. Some are, of course, genuine. But the dollar sign is apt to cover fraud. If you want to get in touch with us-get in touch. That is, get into a quiet
corner and listen with your inner enr, your unnsed finer perceptions. Ton will be able really to hear what I am saying, after some practice. I am told this by a man who has come to instrict us. I think, on my own hook, that you will have to rid your mind of corry or prejudice before we can make much leadway. Any one who wants [wills] to can put out a mental wire that will be pieked up. But gon must 'leware of strangers!' Quote that. There are scalawags ready to jomp into all conversatious and mix up things if permitted. Kieep your wires clear.
"You ask how to keep the sealawags away-and who and what are they? I den't just know who they are. I'll try and find out. But you have to 'make a law'. That sounds occult and I do not sant angthing to be spooky or unnatural in these letters. sut that is the expression I hear often concerning this airticular difficulty. These wire tappers camot get by, it seems, unless you permit them to fool you. You say: 'I vill rot entertain mischievous spirits'-or something like that, and they heat it. I do not know why that is efficacious. But it is.
"I hare just come in from duty. I mean by coming in that I have come back to what I may describe as field headquarters. A; itget more nceustomed to conditions, I see that: there are about a thousand men here, some of them boys from my $\mathbf{r}$-giment. Mother, the soul leaves the body as a boy jumps out of a school door. That is suddenly and with joy. 'J3nt there is a period of confusion when a fellow needs at friend.' Quote that. We are the friends. I gness that. is the be th explanation I call give. I told von Jack Wells came thr dugh with me. He has gone awry now. I am told we go tor other departments of uscfulness, as others. snited to this field work, come on here. I will tell yous as much as I cal 3.
"ror;complain that you cannot really set much of an idea of cos ditions from what I tell you. I want you to be able to to ke my dictation like a jrize winner mad, in the meantime. I'll try and get a line on things here. So far it is notl ing very different from what we knew before the change. We go and come and serve. But evidently we are not seen. We do not seem to need food or sleep. I suppose we nbsorb moisture. I think our temmons bodies are composed lite
clouds. But I do not know. Anyway, your boy's heart is still in the right place.
"I see rour mind like a white screen, and I know I can write on it. Let's make a regular job of this book. Ynu can edit the cons you get, of course. But don't put any literary frills in it, will you? When we get into the swing of it tell some of the other motherw But teach them how to establish communication with their boys, themselves.
"I guess you had better wait until you feel me calling you after this. We have important duties that we should not leave. About telling others: that is what we are doing this for, isn't it? A kind of a 'comfort ye my people' idea. But we must be very wise and level-heade? I don't believe I should try to get messages for others. Frery man his own medlum is the best plan. It would be human nature to doubt the gemuineness of $\sim$ letter from this side. Faith stops short ate this threshold. But show some friends who need this particular kind of comfort what you know. Don't back out when you are laughed at. It's all 'n the big business we have taken on."

And now, Mr. Newday, I want to impress upon you again the great doctrinal teaching we have received in our churches from time immemorial, which our clergymen have told us time and time again; viz., that the soul is immortal; and this is the very basis for our communication with the dead. Mark the neast message in this manuscript:
"For we must start on the fact that the soul is immortal. There is no denth for the individual. As so many-even material-minded men-renlize, the body is an exchongeable garment and does not cosent in the history of the span. It seems that there have been an interminable number of races and nations lost in obscurity. They have maved on to other worlds, as this present race must be moved on. I do not know why civilization is allowed to reach a high mark before it is wiped off the slate. But that has been the rule, and so the Creator must have a purgose.
"I asked one of the teachers, and he said that the enrtb is a preparatory planet. The human race is marked for an advanced existence and is brought to as high a degret? of
perfection as may be necessing to bring up the average, That is, the high degree of intelligence of the greater mumber lifts the lesser in the scale. We begin the new existence where we left off in the old. The more we have gained, the greater our advancement among far more favorable conditions. That is not clear. I'll get a better hobl on the iclea.
"There are a number of dogs with us. I do not know whether they are astral dogs or not. They look just the same to me, and they go with us and help with our work. The boys who come out are simply delighted to see them.
"Jack Wells is back with us and in immediate command of our company. He has been to see his mother, and he is one happy boy. She is somewhere here. Has been out for a long time. sint one of the messongers found him for her and he got immediate leave to go. That sounded pretty good to me. Fle will tell me about things later, We are Fery busy.
"Don't try to hold your peucil any differently than you hold it ordinamis, mother dear. I am not guiding your pencil. As I figure it out, 1 am simply dictating these letters, by some improved form of telepathy, to your mind. Fou ch the writing. It is wholly simple. I really talk, and you loat. Dhease aget that to our audience. We all have perceptions and faculties that are capable of lifting us into supermen. The rub is we do not suspect our own powers. Do not. let yourself be led into a maze of reasons why this thing connot be. What is, is. If a theory of cosmic consciousness accounts for these commonications to any one, if he thinks sour mind is dinwing them from a reservoir which holds dream stuff and the intangible echoes of the thought of all ages, let it go at that. Don't argme.
"I told you that we are not given any power over bullets. That we can comfort but not save from what you call death. That is not quite the case, I find. Jack Wells directed me to stand by a juniox lientenant today and impel him this way or that to aroid danger. In this way I discovered that my perceptions are much more sensitive than they were before I came out. I can estimate the speed and determine the contrse of shells. I stood by this fellow and wudged him lete and there-lient him from being hurt. I asked Wells if that was an answer to prayer. Wells said: 'No, the young chap is an inventor, and has a job ahead of him that's of importance to the world'. An older man spoke up and
said: 'I'rajers are answered. Don't make any mistake about that. But they are not answered accoriting to mate* rial ways of looking at things.' I did not get his explanation well enongh to venture to repeat it. I'll know more, probsably, as I goon.
"Mother dear, you are behaving like a brick. I tell you we are going to get this mortality play across the footlights. And it must be known as truth. I don't mean to call it that. But you know what is : my mind. If you could hear the cries that come to us from mothers and fathers and whes and orphans, you would know how continuonsly I plan and mull over this proposition. If you could just make them understand that there is no death. If you could just make them know that they can call their own loved ones to them and hear, at first-hand, that all is well bevond what has truly been cabled 'the veil'. It is not more than that. It is not as nuch. A reil is woven fabric more or less resistant. We are separated from our living (I whote 'living'; please cross it out, becanse it wonld indicate that we are dead, nur we are not), our own folks, by nothing but those unnsed faculties I spoke of on your side. Uroc immediate serelopment of these faculties. Teachers will, I am told, soon appent who are capmble of waking these sleeping senses. With that accomplishment we shall be face to face."

The evidence seems to show that thuse who are beyond cannot against our wills read our thoughts who are on this side, but that they can hear our words. This would seem to indicate that we can keep our secrets only by not telling them out to any one. The next communication reads:
"I can't read your mind jet. Spenk to me as yon would if you conld see iny face. Fancy that we are sitting in the dark but fully aware of ench other's presence. If you ever need me especially do not hesitate to call me, or at any other time. If. I do not hear you some one will carry the message on until I get it. I have been so engrossed with these strange happenings that I may have seemed cold. But dear, dear mother, I never lored you better than I do now. And

I understand all the smbtle wonders of your love for me, as your son, far better than I did before.
"You remember that we felt rather a shock when that woman you know edited a book of letters from this side in which clothes and victunls and drink were much dwelt upm. I think some one of those mischief makers that I refervel to some time ago was fooling her. There are, his I explained, many intelligences here that delight in playing jokes on the credulous when they can get on the etheric wave that is being usel by commanicants. Of course I ant mot competent to make any positive statement. But I think the conditions here are wholly spiritual. The physicul body and it: fonetions have heen discharged. Ondy the emotions of the soul remain. I wonder it I can make that more plain.
"I surely want to be a reliable correspondent, and I want: to show that while the human matline ceases with the bouly, all the fine raptures that male the happinesses of earth are with the spirit. I, myself, appear just as yon fast saw me. But I am doubtless cotheat in that same plomulike vapor that composes my bods. 1 am the sime, yet uot the: same freed from the gross conditions that attend hamanits and ret capable of iove and the higher expressions of marriage. I shall have opportmaties to leann refinately conscerning these things and $I$ will tell ron-as frankly as I have alwnys told you-things that boys generally keen from their mothers.
"I have not seen any one with wings. We cover any number of miles withont fatigue. That is a good thing, for I have not heard of any rest from labor heing advocated. We ro, however, rest others, We ease the boys in the trenches-they wonder how they can sleen so comifortably on the hard, wet ground-and for several nights, mow, I have been folding a sick boy in my arms. These duties keng us occupied almost all the time, but we have undiminished force and are never wear. I hear continually of the presence of the Savior on the battlefields. I think this must be true. Anyway, the dying are certain that he has been with them, and they are happy. They speak of his love.
" H ell this to mothers. Jack Wells talked with me last night, and he gnve me a great description of what he savi when he went nway for his visit. His mother heard that
he had come west, and she sent a messenger for him. It seems the messengers are somewhat different from the rest of us. I will speak of that later. Jack accompanied this messenger. They pierced the envelone of the earth, or at least found some exit. From what Jack gleaned, he thought the world we have believed to be so tremendously powerful is really much like the smallest ball in the nest of balls that are carved out of ivory hy Orientals. One within the other, you know. You have to penetrate one to gain access to another of larger size. So, as I understand it, the spiritual worlds of our solar system are swung into space, not separately, but together, each on its own axis but all moving in harmony ass one.
"The progress of the soul is through these spheres up to the highest developmest. "the earth is the materin or lowest form. We have often woudered why Christ came to save one little planet when he seemed to belong equally to the whole universe. But it seems that this is the crable of humanity. That herein was established the race of aren, an independent order of creation that was to acquire through knowledge of sin and pain and sacrifice, a strength that should fit men for leadership among suphermen. Jack's mother is in the next world, and from what lie siys I was not right about the manner of living.
"His mother received him in a home where other members of the family were wairing for him, and it was just a hapny veunion. Whate he was conscious that they had all passed through the experience of death, he could not really see any change in their appearance. They were dressed in what appeared to be fabrics but were probably vapor stuff, and they seemed to eat and drink and live much as they lived on earth. It is said that business is conducted along ideal lines, and agricuiture is brought to perfection. There are many chemists and inventors at work to develop resources, and as the difierent globes are intercommunicable, the earth gets the benent of the ciscoveries.
"Jack's mother and sister are teachers. It is the business of those who are iamiliar with the law of the place to instruct others. Ruth Wells was killed in an nutomobile accident a day or so before she was to have been married. Her lover went out with the Canadians and has been doing
great work in the air: Fle came out (died) while Jack was Here, and he came straight to Rutit with a messenger she had sent to watch for his arrival."

It seems that those who have died since this great world war are anxious to start a propaganda for the calucation of the people; hence I feel justified in coming to see you, Mr. Newday. Note what this soldier boy says to his mother:
"Fou ask where I am? I am right now in and about Verdun, and I have not often been away from my division. As I told you, some of us are assigned to escort duty. 'When the boys come west'-quote that-we meet and guide thera across the Invisible Jine. Most of them feel perfectly fit when they come. But some few are confused or frightenel, particularly about the sorrow of those they leave behind. Try and make this point plain to the families. The boys are all right. Do not mourn for them. Every tear tortures the dead.
"I only want to start this whole propagauda of comfort on the oue sure thing: There is no death.
"Mother, I have found out another thing from this point of view. Dhere is little or no fear of death among men who so into battle. The sonl seems to remember, suddenly, that it may be about to repeat an interesting experience.
"The physical side of the soldier is dominated by the spiritual and carried on with a kind of thrilling joy. The menuest man sometimes surprises his comrades by exhibitions of conmge This is the reason.
"In this commetion 1 must mention Cooper. You will remember that I wrote you about him when I enlistent: He seemed to be the one blot on our regimental 'scutcheon. A sniveling 'willy boy' who was afraid to go home in the dark. We all wondered how he stood the examiner's gafi and was accepted. Fe had prayed, very licely, that he would be tarned down.

[^1]exploded. We saved a whole company: among them many wonided. I went with him over the top and yelled: 'Bulfy for ron, Coop, old man!'
"Then the bomb blew away his mortality, and he saw me. We left the field together: and I took him back among the hills where the particular group of helpers headed by Jack Wells gave him the chat hand. IIe's all right and a trumy armong us. Get word to his mother.
"I got your" word about the difficulties fon are meeting in conveying the information. Isn't it carious that the froman mind instinctively rejects the easiest answer to a worablem?
"Well, get such comfort across as you cme, but do not try to convinge any that you communicate with me. Xou wombl mobably be garted off to a padcled cell if you should tell fll we shall talk about. For I feel that we shall get on farther som. Wells says a new company is to relieve us, and we will 'proceed to our destinntion'.
"Cooper is in a blue fumk uloat his mother. She is frantic with spef, and he eanot communicate with her. She is like many Coristians. She subsoribes to n creel-but she doesn't believe it. If she would just take her pencil in her mand, and let Coop do the rest! Then she would come to know that hel son and all the other soms are living and only kept from being happy and full of new and splendid ambifions by the tears of those they love on earth. To mourn is natural ; but it renally isn't matural to be honeless."

You will see, Mr. Newday, those dead soldier boys are anxious to spread this news of their ability to communicate with their mothers and that is evidently the reason yon see so much in the magazines and public press today about communication with the dead. I quote the next letter to his mother:
"If you could see the way the fellows here feel you wound know why I harp on publicity for this sehene of communication. There may be a better one. But I don't know about it yet. Get two or three of the sanest romen you know who have lost dear ones-and almost every one has or will-
aud persuade them to try. Show them how yon do. Tell them thele is no mystery or fiub-dub.
"Tackle Mrs. K; she is level-headed. Take her fully into your confidence-show her these letters if you want to. Tell her to spread the truth. You know how yon feel when yon have been cross or mojust, or something tike that, to some one yon really care for. You can hardly wait to make up. That's the trouble on both sides with those who cross the line and those left there. Grief is mostly remorse for things done or left undone, and there is no chance to make up. Coop snys he wns a rotter to his mother, and he has iately heard her erring that she had been harsh with him when he was a little boy.
"How guickiy they could square things if she only knew that he was closer to her in actual presence and in sympathy than he had ever been before.
"As far as I can make ont, we are going to n very real world; a globe divided into parts of land and water; one of the near stars, maybe. I'll find out about that. We are, I am informed, much the same as we weve before we enme; except that we are no longer limited or hampered by the flesh-and-hone boly we formenly occupied. We have been 'raised spiritual boties' just like the old Book says. But it is the spirit that quickeneth, isn't it? So there yon are. We are still folks-and not still folls either-nobody dumb here, as far as I can learn.
"To ream to the worbls. 1 hear that we are to swing along in the old reliable solar system with the rest of you. It seems Mother Earth has all the time been wearing her right title. I have heard that the earth is the cradle, or the incribator, of the human race, and that the other planets, all intercommonicable, are inhabited $b y$ those who have passed though the earth experience. There may be other Nother planets. I don't know. But 'his kingdom ruleth over all'.
"I have not tried to write you lately because I have been on the job night and day. The world we are to go to mill be the Country of the Young in fact. So many boys are coming out. And they are all right. Do get that word across. Do make it your business to get that across.
"The ane thing that troulles the men who come hore is the fact that the ones that love them are in apony.
"Get around on thist side of the cuestion with your old pluck and tell the mothers and fathers and sisters and wives to stop crying. No man can stand the sight of tears, the sound of sobs, they feel it much worse here, because they can't get in tonch to comfort. It's awful. It will seem queer when I say that we don't bother much aboat any physicad pain our folks suffer. That is a transitory thing. We know it for what it: is. But we are still capable of mental atmguish. That is the hell material. And every teat shed on eartin folls on a heart here. A will is continually conning to us from every sicle. Have them stop it.
"The limitations of the human vision and the circumscribed range of the buman perception of sound are what separate us. Not that we are forever, even in thought, hovering around our folks on earth. That would be rather horain, wouldn't it? We observe proprieties and wait for invitations. Just while we are trying to establish communicntions, we are making frequent calls. After that we go about nar business and send our messages by operators from wherever we may be-and well make visits as boys go home at Cmistmas or birthdays. If you send very urgent calls we must answer.
"Mother dear, when you are writing for me be rather catreful not to interpolate. Fou do not, much. But we want this to be pretty direct, don't we? Our only object now is to get this comfort-this possibility of conmmunication between the seen and mseen living-to those that moum. You do not feel any fatigue or strain, to you? Your arm does not get numb? Why should there be any effect of that sort? This is simply thought transerence, dictation-a perfectly naturat thing. Indace others to get into communication with these boys who want to butt in while I talk to you. I am lusieged to give you addresses. But if you can get any publisher to take these dotes, I guess that will be the best was to get an andience. Try -- or -... They are both good firms and liberal thinkers.
"We are immediately going to start for the Outside. Other: companies have come to talie our places on the field. I am
distinctly agitated. Do not know whether I shall be able 10 get in touch with you or not. Shall certainly try. Anyway, you will know that $I$ am all right, and that some day we are going to lse together again. Te a same little sport, anm don't cry. I'll feel your tears if you do. And they will make me wretched. Diverything is all right. No doubt, whatever. I bope that I shall he able to visit yoll. Anyway, we are mother and son aud-pals, always."

The evidence seems to warrant the conelusion, Mr. Newday, that your son now may be right by your side, or very near you at least. The soldier boy writing to his mother testifies that he is not in some far-away planet, but snys:
"I am still in the atmospheve. We had prepared to leave for a destination unnamed: for others arrived to take our places as helpers on the battlefied. Somo men, or I suppose they are angels, came to act as our escort. Jack Wells mot: our particular hanch-about forty-into shape, and we strond in marching formation on a litite hill until the word was given to start. We did not fiy or float or anything like that. We tust marched at a good rattling pace. 'The only thing strange about it was that we did not mind such natural obstacles as forests or rivers, but went right along through or over them. This was the case outcoors. But we did not pass through closed buildings or wnlts. At all times we looked for the openings or gates. I asked the man (angel) about whether we had really bult or weight. He answered me. Sut I didn't understand well enough to make it clear, I am afraid. I think he meant that onr bodies are heariey, or denser, than air. As these facts are made known to me, I will tell you.
"We passed through several villages, one of which I had seen on the way to the line. It land been shelled and destroyed. There were human bodies everywhere. Thes lookenl like, and were, no more than so many abandoned shells of coverings. From this point of view there is no more ia death than removal from one house to another. In most cases the separation of the soul and body was complete. Where there was still some clinging to the body on the part of the soul, some of us waited to comfort and cheer,

Now and then tre came across a frightened or dayed spirit; and we helped there.
"Bat there were many men and women from this side present among the ruins, and their special care seemed to be the chidren. Some beings (rngels) literally carry the jittle ones on their hosoms. I had supposed that we wonld leare the atmosphere of the earth by ascending into higher regions. We are nll more or less influenced by Raphat's 'Ascension', I smpose. But it seems that there are points of egress reached by defined channels, ports of departure. At present I cammot tell yon where the one ne were assigned to is located, because we were recalled.
"And the manner of the recalling will interest you. The march was well under way when there was an order to 'right about face' and we started back. Jack Wells was marching with the Man in command-I have not yet learned his name or what to call him-when he turned around and said he had orders to return.
"How he got the orders puzzled me. There were no messengers or mechanical means like telephones or wirejess. But it seems we acquire the ability to hear anything addressed to us, persomally, throush amy amount of space. That is how you reach us. And what we are trying to do now is to have you hear us as well as we hear you. Please italicize this when yoa print what I say.
"T wish you would rend Swedenborg again, and compare what he says with what I may be able to tell you. You remember we read a book of his together that winter I had to stay indoors. I hope to see some of our great forces over on this side, or beyond this particalar side, as I progress Jnst when that will be I cannot guess. It seems we ate still on the battlefields, where our work is to ease the wounded. This we are able to do. Emphasize this, mother. For every boy that is hurt or terrified, there is a comforter. I wrote you that we hear, continually, that the Savior is often seen on the fields. I have not dared to look, sometimes, when I have felt, rather than seen, a strange soft light. I am not ready to look just now. But there is no donbt that he moves among the soldiers. I am called away.
"I get all your messages, mother. I cal only answer a lep questions, partly because I an not yet sure of many things here and party because there seems to be no menns of communication concerning certain comditions. That is, when we get beyond the usial we are beyond the common malium of lagrage, The worls we know are indadegunte to express our revelations. Of course, until we move on into the Big Ibaces, we are really on ammost the same footing as though $I$, too, were in the flesh. But when the Big Places are reached, I shall have more difticulty in conveying my information. At least, so I suppose.
"Now I am to continue in the ether for a time, onyway. Ought to juick up considerable news for you, If I dwell on things that secm the least important, perhaps it is becnuse of this angle of vision. Now the all-important matter to the boys here is to have their folks know that thes are alive and well and filled with intense enthusiasm and ambition.
"Hake up the Fible and read it with this that I am telling You in mind. I expect, as time moes on, $T$ shall be able to describe scenes and customs to yon-after the manner of the observant traveler but now what fou must learn is this: in this intermediate place, which is neither wholly material nor wholly spiritian, we are busy and so happy, or would be if it were not for the sobs and tears of our folls. Please do not give way to sadness, mother. And for heaven's sake (this is literally for laeaven's sake) beg the mourners to stop crying and to coase wearing black clothes.
"As far as modes of living. habits of angels, philosophios and opinions, my reports are likely to be as accurate as the average traveler's in an unfamiliar country. But l'll correct any misstntement as I go on and learn more. Our main business, now, is to establish definite lines of communication.
"The fighting has swung back to about the place where I fell. Think of me as cloing a man's part still, right in the battle. We do not fight. We form the relief division and bring comfort and aid to the wounded. Many of the soldiers see us; that does not mean, always, that they are dying men. 'Phey seem to have supernormal rision. I do not like that word. But let it go.
"I wns easing a boy in my arms; but he was very poung, and he wanted his mother. I could not comfort him. Some

One beside me said: 'I will take him'. I could not look up. But. I knew who it was. Let mothers hear of this.
"Please do not elaborate anything I tell you, dear. I must go. A whole battalion is coming out.
"I have not met any relatives. Yon know we are still on earth. Some of the boys who have folks in far places get leave to go and see them. But I feel that my job is right here. A while ago I lifted up a wounded color bearer, and together we kept the flag from touching the ground. That seemed to be his main idea. I held him until relief came and promised to wait in case he should come west. But he is to recover. A girl from the Red Cross hospital was working alone, placky as any one, regardless of the fact that a countercharge of glorious furies in horizon blue had cut her of from her friends. A shell struck her; and later she let me guide her into the Quiet. She looks like one of the McI- girls. But she is dazed and can't tell her name. She'll be all right soon.
"The Red Cross girl 1 brought across the line in not one of the McL-s. But she is pretty and jolly and a bear for work. She is constantly with us on the field. Her folks live in Wisconsin, but she snys they will have to wait until they come here before they learn that it is well with her: They believe in the immortality of the soul. But proof of their belief scares them. Her name is Ann. Sometimes she hears ber mother cry. Then it is hard for her.
"Women and men work together in natural harmons. There are preferences and avoidances-and some sweethearting. But for the most part the business in hand occupies all of us. I do not know how it will be as we go on farther. This is a great recelving camp. It looks as though it had been chosen by engineers and established as a model cantonment. I am impressed with the system that does not intrude itself as system. Yes. We dress and undress. There is a general commissary who issues our clothes in military fashion. I do not know how they are originally obtained. At first the stuff felt differently from the material of the uniform I shed in Flanders. But now I do not notice anything peculiar about it. Maybe I am used to it, and have forgotten the old.
"There is no curse attached to anything, as far as I can find out. Laws are finely adjusterl, and their principles are immutable, in the main. But God can change laws, even his own. There is nothing in all the wollds to handicap the big race the soul makes for perfection. We, here, are in the very beginning of it."

You will note the repeated reference of these communications from the son to his mother to the fact that he is really alive and not dead. Are we not pleased, then, to see that the teaching of our good clergymen is so strongly corroborated by direct witnesses? Note what the son here says to his mother:
"None of my statements about less important matters are to be taken as certainties unless I quote our instructors. They may not be infallibie, but I presume they are. Bat this is our big fact: I am really, vitally alive. All others who have passed the change called denth are alive and progressing townrd fuller life. Harp on that string. Keep at. it. Do not let your mind hecome discouraged or confuserl. Nothing that I can write sou is of any importance compared to this. I am called away.
"r know what you are up against. You are in for ridicule and the sort of publicity that is hardest to bear. But have [get] at it. Get the word across. Don't fix up my notes much. Let them smash anray as they come right off the bat. They are not only to comfort the people there, but to relieve the boys here. They worry like the deuce over their folks. Some few who know what we are doing are after me all the time to help them get in touch with their own. They make constant efforts to communicate."

Again, Mr. Newday, I wish to emphasis the fact that my efforts to convince you that your son is alive will avail nothing if you set your will against them. Neither could you have a communication from your son unless you are willing to receive it. Note what this young soldier boy says to his mother:
"Don't argue, We cannot convince any one against his
will. I.et him believe or dens, You are only a messenger. One accepts the heartease you offer, or he does not. Perhaps by the time this nage is printed, the light-which-is-to-be will be shining on the earth. Undountedly the mystery that befogs us is likely to be soon lifted.
"Too bad that you are not able to convince Conper's mother that he is all right. He is more than all right. And he may serve to illustrate a point I indicated recently. You know how weak he used to be, and dissipated? Rather worthless and all that? Well, he is one of the most estemed men here. Of cotrse, he proved that he had courage when be hopped out of the trench with that grenade and savell his company. I told you about it. But he has a quality, a kind of compassion for all men, that makes him tower above the rest of ins. It is hard to take the measmre of a man. There are so many bewildering standards. It's easier here-
"Our use of the terms 'here' and 'there' is lihely misleading. At this stage, as I have explained, we are not separated from yon: I mean that we are not removed from the intwences and conditions of the earth. I do not know how to search for expressions that will convey the truth simply to all who may read these letters. If we are golng to get to the people with this we must take some steps to interest a publisher. How would it do to see ———? Better think it over. I cannot advise.
$\%$ * *
"We do not know when we are to be sent on to some other field. Fon remember we were once recalled when we hat ahmost reached an important port of departure from this environment. The subject of these points of egress interests. me greatly. It seems that there are certain defined avenues of intercommunication. We do not fy up and into some other sphere. We travel by established channels. I am very anxions to find out just what this means, and I shall hope to Jet you know.
"Then, too, we may beyin to count time by the thousandyear schedule. With the realization that yon will soon be with us, we do not think to send you descrintions of what yon are to see. One thing we must not lose sight of: This is the land of the living, and the loved ones are safe.
"Souls are being fused in these flames and purified. The bravery of men is applauded by the angels. I have seen them rosh to welcome some little chap who has given his life to save others. That is the Christ quality-the highest rorm of love.
"A lot of fellows in my tent were talking about the pecnliar agony of suspense that mothers have to bear. Jack Wells spoke of that night in Gethsemane when the disciples slept. But somewhere in that garden was one who did not sleep. Mary watched all the dark night. Mothers are like that pow.
"There is no method about interspace communication. The fuss of preparation is umecessary and confusing. We do not need the material adds of paper and pencil, $j^{s}$ our minds converse, I recommend the transeriptions beckuse you are reporting these notes for a purpose. We want them as accurate as possible. Of comse I get balled up. But we'll keep sight of the plan."

That the science of this means of communicating with the dead is progressing and that it has come since the begiming of the world war, evidence is quite clear. This soldier boy in his communication to his mother says:
"As we progress I find we are less inclined to criticize the efforts or condemn the failures of others. Something of truth must be in the minds of even the fakirs who try to materintize spirits and set tables to jumping about a room. Primitive people were taught by means of crude spectactes. But now we have a way more suited to our developing intellisence.
"Do not let as stop, to go over what I hare said and correct"inconsistencies. The way unrolls continunlly, and I get vartous angles of vision. I am not seeing mach, as yet, that is so very different from the enrth as yon know it. I should say that the difference is chiefly in my new keenness of percention.
"Wells makes occasional journeys to the place where his folks llve. I quote him, particularly, because you know him.

When I ask him how it is out yonder, he says for me to wait and see for myself. This may illustrate the point I have been trying to make. I asked him about the marriage of his oider sister and her husband. I heard that the married become incorporated in one body. That is not just as it seemed at first to be. The two who love and marry are one in spirit and act and think as one soul, But they are separable in form and able to pursue their independent ways.
"I have formed a friendship with Ann. She is as playful as a child, and I like her, But we are not mentally companionable. Fou remember a poem you liked by Miss Colsom, about laughter in heaven? Well, there is laughter here all right. I could not repeat a joke or any special thing that might be labeled humorous that is said or done. But there is $n$ lind of joyousness that finds expression in lnughter.
"Cooper has gone back to Blighty. I missed him and asked fack where he had gone. I do not anderstand yet. Will let you know. Am excited over news. Must go.
"I have n delicate task here, mother: Cannot speak of is without higher authority. If I receive that, I know I can depend on your judgment and good taste. I have conferred with Wells, who is farther advanced than I am. Walt alone for this.
"Mother, it is not a new thought, but it is true that all forms of life are created clual. We have spoken of the human and snivitual only briefly, because I am crassly igarrant, even yet. Bat nature is also two-sided: material and ethereal. Everything is duplicated-forest, stream, landscape. Does that fact not make my place of residence more tangible to yon? I should have told you sooner if I had heard of it."

In order that you may observe that I am working in harmony with the desire of those dead soldiers who on the other side are trying to comfort those on this side, and that I am taking the right course in coming to pou to try to convince you that your son is alive, I invite your attention, Mr. Newday, to these words of this soldier boy to his mother:
"Yes, I know what you are up ngainst trying to get this
acrose, Poor litcle mother! Her neighbors think she is a unt. But if you can get a few to try to write they will start things. Fipplain low simple it is, A place, a pencil, a pad of paper and a heart crying the name of a boy. That's all that is necessary.
"I have permission to tell you that Cooper has, because of his understonding and compassion, been sent back home as an instructor. His body, sustained by some life principle which I cannot explain, has been all this time in a reconstruction hospital back of the French lines. You may see him with your own eyes. And you will know that any man who has crossed No Man's Lind, and returned, has a message to the world from God.
"Wells is hurrying on with his preparations to go. I do not know whether I ann to go with him or not. I rather hore I may. And yet I do not want to cut off one line of commonication. I think after I leave this environment I shall have greater dificulty in communicating. As I have suhd hefore, I shall, perhaps, enter into less transmable conditions. She common speech may be madequate. That, alone, may account for the futile messages transmitterl hloongh mediums. Still, the spirit is free to travel, and it is likely I may find o way to continue my letters to you and to give you such information as may be permitted.
"You hope I will not go, dein? Well, I may hang around bere indefinitely. Many are coming in, howerer, and it looks as though we might be transferred. One reason makes me rather keen to go. Jack told me about his younger sister lust night. She is, it seems, a tremendous favorite with him. I said I wished I could see her. And there she was! A vision, really, in response to my wish. I don't beljeve heaven has a sweeter sight. I suw her plainly: dark-haired, blueeyed, with a face of great brightness and fine color.
"Lip to this time that I am relating the circumstances to you it has seemed miraculous, ont of the natural orden of things, that $I$ could conjure up this girl's likeness. But I now realize that faculty to be the commonest in the world. Fox are exercising it, now, as you think of me and of her. Jere is a point, mother. Maybe yon can elaborate it. Yun project your thought to any scene or you draw toward you whatever rision you will.
"It may be that the peculiar condtions of our work here make my judgments rather one-sided. I fancy in other locations, America, for instance, the people who have come out, must see many things in altogether different lights. They are dying around you every day. It should be perfectly simple to communicate with them. We are dwelling on the military exodus for the reasons we have outlined.
"Mother, I often think of the days when I was a little boy. How good and patient you have alwas been to me. Don't forget in all this striving to let other hearts have comfort that the same old love is in your boy's heart for you.
"I got your wire calling my attention to the Scrintural statement that in heaven there is neither marriage nor giving in marriage, and I do not know what to say. It seemed (until you gnve me this jolt) that the Bible bears out everything that I have been able to tell you. Perhaps the chronicler got balled up in this particular quotation. For love and marriage are certainly in bud and flower there. I can see this fact with my own eyes.
"Many things that I write sou 1 gather from others, relying on you to weed out that which does not contribute to the big plan, or any flagrant inconsisteney that may rob some soul of a crumb of comfort. Don't bother about much else. This is a message, and it requires haste.
"Of course, there are false reports and reporters here. Not makers of lies, so much, as natural dramatists who see all things in an exaggerated and spectacular form, Then, there are the symbolists who write the revelations.
"Any critic rould have me on the hip, and they will all be after you, if you can scare up a publisher to take this. And yet you will likely find a world more ready to listen, openly, to such a message than it has ever been before. Back in the human conscionsness has always been a belfef in spicitual things. The bellef has been mised with the terror of the unknown and denied because of that fear. Now the hand of God draws his worlds so near that they can whisper to each other.
"Cooper will take up his old hife on earth, and his mother: will have her son. But he will not be the same. None of.
those who wo lanck mill be the same. Angels, dressed ia sfaned atwl faded khaki, will walk the familiar streets. J.iston to them.
"Inogs come athl go freely, back and forth across the inv visible line, I ant told this as a fact. They do not need to leave their antural bodies to associate with those who have died. They often follow their masters. Other animmts hase not duite these privileges. but after dissolution they apmar here, I may not be clear. I aften fimd a certain embarasment in saying what I. myself, would once have called bonk. But I guess they are true, all risiat."

Cou will see, Mr. Newday, how anxious these soldier boys-- yours among them no donbt-are, and how desirous of comforting the living who mourn and who are anvious to impress upon your mind that there is nor death. To his mother this soldier boy soys:
"I want to sugpest to you to keen these notes entirely apart from anythine else I write ront. mo not make a bir look. Jet it be only a few pages to hide in at mourner's slopve. Chll it a sleeve book, if you want to. I think that might comvey an idea. But in my case keep it free from mbjects ar specnlations outside the main plan, which is: confort tor war-robbed humapity. Kexp after that! There is no death! And don't let any antractive theory sidetrack sou. The firing is contimual and territic. I must get on the joh of guibligg the loys though. They will cone withont fear.
"Jack Fells and I are very conse friends. Fis sister"s name is Alice, and she has grown up in the conntry beronit, where his folks live. It seems all weach or return tos maturity. Youth blossoms and towers, but does not decas. I can cuit up her vision at any time. But I want her near.
"drist wolls among the wounded continunlly. The dying see lim, anal the burt are heafel by his hand, many heve told me, and several times I have felt him near. Once, for a moment. I saw him, I told you.
"Preserve an unemotionsl mind, dear. Sonity and simplicity are essential to our purpose. Do not go on any tangeme
of description or undertake amalyses. What is here is bere. some people will find what we have hoped to give them. Others must find comfort in different ways.
"You have understood, haven't you, that I no longer stop and dictate these things to you? I talk to you as I perform my tasks, or he nt rest, or march along my ways. It is almost certain that we are to be ordered on within a few hours time. Destination unknown.
"But wherever it may be, I shall travel with enger curiosity. I shall surely tell yon all I can. It may be that one returns to this boumlary for purposes of commmication. That will develop later.
"'ake care of your health. You have a task that you must not fail to necomplish. You can bind up some of the most grievous wounds in the world. Feep your strength and go up and down the waing places on the earth, and say and know: 'Thy son liveth'. That's your part.
"We are passing throngh a land baid maste and yet triumphant. I felt immensely surprised to see in all its beauty one great cathedral that had been destroyed. The angel said that all such mildings of prayer and song are spiritual and beyond vandal desecration. The bricks will be restored to conform to the imperishable idea. I do not want to get. metaphysical (in the bewiddering way). I just want to say that I am improving in spiritual vision. When we started out before, you remember, I was only able to see the obrious: broken bodies of fesb and of stone. Today I see the immortal structures."

The New York World recently published an interview with Bishop Fallows, of the Reformed Episcopal Church, in which he is quoted as saying:
"Telepatlyy is an estrolished fact. In recent years great strides have been made in the explanation of psychic phenomena and in the years to come the science of communication with the dead will be made a part of the corriculum of great educational institutions. I have called the new science 'Immortallsm' because it depends for its existence upon the immortality of the soul, in which we all believe, and the preservation of identity beyond the grave."

And now, Mr. Newday, I think I have submitted ample evidence to sustain my position. I have here a great abundance of cumulative testimony, experience upon experience, of men in various walks of life, particularly the testimony from some of our leading clergymen. You will see that all these distinguished writers, scientists, savants, theologists, stand by the teaching which we have heard from our youth up, that the soul of man is immortal ; and believing this, we must believe that our dead beyond are alive, and it is wholly consistent, then, that they can communicate with the living. If the living cannot communicate with the dead, then our time-honored doctrine of the immortality of the soul must get a terrible shock, if not be completely upsct. And you, Mr. Newrlay, as a consistent member of the church for many ycars, would not wish to repudiate that doctrine. I submit, then, that from all this evidence we have much reason to rejoice that your son is alive and that you can communicate with him if you will do so.

Mr. Newday: You have made a very strong presentation of your side of the case, Mr. Psychic. I must concede the fact that you offer the testimony and experiences of some of the greatest of modern scientists, savants and clergymen; and this together with the doctrine which all the churches, Catholic and Protestant, have taught and teach, that the soul is immortal and cannot dic, makes out a very strong case. I cannot escape that fact. But before I reach a final conclusion, I must hear the argument of our friend, Mr. Lighthearer.

## CHAPTER III

## hightreamer's argument

The testimony and the argument presented by Mr. Psjchic is very subtle and calculated to convince almost every mind except the mind of him who insists on squaring all teachings by the great truths which are definitely and eonclusively settled.

In the very outset I perceive that I am confronted with the public opinion, educated largely against my position. In this comection we are reminded of the trite but truthful saying of the poet:
> "Iruth forerer on the scaffold, Wrong forever on the throne; But that seafold sways the future And within ilse dim noknown Stands the form of Christ the Savior, Keeping watch around his own."

Truth ultimately must prevail and I am confident that truth in God's due time will prevail and error will be sorever annihilated.

My abiding faith in Christ Jesus and in the Wrord of Gorl, which is the truth, makes me bold in presenting evidenee against the theory of communicating with the dead. I am confident that the proof which I present will convince every reverent mind believing the Bible to be (fod's Word of 'Proth. Treery point that I can conscientiously concede I will and do concede, in order that the issue may be clearly drawn.

In the begiming all of us agreed that the Bible is God's Word of truth revealed to men for his instruction.

I agree with you that man's greatest desire is that he might have life everlasting, dweiling continually in a state of happiness. All of us must agree and do agree, I bclieve, to the truthfulness of the Biblical statement
concerning the obtaining of life everlasting through Christ Jesus, that "there is none other name under heaven given among men, whereby we must be saved". -Acts 4: 12.

I will concede that the gentlemen whose testimony has here been presented are houorable men. I do not call in question their veracity or honesty, nor is it necessary for me so to do. If I cannot explain and account for their testimony in the light of revealed truths as contained in the Word of God, then my argument must fall flat. I imvite you, Mr. Newday, and all who hear me, to suspend final judgment upon this question until you have heard me through; and then if you can tiruthfully say that you believe the teachings of the Worl of God, you will have to say it is impossible to communicate with the dead.

I agree that the world war that has caused millions in a short time to go down in death has greatly increased the desire of the living to know of the state of the dead, and that this sitnation has been seized upon for the purpose of foisting upon the people the theary that their dead loved ones are alive and that they can commmicate with them. If the living can talk with the dead, then all the people should lnow it, and it should not be necessary to conduct a paid propaganda in order to teach them. On the other hand, if from a fair consideration of all the evidence we should find that the living cannot talk with the dead, but that the testimony produced in support of the contention is deceptive and misleading and destructive of faith in God's Word, then the people should be acquainted with these facts and all honest people, without regard to creed or denomination, ought to be willing to herald these facts broadcast among their fellow men.

I most emphatically agree with you, Mr. Psychic, that
according to the testimony of all these witnesses the ability of the living to communicate with the dead de－ pends upon the one important question：Ts the soul of man immortal？In other phrase，your argument must， stand or fall upon the truthfulness or falsity of the theory of the immortality of the soul．If it is true that erery man has inherent immortality，then there is a basis for your argument；but if that contention is false，then ithere is no basis for your argument，and your argument， of course，mast fail．It is of first importance，then，that we determine what the soul is；and determining that， whether it is mortal or immortal．Let the Bible be the final arbiter upon this question．

## WFiAT IS THE SOUL？

Tit is true that Catholic and Protestant clergymen for centuries have raught the people that the sonl is the divine part of man which camot die and that therefors there is no death of the soul．This is not supported， however，by the Seriptures，which read：＂The Lord Gool formed man of the dust of the gromil，and breathed into his mostrils the breath of lives；and man became a liwing soul＂．（Genesis 2：7）The word soul means mor－ ing，breathing，sentient boing；i．e，a living creature that porsenses the senses of sight，hearing，touch，taste， smell．It will be conceded that the dust out of which Jehovah formed the body was not immortal，nor did it have intelligence．It must be further conceded that the breath of lives which God breathed into the nostrils of that body did not constitute the soul ；but that the bodys perfectly formed，and the breath which Tehoval then placed in its organism together formed a living，moving． sentient being，which we call a soul．Every creature that breathes is a soul．No creature possesses a soul．If the breath is separated from the body，which stops the
action of the lungs and the circulation of the blood, death results. Thus did God form the first man, from whom the whole human race sprang, and we have a clear and positive statement in the Scriptures that the first man is of the earth, earthy, and not divine, not immortal.-1 Corinthians 15: 47 .

The Word of God speaks of beasts as souls: "Levy a tribute unto the Lord of the men of war which went out to battle: one soul of five hundred, both of the persons, and of the beeves, and of the asses, and of the sheep".-Numbers $31: 28$; Genesis 1:20, 30, margin.

Man's preemmence over the beast is in life, not in death. They both die alike. "For that which befalleth the sone of men befalleth beasts; even one thing befalleth them: as the one dieth, so dieth the other; yea, they have all one breath; so that a man hath no preëminence above a beast: for all is vanity. All go unto one place; all are of the dust, and all turn to dinst again."-Ecclesiastes 3:19, 20.

## THE GREAT DECEPTION

That we may get the proper setting of this subject and view it from a rational standpoint, we must take a bried glimpse at the history of the human race. For centuries the whole earth has been a playhonse and all the people players. The great drama opened in Eden, the garden of God-perfect in its appointments-with Adam and Ere, the perfect pair, in possession, with authority to multiply and fill the earth with a happy race of people and establish a kingdom among men. They were perfect human beings, but withont experience. Lucifer, an angel of great beanty and wisdom, was placed in Eden as an overseer of this perfect human pair. Observing that Jehovah had granted authority to man to establish a kingdom, Lucifer sought to steal the
inheritance of man. God's prophet describes him in Fden as a wise and bcautifnl creaturo, and tells how he sinned and was degraded and hecame Satan, thus: "Thou hast been in Eden the garden of God; every precions stone was thy covering, the sardius, topaz, and the diamond, the beryl, the onyx, and the jasper, the sapphire, the cmerald, and the carbuncle, and gold: the workmanship of thy talrets and of thy pipes was prepared in thee in the day that thou wast created. Thou wast the anointed cherub that covereth [officially appointed to act as man's overseer] ; and I have set thee so; thou wast upon the holy momtain of God; thou hast walked up and down in the midst of the stones of fire. Thou wast perfect in thy ways from the day that thou wast created, till iniquity was found in thee. By the multitude of thy merchandise they have filled the midst of thee with violence, and thou hast simed; therefore 1 will cast thee as profanc out of the mountain of God; and I will iestroy thee, O covering cherub, from the midst of the stones of fire."-Fzekiel 28:13-19.

Ambitious for a kingdom of his own, Lucifer reasoned thus: I am far greater than man. Why has not God granted me an exclusive dominion? Jealousy was in his heart and he determined to bring man under his control. He meditated a usurpation of God's authority, thus: "I will ascend into heaven, I will exalt my throne above the stars of God: I will sit also upon the mount of the congregation, in the sides of the north: I will ascend above the heights of the clouds; I will be like the Most High". (Isaiah 14:13,14) Because of this ambition, Lucifer lost the favor of Tehovah and was thereafter designaterl as 'that old serpent, which is the devil, and Satan" (Revelation 20:2)-the author and instigator of all wickedness that has cursed mankind.

God instructed Adam and Eve that they must not
partake of certain fruit in Eden, saying to them, "In the day that thou eatest thercof thou shalt surely die". (Genesis 2:17) Satan deceived mother Eve by comvincing her that God was lying and by this means undertook to deprive her and her husband of their just rights and privileges. To Eve he said: "God doth know that in the day ye eat thereof, then your eyes shall be opened, and ye shall be as gods, knowing good and evil. Ye shall not surely die." (Genesis 3: 4,5) This was the first lie ever told and from it sprang all other lics. So says Jesus.-See John 8:44.

This disobedience of Eve and of Adam, who joined hew in the transgression, brought swiftly upon them the judgment of Jehovah. They were sentenced to death and driven from Eden. In pronouncing this judgment, Jehovah, addressing Satan and the perfect human pair, said: "I will put enmity between thee and the woman, and between thy seed and her seed; it shall bruise thy head, and thou shalt bruise his heel". (Gencsis 3: 1i) Thus God definitely declared that there would be two seeds and that there would be deadly cnmity hetween these until the seed of the serpent, Satan, should perish. The seed of the woman here mentioned is the Christ, the Messiah-Jesus the head and his faithful body members, constituting his bride. The seed of the serpent consists of his clupes and emissaries, whom he has used to defraud, deceive and blind the people for centuries.

## TMMORTAL SOULS?

Immortal means not subject to death; possessed of an indestructible life. Therefore one who is immortal cannot die. Did not God speak the truth when he sail to Adam: "Thou shalt surely die"? Did he not speak the truth when he sentenced man to death, saying to him, "In the sweat of thy face shalt thou eat bread, till
thou return unto the ground; for out of it wast thou taken: for dust thou art, and unto dust shalt thou return"? (Genesis 3:19) God did not sentence him to pass on to another world. But yon, Mr. Psychic, will say that sentence was on his body, which is a mere shell for the soul, and that when he dies he merely sheds the shell; and you cite the clergy and the savants as your authority. I submit, Mr. Newrday, that since we have agreed to take the Bible as arbiter, let us hear Jehorah answer the question. He says: "The soul that simneth, it shall die". (Ezekiel 18:4, 20) "What man is he that liveth, and shall not see death? shall he deliver his soul from the hand of the grave?" (Psalm 89:48) If the soul be immortal, then God himself cannot destroy it, and we know that God has power to destroy the sonl. Jesus is authority for this: "Fear him which is able to destroy both soul and body". (Matthew $10: 巳 8$ ) 'lhere is not a single Scripture in the Bible that warlants any one in saying that the soul is immortal.

You will observe that all the testimony offered here by Mr. Psychic is based upon the conclusion that the soul is immortal and he emphasizes the question of immortality more than any other one thing. With all due deference to him as a derotec of this theory, I must sat that the conclusion of the immortality of the soul is based upon Satan's lie and is wholly unsupported by anything else except the lie of the adversary. And from the time since he told this lic, he has sought to deceive mankind and blind men to the real truths of God's Word and he has brought forth all kinds of deceptions for the very purpose of blinding the people.-2 Corinthians 4:4.

Satan himself is not immortal, the Lord declaring that in his own due time Satan shall be destroyed. (Hebrews 2:14) Who, then, has inumortality? The Scriptures answer: God "only hath immortality". (1 Timothy

6:16) He is the self-existing one, from everlasting to everlasting, and not subject to death. When Jesus was on earth, he said: "As the Father hath life in himself ; so hath he given to the Son to have life in himself". (John 5:26) And at his resurrection he was exalted and granted immortality.-Philippians 2:9-11; Revelation $1: 18$.

All the human race was mortal, i. e., subjert to death. "As in Adam all die." (1 Corinthians 15:22) Immortality is offered as a special reward to be granted only to those who are faithfnl followers in Jesus' fontsteps. "Be thou faithful unto death and I will give thee a crown of life." "Seek for . . . immortality." (Revelation 2: 10; Romans 2: 7) A man does not seek what he alrealy possesses. "Ihis mortal must put on immortality" was written concerning the new creature who is begotten to the heavenly nature and is a follower of Jesus, and the statement has no application to man in general--1 Corinthians 15:53.

Since it is claimed that the dead are able to communicate with the living, then of course it must follow that. the dead are conscious. In fact, all the experiences related hy the witnesses whose testimony Mr. Psychic has here offered is to the effect that death does not mean death but merely a "passing" to the other side of the line, consciousness still being maintained and a full memory of everything that had transpired in the past.

If this contention be true, then God did not mean what he said when he sentenced man to death and told him he must return to the dust. Subsequent Scriptures, however, prove that God did mean what he said and that man has returned to the dust and is not conscious. We read: "In death there is no remembrance of thee: in the grave who shall give thee thanks?" (Psalm 6:5) "Wilt thou show wonders to the dead? shall the dead arise
and praise thee? Shall thy lovingkindness be declared in the grave? or thy faithfulness in destruction?" (Psalm 88:10,11) "The dead praise not the Lord, neither any that go down into silence."-Psalm 115: 17.

Furthermore, the Scriptures clearly show that when a man dies he stops breathing, ceases to think, and returns to the dust. "His 3 )reath goeth forth, he returneth to his earth; in that very day his thoughts perish."Psalm 146: 4.

He is so completely dead and unconscious that he knows nothing. "The living know that they shall die: but the dead know not any thing." The dead have no knowledge, thoy are not wise, and they do not work where they go. "Whatsoever thy hand findeth to do, do it with thy might; for there is no work, nor device. nor knowledge, nor wisdom, in the grave, whither thou goest."-Ecclesiastes 9:5, 10.

Man perishes like the heast. "Nevertheless man beingin honor alsideth not : he is like the beasts that perish." (Psalm 49:12) When Jesus was on earth, men had been dying for four thousand years and he said that up to that time "no man [had] ascended up to heaven". (John 3: 13) And furthermore, Jesus said that all the dead are in their graves, meonscious, knowing nothing. "Marvel not at this: for the hour: is coming, in the which all that are in the graves shall hear his voice, and shall come forth."-John 5: 28, 29.

The inspired Apostle Paul, speaking of the dead, refers to them as asleep in Jesus, unconscious, knowing nothing. "I would not have you to be ignorant, brethren, concerming them which are asleep, that ye sorrow not, exen as others which have no hope. For if we believe that Jesus died and rose again, even so them also which sleep in Jesus will God bring with him. For this we say unto you by the word of the Lord, that we which
are alive and remain unto the coming of the Lord shall not prevent them which are asleep. For the Lord himself shall descend from heaven with a shout, with the voice of the archangel, and with the trump of God: and the dead in Christ shall rise first."-1 Thess. 4: 13-16.

In all the Bible there is no doctrine so plainly and cmphatically taught as that concerning the resurrection of the dead. If Mr. Peychic's theory is correct, that the dead are alive and progressing from one sphere to another, then the doctrine of the resurrection is both untrue and a farce, and upsts the entire teaching of Christianity. Of the resurrction we will have more to say as tre progress.

The eminent witheses from whose testimony Mr. Psychic quotes at length claim to believe that Jehovah God is the great First Came. They admit that Jesus came down from heaven, was made flesh and dwelt among men; that he spake as never man spake; that he lived on earth; that he died, rose from the dead, and ascended into heaven. They quote from the Bible as Gorls Word of truth, thereby admitting the anthenticity of the Seriptures. Then let their case stand or fall by the Bible. They cannot blow both hot and cold.

But it is argued by ow opponents that the witnesses on their side are of great eminence in the world. Look at them, they say, such men as Dr. Hyslop, Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, Sir Oliver Lodge, Bishop Fallows, the Rev. Fielding Onld, the late Archdeacon Wilberforce, etc. And we admit that they are eminent men of the world.

Then, argues Mr. Psychic, surely it eannot be possible that these eminent scholars are telling falsehoods and trying to deceive the people by making them believe that the spirits of dead men can tip tables and make them walk, can cause the hand to write, and can speak through mediums or even communicate direct!

How the people are impressed by such testimony is illustrated by an incident which has come to my attention and which is similar to that related by Mr. Diychic:

The father of Mr. A had been dead a number of years. He was met by a spiritist, who said to him, "Mr. A, would you like to talk to your father ?" Mr. A replied: "Why, my father is dead". "Yes," responded his questioner, "but you can communicate with the dead." Mr. A expressed his umbelief. Then his questioner said: "MIr. A, are you willing to give the matter a trial and let. me demonstrate to you that you can talk to your father? If you will go to a certain number on a certain strect and call for Mrs. -_ and say to her you have come to communiente with one of your dead friends, but do not tell her whom; and then put her to the test, you will soe if she can call up your dead father." Mr, A assents. He calls on the woman, who js known as a spiritualistice medium. He says to her; "I came here for the purpose of commumicating with a dead friend. I am a skeptic, but I came at the instance of my frieud and I want you to prove to me whether or not I can talk to some one who is dead." The medium replies: "If you will do what I tell you, I will make an effort to put you into communication with the one with whom you would like to talk. The conditions I impose upon you are these: First, you must sit quietly in that chair. You most not resist me with the porer of your will, but be entirely submissive and willing to be comvinced. You must then center your mind upon the person with whom you would like to talk."

Mr. A agrees to the conditions and carries them out, sitting quietly, being willing to be convinced and, therefore, submitting his will. J.n a short time the medium announces the presence of some one who wishes to talk to him. Mrr. A listens and presently he hears a voice
speaking to him and he recognizes it as the voice of his father, long since dead. The father then relates to him certain events that transpired in Mr. A's boyhood and also tells him other things which Mr. A subsequently proves from other evidence to be correct. Mr. A has been a Christian up to this time, thoroughly believing in the Bible. Now he goes away, however, convinced that his father is alise and not dead and is able to talk with him.

Mr. Psychic would accept this as conchsive evidence that the dead man was actually communicating with his father. And he will ask, Did not Mr. A. hear his father's voice? We answer no, because his father was dead and the Scriptures conclusively prove that dead men do not talk. Can it be denied that Mr. A heard a roice? We answer no; nor will there be any attempt to deny that. We admit that Mr. A, Sir Arthur Conan Doyle and zvery other witness offered who claims to have heard voices did in fact hear them; and we will further admit that these witnesses are testifying to what they believe to be the truth. We emphatically deny, however, that they heard the voices of, or in any other manner communicated with, the spirits of dead men. On the contrary, the voices they heard were the voices of demons, who never were men, and their communication is with demons and not the spirits of men. And we gladly assume the burden of proof upon this proposition. It will be seen that these demons are the allies of Satan, for centuries under his domination and direction, and that they aid him in his further attempt to foist upon humanity his first lie, There is no death.

## ORIGN OF THE DEMONS

From the time Adam and Eve were driven out of Eden until now there has been war between the seed of the woman and the seed of the serpent, Satan, the devil.

Satan was deprived of his position as overseer of man. Adam having lost his dominion, there was nome in the earth in authority. Horrified at the results of lacifer's wrongful course, the angels of heaven (sons of (tod) desired to uplift man, and God permitted certain mus of them to undertake the task. (Hebrews 2:5; Genesis ( $: 1-5$ ) These angels possessed the power to matorialize in hmman form and were permitted to assume dominion over the affairs of earth. They bikawise had porer to dematerialize. Satan determined that he would not bo thwarted in his purpose of opposing Jehovah. He lear become a liar and the father of lies and now, with a malignant heart, be set about to ardwen these angels. his former companions in glory, and through them to retain control over man. He injected into the minds of these spirit leings the thought to tate wives from anme the daughters of men, which they did. thareby learine their own loftier estate. Thus Satan caused the angets to sin and fall. The offspring resalting from this unholy alliance filled the earth with violence and Gor amonnced his determination to destroy all flesh. He so advised Noah and then brought on the deluge.

Noah and his family, eight in all, not having been contaminated by these evil ones, received favor in Cod's sight and were saved in the ark which Noah had huilt at the direction of Jehovah. 'The great flood destroyed all fleshly beings save those that vere in the ark. The angelic beings, however, exercising their power to dematerialize, were not destroyed. What became of thom? Fhe Bihle answers that they were restrained of their liberty and confined in the darkness of the atmosphere near the earth.* This is exactly what is claimed by Mr. Psychic. "God spared not the angels that sinned, but cast them down to tartarus [mistranslated hell] and

* See Ietter on page 39.
delivered them into chains of darkness to be reserved mnto judgment." (2 Peter 2:4) "The angels which rept not their first estate, but left their own habitation, he hath reserved in evellasting chains under darknoss unto the judgment of the great day," (Jude 6) In this condition they were to be restrained until the judgment, day, the inference being that at the judginent day ther would exercise greater power than at any time since the fiood. At no time since the flood have they been permitted to materialize in human form. We here assert. that the judgment of the fallon angels is at hand aud, therefore, this explains why they excreise so much more power now than at any other time. Of this we will speak later. Since the time of the deluge they have had power to communicate with the human race only through the instrumentality of willing mediums.

This is in exact accord with the testimony of Dr. Hyslop, whose words we quote: "The only means of contmunicating with the dead has been found to be a living organism capable of comnecting the two worlds".

The commonication of man with these exil spirits impersonating the dead is not a new thing. It has persisted since the flood. When God made the Lam Covenant with the nation of Isracl, as a safeguard against these demons he provided in the law that any one who would consult a mediam concerning the dead shoukl be put to death, (Exodus 22:18; Leviticus 19:31; $20: 6$, $2 \%$ ) An attempt to commonicate with them was declared by Jehovah as an abomination in his sight. "There shall not be found among you . . . a witch or a charmer or a consulter with familiar spirits, or a medium or a necromancer, for all that do these things are an abomination unto the Lord."-Deuteronomy 18:10-12.

Saul, the first king of Israel, had a séance with a medium who pretended to call up Samucl, much as is done ly
what the eminent witnesses above mentioned have related in modern times. (1 Samuel 28:7-20) Samuel was a good prophet. He died. Saul, the king of Israel, became evil and God withdrew his favor from him. The king then directed his servants to find him a witch or spiritualistic medium with whom to consult. He was directed to a woman living in a cave at Endor.

It will be noted that the one selected as the medium for communication between Saul and the dead prophet was a woman. It will be noticed that in ncarly every instance of testimony cited by Mr. Psychic the medium has been a woman; and in that testimony Sir Arthur Conan Doyle says: "Nearly every woman is an undeveloped medium". And here again we remind you that Satan began his nefarious work by using a woman, deceiving her, and through her caused the fall of man. King Saul in consulting a medium departed from the plain teachings that the Lord had given him through his Word.

Knowing that it was his duty to put to death all such mediums, as provided by the law; and knowing that if she recognized him as the king of Israel she would not operate for him, Saul disguised himself and then went to the cave to sec the woman: Evidently the demons revealed to this medium that the man who stood before her was the king of Israel, and horrified, she exclaimed: "Why hast thou come to take my life?" Saul then admitted to her that he was the king, but promised to preserve her life if she would obey him and call up Samuel, the dead prophet. The séance then took place. The demons caused to pass before her mind a vision of a man rising from the earth and the witch cried out; and being inguired of by Siaul as to what she saw, she said she locheld an old man rising, wearing a mantle, the description being like that of Samuel the prophet.

Saul fell prone upon the earth and then the medium proceeded to tell him that the message from Samuel was that on the morrrow he should engage in battle with the Philistines, that he woald be defeated, and that the king and his sons would be killed.

Agrain guoting from the testimony offered, as given by Sir Arthur Conar Doyle: "We have, whappily, to deal with absolute cold-blooded lying on the part of wicked or mischievous intelligences. Every one who has investigated the matter has. I suppose, met with examples of willful deeeption, whick occasionally are mixed up with good and trme commurications".

Surcly the demons through the witch at Endor tricked Saul on this occasion and lied to both the witch and Saul. Samel was dead and therefore could not arise. Fistory discloses the fact that the battle hetween Saul and the Thilistines did not take place the next day, but was foutht some days later and that not all of his sons were killed; hut on the contrary, two of them survived and lived ior vears.

From the days of the food until now these evil spirits or demons have been uwable to communicate with any one who is unvilling to mamit to their influence; and this explains why, in the incident above recorded, Mr. A Whe requested to remain guiet, not to resist with his will, but be willing to be taught and to concontrate his mind upon the one with whom he would like to speak. This contention is further borne out by the testimony offered by Ms. Psyenie to the effect that only the willing can be convinced: "Don't argue. We cannot convince any one against his willi. Let hin believe or deny."

While spicitists-those believing in communication with the dead-try to get away from the fact that human beings are obsesser or posesssed by evil spirits or demons, evidence is ammistakable that such is the case, and even
they in their argument admit that to be true. We quote from Dr. Hyslop's elaborate work entitled, "ContactWith the Other World":

- Bxperience has shown that mischievous personalities are desirous of concealing instead of revenling their identity. In dexalt of evidence to the contrary, we should have to accept the orthodox verdict of medicine and psychiatry, which explain obsessions as cases of dual or multiple personality, hasteria, or some forms of insamity. . . . But in all cases it represents an influence foreign to the organism instead of within it, due to the action of a discarnate spirit or spirits, whether the influence be volurtary or involuntary. . . . In a momber of cases, persons whose condition would ordinarily be described as due to hysteria, dual, or multiple personality. dementia precox, paranoin, or some other form of mental disturbance, shoued rmmistakable indieations of invasion by foreign and aiscarnate agencics."

If these wise scientists would only take the words of Jesus they would see and understand the matter at once. When the great Master was on earth demons possessed human beings, causing insanity, and they have done so ever since. Accoments of such experiences are found in Mathew 9:32, 33; 10:8; 12:22; Mark 5:1-20; 9: 17-27; Luke 9: 38-42.

These demons have minds superior to human minds and doubtless are perfect in memory. Having existed, as demons, since the time of the flood, they are familiar with the events of earth and this explains why one such can impersonate a human being who has been dead a long while. Sir Conan Doyle cites the instance of one who named himself Manton and who is said to have died in 167 y and who was Oliver Cromwell's chaplain. It is an easy matter for a demon, familiar with the life of Cromwell and those living at his time, to come forward and produce such evidence and thus overreach a mind that is willing to be convinced.

Mr. A above mentioned did not hear the roice of his
father but he heard the roice of one of these demons, who being familiar with his father's life and history was able to produce facts having a tendency to convince the son that his father was still living; and the son, being ignorant of who these demons are, fell a ready victim to the delusion that his father yet lives.

Thus it will be seen that these demons who inhahit the atmosphere around the earth communicate to willing mediums messages of divers kinds, some claiming to be grood and some evil. Naturally you ask, What would be the motive of these demons or evil spirits in thus communicating with the human race and constantly representing to them that the dead are alive and that living human beings are actually communicating with their dead friencis? This question is important and demauds careful consideration and when properly answered clarifies the whole subject and exposes the fraudulent purposes of Satan and his allies.

We refer you again to the quotations from numerons letters offered by Mr. Psychic, which state in substance, that a propaganda by the spirits is now in progress, and they repeatedly say to the medium: "This is our big fact: I am really, ritally alive. All others who have passed the change called death are alive and progressing toward fuller life. Harp on that string. Keep at it. Nothing that I can write you is of any importance compared to this."

We here emphasize again the point that from the time of the disruption in Eden. Satan, the great adversary of God and righteousness, has vigorously put forth his efforts to bolster up his lie that the dead are not dead but: alive. The real motive of Satan and the demons is to deceive the people concerning God's plan of redomption and blessing for mankind through Christ. The Scriptures state that "there is none other name . . . wherehy
we must be saved"; but if Mr. Psychic's theory is correct, then the death and resurrection of Jesus Christ were unnecessary and there is no salvation through him. St. Paul says that Satan "hath blinded the minds of them which believe not, lest the light of the glorious gospel of Christ, who is the image of God, should shine unto them". (2 Corinthians 4: 4) In order to appreciate this point it is necessary to examine briefly the

## I'JAN OF REDEMPTION

The disobedience in Eden brought upon man the condemnation of death. The perfect man and woman in Jiden did not beget or bring forth children. It was only after they had been driven from Eden and were undergoing the legal judgment of death, which was being enforced by their being compelled to eat of the impure food that the unfinished earth produced, that man, exercised the power of producing children. It necessarily follows, then, that all of the offspring of man would be imperfect, and for this reason the Psalmist said: "Behold, I was shapen in iniquity ; and in sin did my mother conceive me". (Psalm 51:5) And for the same reason St. Paul wrote: "By one man sin entered into the world, and death by sin; and so death passed upon all mon, for that all have simned".-Romans is: 12 .

Approximately twenty centuries after the fall of man, God called to Abraham, who had manifested a disposition of righteousness, and promised him that in his sead all the families of the earth should be blessed. (Genesis 12: 3) Thereafter God reiterated this promise, binding it by his oath. (Genesis 22: 18) St. Paul says: "By two immutable things [God's word and oath], in which it was impossible for God to lie, we might have a strong conrolation, who have fled for refuge to lay hold upon the hope set before us". (Hebrews 6:18) The seed of
promise made prominent throughout the Scriptures, being the offspring of the Abrahamic Covenant as typified by his wife, Sarah (Galatians 4: 22-25), is the sced of the woman against which God foretold Satan would war even unto the end. This seed is the Christ, Jesus the head and the members of his body who loyally and faithfully follow hin even unto death and who have the promise of participating in the first resurrection. St. Paul in his argument says: "Now to Abraham and his seed were the promises made: He saith not, And to seeds, as of many; but as of one, And to thy seed, which is Christ [Messiah]. For as many of you as have been baptized into Christ have put on Christ. And if ye be Christ's, then are ye Abraham's seed, and heirs according to the promise." (Galatians 3:16, 27, 29) "He is the head of the body, the church." (Colossians 1:18) "God . . . hath put all things under his fect, and gave him [Christ Jesus] to be the head over all things to the church, which is his body."-Ephesians 1:22, 23.

Many pictures in the Old Testament foretold the coming of the Christ, the Messiah. Satan for a time thought that the seed was a fleshly one. For this reason he caused Cain to kill Abel. (1 John 3:12) When the promise was made to Abraham, Satan made an attempt to have Sarah, his wife, debauched, that the seed might be destroyed. When God's favor was shown to David, Satan sought to have him killed, believing him to be the seed. When Jesus came to earth, Satom and the demons recognized him as the promised seed. (Mark 5:6-8; Acts $19: 15$ ) Satan caused the persecution of the Lord and his death by inciting the Pharisees-the clergy element of that time-against him.

Redemption from the judgment of death must precede the selection of the seed, because no one under the condemnation could God call to be associated with Christ.
(rod pronised redemption through his prophet, saying: "I will ransom them from the power of the grave; I will redeom them from death: 0 death, I will be thy plagnes; O grave, I will be thy destruction; repentance shall be hid from mine eyes". (Hosea 13: 14) It will he noted here that the promise of redenption is from death and from the grave and there is no intimation that the dead lave gone to the spirit world.

Adam, a perfect man, had sinned and lost for himself and all of his offspring the right to life ererlasting. Justice demanded the forfeiture of that life. While God cannot deny himself and therefore could not reverse the judgment of death against man, he could consistently provide a plan of redemption whereby another perfect man, exactly equal to Adam, conld die and thus provide the redemptive price for Adam and his offspring. There was none perfect among the human race, because all were the children of Adam. "None of them can by any means redeem his brother, nor give to God a ransom for him." - Psalm 49: 7.

In the creation of all thinge the Logos was Jehovah's active agent; ; and Jehovah offered to him the opportunity of coming to earth, and redeeming the human race. The Lrogos [Jesus] was made flesh and dwelt among men. (John 1:14) begotten by a man. Therefore, in the langlage of the Apostle, he was "holy, harmless, undefiled, separate from sinners". (Hebrews 7: 26) And when he grew to manhond's astate he was the exact counterpart of the perfect man Adam prior to his violation of God's law.

## RANSOM SACRIFICE

The whole plan of redemption upon which rests solely the hope of man for life everlasting depends upon the great ransom sacrifice. Jehovah has graciously provided
a measuring rod by which every doctrine can be measured to determine its truth or falsity. The measuring rod or key by which this is determined is the great ramsom sacrifice. Any doctrine out of harmony with it is false. Sir Conan Doyle quotes this Scripture: "Believe not every spirit, but try the spirits whether they are of God: because many false prophets are gone out into the world". (1 John 4:1) It will be observed from his testimony offered that he quotes only a part of the text. Had he examined the context, he would have seen that this has no reference to the spirits of dead men. The A postle further states: "We [the apostles] are of God: he that is not of God heareth not us. Hereby know we the spirit of truth, and the spirit of error". (1 John 4:1-6) When we are invited to try the spirits it means for 1 us to measure the doctrines offered in support of any theory and not to communicate with some demons: and if we understand the plan of God, with this absolutely perfect measuring rod we can determine whether the spirit (doctrine or teaching) is of truth or of error, whether of God or of the devil. We try the doctrines by measuring thems according to God's perfect standard given in his Word.

The theory of the liwing communicating with the dead is a positive denial of the ransom, Sir Conan Dorle admits as much and does not hesitate to deny the ransom. He says: "Cluristianity must change or must porish. . . . One can see no justice in a vicarious sacrifice, nor in the Goit who could be placated by such means. Above all, many cannot understand such expressions as the 'redemption from sin', 'cleansed by the blood of the Lamb,' and so forth. . . . Again, too much seemed to be made of Christ's death. It is no uncommon thing to die for an idea. Fivery religion has equally had its martyrs. Men die continually for their convictions.

Thousands of our lads are doing it at this instant in France."

Here is one witness who boldly denies the merit of Christ's death; and this alone should stamp his testimony as unworthy of consideration. Falsus in uno, falsus in omnibus-i. e., false in one thing, false in everything. I appeal to you, Mr. Newday, and every Christian who claims to love God and the Lord Jesus and to believe the Bible, to consider carefully this point, which is really decisive of the whole question. If the theory of communicating with the dead is accepted, the vicarious atonement of Jesus Christ must be rejected; and if rejected, Christianity falls and the Bible falls with it.

Speaking of Christ, Sir Conan Doyle says: "His special care is the earth. He came down upon it at a time of great earthly depravity-a time when the world was almost as wicked as it is now, in order to give the people the lesson of an ideal life. Then he returned to his own high station, having left an example which is still vecasionally followed. That is the story of Christ as spirits have described it. There is nothing here of Atonement or Redemption."

This is exactly what Satan and the demons would like to have the people believe. Shall we believe Sir Conan Doyle and his demon prompters and other like witnesses; or shall we believe the Lord Jesus Christ? Of himself Jesus says: "I am come that they might have life, and that they might have it more abundantly". (John 10:10) Again, "the Son of man came not to be ministered unto, but to minister, and to give his life a ransom for many". (Matthew 20:28) We believe that Jesus is a better witness than any of the professors, doctors of divinity, or demons. Again Jesus said: "God so loved the world, that he gave his only begotten Son,
that whosecver beliereth in him should not perish, but have cerelasting life". (John 3:16) Sir Conan Doyle and his messengers would have us helieve that the people already had life and could not die. He specifically dewies the foll of man and thereby contradicts the Bible, both the (old and New Testaments. Since we have agreed to let, the Bible be the arbiter of this question, then Sir Conan Doyle's testimony must absolutely fail.

Fiurthermore, the Aposile Paul corroborates the statement of Jesus, that he came to earth to die for the human race, when he says: "Jesus . . . was made a little lower than the angels for the suffering of death. crowned with glory and honor; that he by the grace of God should taste death for every man'. And again, "There is one God, and one mediator between God and men, the man Christ Tesus, who gave himself a ransom for all, to be testified in due time".-Hobrews 2:9:1 Timothy 2:5, 6 .

The witnesses offered hy Mr. Psrchic all claim that man does not lose his life but merely loses his "shell", meaning the body of flesh; that there is, in fact, no death, no cessation of life. We submit that this is a fat. contralliction of the Scriptures, for "the wages of sin is death; but the gift of God is eternal life, through Jesus Christ our Lord".-Romans 6:23.

## THE RESCRRECTION

The death and resurrection of Jesus provided for the awakening of the entire human race out of death and the opportunity to each of them to get life everlasting. St. Paul states: "Christ died for our sins according to the Scriptures, was buried, and rose again the third day according to the Scriptures". (1 Corinthians 15: 3 4) He was put to death for our sine and raised for our justification.-Romans 4: 24, 25.

Resurrection means a restanding to life, which would be impossible if the dead were already alive. Jesus illustrated the awakening of the dead to resurrection by calling forth Lazarus. Lazarus had heen dead for four. days and buried in a tomb. Jesus surely knew more about where he was than any of the eminent witnesses offered by Mr. Psychic. He did not build a booth and try to get into communication with him. He did not call some woman as a medium and try to have her communicate with him. He did not have table tippings to get some answer from Lazarus. He did not have automatic writing in order to get some message from him. But we read concerning Lazarus: "Then said Jesus unto them piainly, Lazarus is dead". (Johm 11: 14.) Jesus and the disciples then went down to Bethany. He was met by Mary and Martha; and they together with others were weeping. And Jesus said: "Where have ye laid him? They said unto him, Lord, come and see. Jesus wept".-John $11: 34,35$.

The demons, misrepresenting the dead, would tell us that it is wrong to weep for those whom we lose. Did Jesus do wrong when he wept? Jesus then went to Lazarus" tomb. "It was a cave, and a stone lay upon it. Jesus said, Take ye away the stone. Then they took away the stone from the place where the dead was laid." Then he prayed to God. Now mark what Jesus did. If Lazarus was floating around in the air, able to send a wireless or to talk through a medium or to do some automatic writing, why did not Jesus ask him to do it? What did he do? We read: "And when he [Jesus] thus had spoken, he cried with a loud voice, Lazarns, come forth. And he that was dead came forth, bound hand and foot with grave clothes; and his face was bound about with a napkin. Jesus saith unto them, Loose him, and let him go." (John 11:43, 44) If Lazarus had
been floating around with his head and body tied up, associating with the spirits of other dead ones, why does not the record say something about it? Becanse, we answer, the Word of God is true and anything in contradiction of it is false.

Mr. Psychic's testimony, particularly that of Six Conan Doyle, admits that Jesus Christ died, was buried, rose from the dead and ascended on high, but would have us believe that there was no merit in that except as an example. The Scriptures answer that his death and resurrection were a guarantee that all the dead shall he awakened out of death. Note this Scriptural proof: "Now if Christ be preached that he rose from the dead, how say some among you that there is no resurrection of the dead? But if there be no resurrection of the dead, then is Christ not risen : And if Christ be not risen, then is our preaching vain, and your faith is also vain. Yea, and we are found false witnesses of God; because we have testified of God that he raised up Christ: whom he raised not up, if so be that the dead rise not. For it the dead rise not, then is not Christ raised : and if Christ be not raised, your faith is vain; ye are yet in your sins. Then they also which are fallen asleep in Christ are perished."-1 Corinthians 15: 12-18.

St. Panl then proceeds to prove conclusively that Jesus Christ did rise from the dead and that his resurrection is a guarantee that every one who has died shall be awakened out of death. "But now is Christ risen from the dead, and become the firstffuits of them that slept. For since by man came death, by man came also the resurrection of the dead. For as all in Adam die, even so in Christ shall all be made alive. But every man in his own order: Christ the firstfruits; afterward they that are Corrist's at his coming."- 1 Cor. 15:20-23.

The testimony offered by Mr. Psychic would have us
believe that at the very instant of death the spinit passes into another world alive. Is this in harmony with the Scriptures? On the contrary, it is positively disproven by the Scriptures. Jesus said: "I go to prepare a place for you. And if I go and prepare a place for you, I will come again, and receive you unto myself ; that where 1 am, there ye may be also." (John 14:2,3) St. Paul shows that the resurrection of the dead does not take place until the second coming of Christ and that until that time the dead are wholly unconscious and know not anything. "If we believe that Jesus died and rose again, even so them also which sleep in Tesus will God bring with him. For this we say unto you by the word of the Lord, that we which are alive and remain unto the coming of the Lord shall not prevent them which are asleep. For the Lord himself shall descend from heaven with a shout, with the voice of the archangel, and with the tromp of God: and the dead in Christ shall rise first." -1 Thessalonians 4: 14-16.

Again, in proof that the dead are dead, waiting for the resurrection, this Scripture says: "There shall be a resurrection of the dead, both of the just and unjust". (Acts 24: 15) "Marvel not at this: for the hour is coming, in the which all that are in the graves shall hom his voice, and shall come forth." (John 5:28,29) If Sir Conan Doyle and his colleagues are correct, why did not Jesus in this Scripture say, Marvel not; all of those who are floating around in the air shall again manifest themselves'? No one can be a follower of Christ Jesus and accept as truth the teaching of these eminent rise men that the dead are alive.

And now, Mr. Newday, choose this day whom you will believe, the Lord Jesus and the Apostles, or the devil and his allies. The issue is squarcly drawn. If one is true, the other is false.

But, Mr. Psychic will say, shall we repudiate the testimony of these great wise men who have given their lives to an investigation of this important subject? In this connection we are reminded of the words of God's prophet, speaking as his mouthpiece concerning the testimony of men who are wise in their own conceits with reference to the condition of the dead: "And when they shall say unto you, Inquire of those that have familiar spirits, and of wizards [mediums] that whisper [clairaudience, the hearing of apparently foreign messages, hy means of voices, nsually 'internal voices'-Dr. Hyslop], and that mutter [messages through mediums]: Say to them, Should not a people inquire of their God? Should we then in behalf of the living inquire of the dead? Hold to the law and to the testimony. If they [the witnesses] speak not according to this Word [the Scriptures] there is no light in them."-Isaiah $3: 19,20$, see Lecser.

But, says Mr. Psychic, I remind you that there are distinguished doctors of divinity and clergymen who support these other witnesses who say that they can talk with the dead. And to this we answer, We almit that there are some who have called themselves doctors of divinity who thus believe and teach and to them the preaching of the fall of man and the cross of Christ is foolishness, just exactly as St. Paul said it would be. And furthermore, the Apostle in this same connection says: "I will destroy the wisdom of the wise, and will bring to nothing the understanding of the prudent". (1 Corinthians $1: 18,19$ ) To this same class and those who follow them the Lord prophetically wrote: "Wherofore the Lord said, Forasmuch as this people draw near me with their mouth, and with their lips do honor me, but have removed their heart far from me, and their fear toward me is taught by the precept of men: there-
tore, bobokl, I will procend to do a marvellous work among this people, even a marvellous work and a wonder: for the wisdom of their wise men shall perish, and the understanding of their prudent men shall be hid. Woe unto them that seek deep to hide their counsel from the Lord, and their works are in the dark [with mediums in hooths], and they say, Who seeth us? and who knoweth us?"-Isaiah 29:13-15.

## THE MOTIVE

The real motive of Satan and the demons to propagate among the people the teaching that they can communicate with the doad is that God and his great plan might he discredited and that the people might be turned away from Christ, the only hope of life; and that the seed of promise might be destroyed. It is a war of light againsi darloness. God has permitted Satan and his emissarins to carry it to the limit and in his own due time he will destroy both Satan and all his minions of darkness.
lor nearly nineteen hundred years God has been developing the sced of promise, the seed of the woman, through which blessings shall come to all the families of the earth, according to the promise, which blessings are an opportunity for life everlasting. There has been mmity between this seed and the seed of the serpent at all times. When Jesus died upon the cross, Satan thought he had succeeded in his purpose to destroy the seed. Subsequently, however, Jesus arose from the dead and ascended on high. That was a surprise and disappointment to Natan, who then set about to develop a comnterfeit sced.

At Pentecost the body members of the seed of promise, the seed of the woman, began to be selected and developed, which work has progressed until now. The body members of this seed are designated in the Scrintures
under various names, such as the church, the bride of Christ, the wheat, the Lord's jewels, etc. This seed is a limited number, as the Scriptures plainly set forth.

- Revelation 7:4; 14:1-3.


## SATAN'S SEED

At Pentecost, or shortly thereafter, Satan observed for the first time (because the mystery was not sooner revealed) that the seed of the woman, according to the promise, is the Christ and that the body members would be selected from among men and be designated as the church. In his desperation to destroy this seed, he again resorted to fraud and deceit and proceeded shortly thereafter to organize a counterfeit system of the Christ. Civil Rome had become a world power. It was a pagan nation. Christiaus began to grow in number. Desiring to corrupt Christianity, Satan induced the autocratic Constantine to profess the acceptance of Christianity. It is unnecessary to cite history to show the wickedness of Constantine. Yet by his accepting Christianity in form, but not in fact, Satan accomplished a two-fold purpose; viz., the corrupting of the church nominal and the uniting of the civil and ecclesiastical powers, and there began the development of the Antichrist-Satan's own seed. In time Pagan Rome became Papal Rome, an ecclesiastical power exercising civil anthority, which the Scriptures denounce as whoredom.--Revelation 17: 1- 5 .

We quote the following from Lord's Old Roman World, showing how Satan corrupted the early nominal church and thereby added others to his seed, which has since warred against the true seed according to the promise:
"It was not till the Fourth Century-when Constantine was converted; when the church was allied with the state; when the enrly caith was itself corrupted; when superstition and vain philosophy had eutered the ranks of the faith-
ful; when bishops became courtiers; when churches became both rich and splendidi; when synods were brought under political infuence; when monachists [monks] had established a inlse principle of virtue; when politics and dogmatics went hand in hand, and emperors enforced the decrees of [church] councils-that men of rank entered the church. When Christianity became the religion of the court and of the fashionable classes, it was used to support the very evils against which it originally protested. The church was not only impregmated with the errors of pagan philosoploy, but it adopted many of the ceremonies of Oriental worship, which were both minute and magnificent.
"The clergy, ambitious and worldly, sought rank and dislinction. They even thronged the courts of princes and aspired to temporal honors. They were no longer supported by the voluntary contributions of the faithful, but by revenues supplied by government, or property inherited from the old [pagan] temples. Grent legacies were made to the church by the rich, and these the clergy controlled. These bequests became sources of inexhanstible wealth. As wealth inerensed and was intrusted to the clergy, they became indifferent to the wants of the people-no longer supported by them. 'lhey became lazy, arrogant and independent. The people were shut out of the government of the church. The bishop becane a grand personage, who controlled and appointed his clergy. The churoh was allied with the state, and religious dogmas were enforced by the sword of the magistrate.
"An imposing hierarchy was established, of various grates, which culminated in the Bishop of Rome. The Emperor decided points of faith, and the clergy were exempted from the burdens of the state. There was a great flocking to the priestly offices when the clergy wielded so mucl power and became so rich; and men were elevated to great sees [bishoprics 1 , not because of their piety on tatents, but by their influence with the great. The mission of the church was lost sight of in a degrading allinnce with the state. Christianity was a pagenat, a ritualism, an arm of the state, a rain philosophy, a superstition, a formula."

In due time there was a great cffort at reformation and much progress was made. The Protestant church was established, but with its establishment the adversary
again sowed the seeds of wickedness and in the course of time ambitious clergymen in all the Protestant systems were teaching Satan's first and famous lie, the doctrine of inherent immortality and the hindred doetrine of etermal torture; and mixing politics and religion, civil and eccleciastical functions, they gradually drifted anay from the Lord and his teachings and thus Satan gathered more into his net.

In all these systems, however, both Catholic and Protestant, there have been some true Christians and are yet true Christians. But every one of their leaders that has fallen to the flattery of the adversary has become his real jnstrument and his seed; and they do his will, especially when they preach that the dead are alive, thus denying the fall of man, denying the ransom sacrifice, and denying the resurrection and restitution of the lruman race.

Who is the seed of Satan? Jesus answers: "Ye are of your father the devil, and the desire of your father ye will do. He was a murderer from the beginning, and abode not in the tinuth, because there is no truth in him. When he speaketh a lie, he speaketh of his own; for he is a liar, and the father of it." (John 8:44) Then we ask, Is it the will of God or the will of Satam that the doctrine of inherent inmortality-there is no death-be tanght? The answer is obvions. It is Satan and his emissaries that would ever keep before the minds of the people, There is no death. "In this the children of God are manifest. and the children of the devil: whosoever doeth not righteousness is not of God, neither he that loveth not his brother."-1 John 3:10.

## DEMONS IN BABYLON

But, says Mr. Psychic, have not these distinguished clergymen given their lives to a study of the Scriptures

and are they not qualified to answer, and when they soy that we can communicate with the dead shall we say that they are working in conjunction with the demons?

A brief examination of the Scriptural account will satisfy your mind upon this subject. The word Babylon originally meant the gateway to God. Afterward, in derision, it came to signify confusion, because at Babel the language of men was confused. The ancient city of Babylon typified mystic Bahylon. Mystic Babylon is described in Revelation 17:1-6 as "Babylon the Geat, the Mother of Harlots and Abominations of the Earth". Harlotry is the illicit relationship between church and state. In the Scriptures a good woman is used to symbolize the true church-the bride of Christ-while a harlot symbolizes the false church. The fact that this Scripture speaks of one as mother of harlots indicates that there must be danghters. The Papal system claims to be the mother church and avers that the Protestant systens are her danghters. The word, then, in the larger sense applies to ccclesiasticism, Catholic and Protestant systems-not to the people in them. The Lord foretold that the seed of the serpent would spill the blood of the true saints, saying, "I saw the woman drunken with the blood of the saints, and with the blood of the martyrs of Jesus".

Throughout the greater part of the gospel age the seed of the woman, the true sainte, have been in captivity to and persecuted by the Babylonish systems; and truly the church systems represent confusion; for none of them teaches a harmonious doctrine, pither in harmony with the Word or with each other. It is a fact too well known that the churches, Catholic and Protestant, hase become exceedingly worldly. It has become jopmlar for politicians to be members of a church. For instanes. in the year 1916 a governor of one state was elected
because he prayed publicly in the Baptist church and yet it was well known that he was not a follower of Christ. Politics and religion have become so mixed up that it. is an abomination in the sight of the Lord. The Lord foretold it would thus be, saying, "Babylon the great is fallen, is fallen [from God's favor], and is become the habitation of devils [demons], and the hold of every foul spirit, and a cage of every unclean and hateful bird. For all the nations have drunk of the wine [doctrine] of the wrath of her fornication [illicit relationship between religion and polities., and the kings of the earth have committed fornication with her, and the merchants of the earth are waxed rich through the abundance of her delicacies."-Revelation 18:2,3.

And this explains why the doctrine of the demons has gotten into the church systems and why many clergymen today who have forsaken the Word of God and who are teaching higher criticism and their own theories are annomeing that the dead are alive and that the living can communicate with them.

But, Mr. Newday, the Lord calls to you and to every Christian who really loves him and loves righteousness and who is yet in bondare to Babylon, saying, "Come out of her, my people, that ye be not partakers of her sins, and that ye receive not of her plagues".-Rev. 18: 4.

We note, for instance, that Bishop Fallows, endorsing the talking with the dead, says: "I have called the new science 'Immortalism' hecause it depends for its existence upon the immortality of the soul, in which we all believe, and the preservation of identity beyoud the grave". Many Catholic and Protestant clergymen adhere strictly to the doctrine thus stated by Bishop Fallows. 'They adopt the theory of communicating with the dead as conclusive proof of their position. By this they accept the lie that Satan told-"Ye shall not surcly [i. e. really]
die"-and deny God and Jesus and all the plain teachings of the apostles.

Above we quoted the Scripture that there is no other name given under heaven whereby we must be saved except the name of Christ Jesus. The testimony of the eminent witness Sir Conan Doyle is to the effect that too much stress is laid on the death of ChristJesus. SirConan is a very prominent man and he and the other professors named have a wide influence over the people and the public press is open to these influential men now to sway the people; and thus Satan is blinding these great men and is blinding those who yield to them, including a large number of clergymen, just as the Apostle said it would be. (2 Corinthians 4:3,4) If the people can be thoroughly convinced that their dead friends are alive and not dead, then they will believe that man did not fall; that there was no necessity for a redeemer; that Jesus Christ did not die to save them; that there is no resurrection of the dead; and thus Satan and the demons would succeed in destroying the faith of the people in God's great plan of redemption. It is easy, therefore, to be seen that one of the greatest menaces to the human race today, the strongest delusion, and that which threatens to destroy the very foundation of faith in God's word and plan, is the deception held before the people that the living can comminicate with the dead.

From the Scriptures above cited (2 Peter 2:4; Jude 6) we have seen that these demons were to be restrained in darkness until the judgment day. The clear inference to be drawn from this is that when the judgment day is reached they would be able to exercise greater power than ever before becanse they would be in a measure at least released from their restraint during judgment. Other Scriptures clearly and conclusively prove that we are in the time of the judgment upon thenationsandupon

Christendom, and that this is also the time of the judgment of the evil spinits, the demons. This explains why the World War which has just ended was used as a means of inducing more people to turn to spiritism. The great war was foretold by the Lord Jesus as the time when "nation shall rise against nation and kingdom against kingdom", and he further foretold that this would be one of the evidences of the end of the old order of things just preceding the inanguration of the new order, which is the Golden Age.

The Great Master stated that a further evidence of that time would be that this war would be followed by general social disturbance, revolutions, and like trouble throughout the earth; and we now see that in progress. As an additional evidence that we are at the end of the old order and the time for the beginning of the new, which will bring in the Golden Age, Jesus said: "As the days of Noah were, so shall also the coming of the Son of Man be". (Matthew 24: 3\%) It will be remembered, referring to the Scriptwal account of Noah's day, that the demons then had overreached and debauched practically all of the human race and the people were indifferent to the preachings of Noah and they were going about pursuing that which would gratify their desires. They had disregarded God and his Word, and we see exactly the same thing now prevailing; and it is being brought about chiefly through the ministration of demons who did the same in Noah's day. We warn you and the people, therefore, to be not deceived by the testimony of wise men, hut to turn attentively to a careful and faithful study of the Bible; which only contains the pure doctrine with reference to God's provision for the salvation and blessing of mankind.

The above Scriptural proof adduced, therefore, conclu-
sively shows that the dead are dead and are not conscious; that the living cannot communicate with the dead; and the testimony of the eminent wise men is fully and conclusively explained by the Scriptures, which show that in the time in which we are now living the demons would exercise greater power, deceiving the minds of many, indacing them to believe that their dead friends are alive and by thus pretending fraudulently to bring them a measure of comfort are in fact deceiving them and driving them away from God's great arrangement for their orrn salvation.

I perceive, Mr. Newday, that you love Jehovah, Christ Tesus, and the Word, and I perceive an attempt on the part of the adversary to accomplish the very thing that Jesus foretold. You remember in some of the testimony offered here by Mr. Psychic mention is made that Christ appeared with the soldiers on the battlefields, which we know is false and contrary to the spirit of Christ, because he teaches us to do good and not to do evil-not to war against each other-and positirely forbids us to kill. In answer to the question concerning cyents that would transpire at the end of the world, among other things he said: "There shall arise false Christs, and false preachers, and shall show great signs and wonders; insomuch that if it were possible, they shall deceve the yery elect"-God's om people.-Matthew 24: 24.

Satan is the prince of devils, or demons. The testimony offered in order to camouflage the real purpose and to enable deception to be practised upon Christian people pretends to put forth Christ and claims he was a great and mighty and good man, and that he now appears on the battlefields to comfort those that mourn and to comfort the bercaved ones at home. We know that Satan and the demons have no love for Christ and that their mly purpese in taking his name is to defmud. Such
action on their part marks this as the time mentioned by Jesus in Matthew 12:24-23-pointing to the fall of Satan's kingdom. The demons now breaking away from Saton's domination in a measure have produced a condition of amarchy in his realm. The Scriptures (Revelalion $7: 1-4$ ) show that they would be the canse of great tromble in the earth; and without a doulbt the prevalency of the spirit of insubordination, the spirit of revolution and anarchy, the spirit of wickedness in high places throughout the earth is due largely to the fact that the demons are influencing the minds of the people. They are convincing many that there is: no death and then injecting into their minds all kinds of evil thoughts. Without dount they had much to do with the conditions which provoked the world war; and when the war came, they took advantage of it to deceive the people further. And this condition will continue to grow worse and worse, resulting, as Jesus states, in "great tribulation, such as was not sinee the beginning of the world to this time, no, nor ever shall be". (Matther 24:21) But with the ending of this tronble will come the overthrow of Satan, his empire and all of his emissaries, to be followed by the righteous reign of Christ, bringing blessings to all the people.

I will submit with my argument and append to this copy for your perusal some of the great signs and wonders that these evil ones are working and which are calculated to deceive all except those who have their minds and hearts turned to the Lord.

The great time of stress is now on the world. The hearts of the people are made sad by so much sickness, sorrow, war, revolution, trouble and leath. The frandulent, dishonest and deceiving adversary-this he has always been-and his cohorts come forth with a pretended inessage of comfort taking advantage of this time
of distress. Pheir real purpose is to tum the minds of the people away from Good and away from Jesus, the great Redeemer and Deliverer through whom only the flessings can come to mankind. It will be of interest to you to notice for a moment what God purposes to do with the seed of promise. The Scriptures announce that when this seed of promise is completed, the church being fully selected and glorified with Christ at the time of his second coming and the setting up of his kingdom, there will be a time of refreshing for the blessing of the people. The people are really waiting for the manifestation of this seed, as St. Paul puts it: "The whole creation groaneth and travaileth in pain together until now" -waiting "for the manifestation of the sons of God". (Romans 8:29,19) This is the seed of promise through which the blessing shall come and will come. St. Peter describes it thus: "Times of refreshing shall come from the presence of the Lord; and he shall send Jesus Christ, which before was preached unto you: whom the heaven must receive lratain 1 wntil the times of restitution of all things, which God hath spoken by the mouth of all his holy prophets since the world began". (Acts 3:19-21) This is the time of reconstruction; and with the Lord's kingdom in full sway, with Satan bound, the reconstruction and blessing of mankind will procerd. "Because he [God] hath appointed a day, in the which he will judge the world in righteousness by that man whom he hath ordained; whereof he hath given assurance unto all men, in that he hath raised him from the dead." (Acts 17:31) Then all the dead shall be awakened (John $5: 25$ ) and given a full opportunity to accept the Christ and live everlastingly in happiness.

The Lord foretold how comfort would come to those Who have lost their sons, such as you and the good mothers described, good mothers whom these demons
are seeking to deceive: "Thus saith the Lord; A voice was heard in Ramaln, lamentation, and bitter weeping; Rachel weeping for her children refused to be comforted for her children, because they were not. 'Thus saith the Lord: Refrain thy voice from wreeping, and thine eyes from tears; for thy work shall be rewarded, saith the Lord; and they shall come again from the land of the onemy. And there is hope in thine end, saith the Lord, that thy children shall come again to their own border." (Jeremiah 31: 15-1\%) The land of the enemy here described is the condition of death, because death is the enemy.-1 Corinthians 15:205, 26.

That will be a time of rejoicing, as the Prophet boantifully describes it in the thirty-fifth chapter of Isaiah. 'There he points out that, when the Lord's kingdom is established, "the eyes of the blind shall be opened, and the ears of the deaf shall be unstopped"; and the prople shall rejoice with exceeding joy because the time for blessing has come; "and the ransomed of the Lord shall return, and come to Zion with songs and everlasting joy upon their heads: they shall obtain joy and gladness, and sorrow and sighing shall flee away". Why does he say here that sorrow and sighing shall flee away? We answer, Because it is Messiah, the Christ, the Seed according to the promise, the glorious kingdom, that will bring blessings to the people.

St. John the Revelator beautifully described the Luord's kingdom. In symbolic phrase he designates it as a holy city, saying, "And I John saw the holy city, new Jerusalem, coming down from God out of heaven, prepared as a bride adorned for her husband. And I heard a great woice out of heaven saying, Behold, the tabernacle of God is with men, and he will dwell with them, and they shall be his people, and God himself shall be with them, and be their God. And God shall wipe away all
lears from their eyes; and there shall be no more death, neither sorrow, nor crying, neither shall there be any more pain: for the former things are passed away. And he that sat upon the throne said, Behold, I make all things new. And he said unto me, Write: for these worls are true and faithful." (Revelation 21: 2-0) The Lord plainly shows when death will cease. Satan is trying to blind the people to believe that there never was any death; and thus, you sec, to accept the theory advanced by Mr. Psychic and his witnesses means to destroy God's plan. This Scriptural testimony should be so overwhelming and convincing that Christian people everywhere would resist the efforts of the adversary and turn their minds and hearts prayerfully to an examination and following of the Word of God.

Now, Mr. Nexday, the issue is squarely drawn and you must determine upon which side of it yon will stand. If you accept the theory presented by Mr. Psychic that you can communicate with your dead son, then you must believe that the dead are alive; you must believe that the soul of man is immortal-both of which views are contradictory of the Scriptures; you must repudiate the Bible account of $\sin$ and the fall of man; you must deny the doctrine of the great atonement sacrifice. Any doctrine or teaching out of harmony with the ransom sacrifice is absolutely false, because the ransom is the key to the understanding of God's plan of salvation. Further, you must repudiate the blood of Jesus which hought you; you must repudiate the Bible as a whole as the Word of God, and if you take this course you must believe Satan's lie instead of God's Word; and Jesus said conceming God's Word: "Thy word is truth". I feel sure you want the truth and not falsehood.

If you accent the Bible view of the question, which $?$ have presented to you, you will find it entirely consistent
with the fact that God created man perfect; that man sinned and fell and that Satan was the inducing cause; that Satan and his emissaries have attempted to blind the human race to God's plan of redemption; and that he seduced the angels, causing them to become demons, and they together are the ones now that misrepresent the dead. You will find the Bible view of this question entirely consistent with the great ransom sacrifice and God's wonderful plan for the resurrection of the dead and for the blessing of all the families of the earth in due time. Troth must be shortly taken from the scafiold and forever enthroned. The two forces are now in a desperate and final conflict. You must align fourself upon the side of one or the other. Choose you this day which you will accept, error or truth.

I am now content to submit my side of the case upon this argument; but for your convenience and that of others, I append hereto a more specific reference to operations of the demons.

## CHAPTER IF

## NEWDAY's CONCLCESION

Mr. Newday: Gentlemen, I thank you for the presentation of this matter. I have followed your argument with keen interest. As I listened to that of Mr. Psychic it seemed so plansible that I was almost persuaded ; but when I come to compare it with the Word of God, I am constrained to use the words of St. Paul: "Let God be true but every man a liar". (Romans 3:4) As I stated to you in the outset, I have been striving to be a Christian all my life. Many of these deep questions I bave been unable to understand, but as I have listened to the presenfation of this sulyject I have received great enlightenment. I believe in the Lord Jesus Christ. I helicve that he died to save us from our sins and that he was resurrected from the dead and ascended on high; and I believe that he has been selecting his church for the past cemturies, and the cridence seems clear that soon his kingdom will be established, and, as announced time and again in the Bible, that the purpose of this kingdom is to ratend blessings to all the families of the earth. And this being true, the theory that the dead are alive somewhere and can communicate with the living camot be true. On the contrary, I see that Satan for many centuries has held before the people that which Jesus denomecs as the first lie, vir., There is mo death.

And all this testimony presented here on behalf of or by Mr. Psychic, even as claimed by hìm, is based upon the theory that there is no death; and since this theory is supported only by Satan's falsehood, I reject it most emphatically. I rejoice that the Lord has permitted me to see this clear distinction between truth and error;
sud as thus I try the spirits (doctrines) and measure them by the great ransom sacrifice, I am convinced of the truth as taught by Jesus and the apostles; namely, that the dead are dead; that. Jesus has provided a redemption price; that in God's due time there will be a resurrection of the dead and that all will have an opportunity for life everlasting who will render themselves in obedience to his rightems arrangement. And while I am convinced of this side, I shall be pleased, Mr. I, ighthearer, if you will attach to your argument the answer to the points that you have indicated.

## CHAPTER $V$

## DIEMON PHLDNOMENA ANALYZED

The Book of Revelation is written in symbols. The "four winds of the earth" of Rerelation 7: ]. symbolize the demons inhabiting the atmosphere around the earth. The conclusion must be drawn from this text that a period of time would come in the world's history in which the demons would have their restraint in a measure removed and there would be a great time of distress and trouble in the work, for which they would be largely reaponsible. Certain Scriptures tell of a whirlwind that will be raised up from the coasts of the earth. (Jeremiah 23: $19 ; 25: 32,33 ; 30: 23$, 24) 'l.hese words are also symbolic, used evidently to convoy the thought of a time of great activity of the demons. Siatan. the chief of devils, the Apostle mentions as "the prince of the power of the air". (Ephesians 2: 2) The letting loose of these winds or air powers (devils) would sem to show that God would remove his restraining hand and then there would follow a reat trouble. For years these demons have been exercising their power to the extent granted. Had they been permitted to exercise unlimited power they would have wrecked the world long ago.

Without doubt the great revival of so-called communication with the dead, which in fact is demonism, that came with the world war is another proof of the time in which we are living and proof that the demons are exercising greater power becanse of their time of judsment. The Scriptures indicate that all people, being overreached by their sinister influence, will suffer great-
ly. In order that the reader might see the many inconsistent things they do, and in order that the reader might appreciate the baneful influence of these evil ones, we give herein a statement of many so-called phenomena that the public press has reeently recorded. A brief statement is made in the analysis, followed immediately by a number enclosed in parentheses, which corresponds with the number of the subhead set forth in this chapter; and by referring to that the facts can be ascertained. For instance, we say conceraing these demons, "They hate and fear the light (9)"; and by reference to this number the proof of the statement here made can be found.

## SPIRITISM IN THE PUBLIC PRESS

## THE SATTRE gF THE MESSENGERS

For bubstantiation sec items on folloncing pages as indicated dy numbers.
They are liars and deceivers ( $1,2,3,4, \overline{3}, 6,22,4 \mathrm{a}$, ) ; they hate and fear the Bible ( 7,12 ), and vidicale it $(8,11)$; they hate and fear the light ( 9 ) and hate the thought of Jesus as mun's ransom (10, 11, 12); they encournge prayers for the deud (1f).

They claim to speak as the voice of the Almighty ( 13,45 ), yet they encourage and advocate loose morals ( 15,16 ), hate no interest in mankina (17), have done nothing for matskind ( 18,20 ), supply neither wisdom nor comfort (19), and promuce evil and only eril effects (20).

They insult and scold (4), curse amm swear (21, 22, 23. 83), create discord and confusion (38), take adrantage of the wenk (39), frighten dumb animals (24) and have frigitened soldiers into insutnity (25). They do nets of malicions mischief (26), commit arson (2T), lend to sticide (28, 29) and incite to violence and murder ( $0,30,31,32$ ). They are fraudulent and malignant (33,34, 82). They pretend to have high moral principie but are sinister, deniaverl and obscene, and convinced of their own immorality ( $6,23,25.36$, $37,35,83$ ). They are the spirits of devils ( 36 ) atkl delight to
finder God's work ( 40 ). They deny the existence of Satan in some spiritistic cults (41) and worship him in others (42).

## THE METYODS IBY WHICEI THEY MANIFEST THEMSELYEG

They are made of the tinest gas, held together by electricity (43) and are cuuntless myriads in number ( 48,63 ). They sometimes impress the brain from without and sometimes from within (5, 6, 29, 31, 32, 44, 83, 86). They have the power to inject thoughts into the mind ( $45,46,88$ ), and if for any reason the will is weak or not wholly in harmony with God's will they may even read the mind (32, 34, 37 , (68, 88). They fill the mind with womberful illuminations ( 47,48 ), produce strange ligints ( 25,48 , 65), cause dreams (30), and impress upon the mind pictures which the eye does not see ( $29,45,49,59,90$ ).

They deceive the senses ly sumposed but not actual materializations (51, $\mathrm{D}^{2}, 53,54$ ). There are, however, actual materializations, composed of living materinl drawn from the merlium's body for the purpose ( $9,630,56,57,58,59,60$ ) , The method by which the demons invarle and use the medium's person (61, 63,63 ) is of an electrical or galranic nature (45, S3).

The first step in the road to ruin by these evil angels is the use of the ouijn bourl no planchette now to be found everywhere ( $2,22,40,75,83,86,87$ ). The next step is to use the medium's hand in writing (20, 67. 68, 69, 83, 88), and the next is possession, described above. Dpmons have power orer the voices of those they obsess ami have romal powers of their own (39, 45, 64). 'Ihey can imitate the scent of roses ( $65,66,90$ ).

They draw and paint pictures (29, 70, 71.) nud produce pictures on semsitized plates ( 72,73 ). They have directed the staging of a play ( 7.45 . They play musical instruments and produce a variety of other solunds (75, 76, 77). They do various lifting feats ( $9,45,57,76,78$ ) and by these various phenomena use up electionl energy ( 78 , 79 ).

## HOW THEY AFFECC THERR VICTMS

By their seizure of the base of the brain of mediums ( 81 , 82,83 ) they imperil the physical health ( $79,80,83$ ), interrupt the step ( 83 ), cause loss of sleep ( 82 ), shatter the nerves and break the spirit ( $20,84,85$ ). Althongh they may to sain a point, temporarily heal a disease ( 48,69 ), yet in the end they slrive their victims to insauity $(37,85,86,87$, $88,89,90$ ).

## TIZE 3GFWARDS WEICH THEY PROMISE

These almons armit that their habitat is in tartarus, the atmosphere of this earth (43). They teach that in it is a heaven unkiown to the Bible (91), wherein prominent saints are Jefiorson (0S), Mark Twain (75), Napoleon (96), Roosevelt (75), and Washington (97). In this heaven their recoods indicate that, hesides other attractions, there are blaciboards (95), book-binderies (91), brick-yards (94), polleges (91), cats (15, 93), dogs (15), glue factories (94), laboritories (91), lawlessmess (99), liars ( $1,2,3,4$, $5,6.22,45)$, lime-kilns (94), liquor ( 15,02 ), manure ( 02 ), murders ( $\overline{5}, 30,31,32,95$ ), museums (91), newspapers (01), paper mills (!1), peate conferences (09), sanatoria (91), saw-mil]s ( 84 ), schools (91), sexunl delights (10), sheep (91), tobacco (15, 33), theaters (91), tweed clothes (92), and whiskey (92).

## LIOW THEEE BOGLS MINISTERING SPIRITS MMNISTEN

They follow up the relatives of their victims (100), locate lost pictures (101), and act as the bearers of so-called telepathic messiges (102, 103).

## THE OMNOUS SITEATION

Demonism is sweeping the earth (104, 105, 106, 107, 10S, 109). While it has not deceived The Watca Towek (40, $45,46,50,59,67,68,76$ ) and a few other theologians ( 20 , $39,83,84,87,110)$, jet there are many ministers who have been totally deceiverl by it $(14,16,51,52,54,65,71,107$, 108, 109). This spiritism arace is nothing more or less than a reviral of the necromanes (110) denounced in the Bible, n return to the witcharaft practised in the days of King Saml (111).

## TIIE REMEDY

The remedy for demonism lies in a resolute fixing of the wind upon good and useful things, a heaty interest in cioing all that is cone as unto the Loro, in ommination to resist everything akin to spiritism and occultism, avoiding them as you would the plague, ind as you value your happiness here and your salvation hereafter.

## THEY ARE LTARS AND DECELYERS

(1) The New York fimes quotes Dr. J. KI. McMahon, the Foman Catholic theologian as saying:
"The testimony is unanimous that you can't always believe the spirits."
(2) The Pittsburgh Pross contains a clispatch from New York stating that a womian's apartment was robbed of gems worth $\$ 15,000$. Detectives were called in. While there the woman asked a ouija board whether the thief was still in the house. The board lied and said yes. He was not there.
(3) The Woodhaven J.cader-Obsenver narrates an incident where a woman whose son was drowned by the sinking of the Tampa in Bristol Channel, on the west coast of England, September 26,1918 , is sabld by his mother to have told her through a ouija loord that the ship was bombed by a zeppelin. This was not the case as the ship is known to have been torpedoed by a sulmarine.
(4) Rupert Hughes in the Cleveland Plain Doaler says of a noted spirit medium:
"Mrs. Piper"s wonderful hand was controlled by Dean Briclcman Conner who wrote from Mexico that he was in prison and wanted to be rescued. It was proved afterward that his hody had been in its grave all this while. It sickens my sonl to be atsked to plod hack along the same old ruts with the same old insolent and insulting liars, swindlers, lovers of the dark and practicers of legerdemain that have made a Coney Lsland out of sacred territory since, the first contemptible magician hoodwtaked the first hungry dupe."
(5) Of a woman, who was lured by the spirits into killing her child, the Chicayo Tribune says:
"Mrs. G. explained that she had been told at the spiritualistic meetings that she was a mediuna. She attenderd mectings for a jear before the voicea told her to kill Eleanor. She was told to sit for development and the messnges would come to her. They did. They were whispered to her all the time. One roice told her it belonged to a mon whe did not know who had lived and died in that neighbormool and was still lingering around in spirit. The yoices nt tintes because confused. They told her once to go to Hanville. When she packed up to go they told her not to go. She did not know what to do, which voice to obey."
(6) Of another refined and educated woman, who was gradually led by the spirits to the belief that she had been married on the spirit phane, the same paper sives the following sad story:

[^2]wonly be at the Hackstonc. She went to meet him, but the clerk said he was not in. Then 'the voices' began to bother ber. They came from evil, she thought. She found that her 'musband' was being detained at a sanitarium at Lake Forest. So she went nit there, too. Later she was sent to a sanitarium at Mintwaukee. She was continced that her 'hasband was shot and sbe tried to kill herself."

## THFY HATE AND FEAR THE BIRLE

(7) The Watchman records the experience of a Korean woman possessed with five demons who went to Christian missionaries to have them pray for her deliverance from their power.
"While sitting with her face to the floor, with eyes shut, muttering to herself, an open Bible was placed on the back of her head. She at once suatelned it away, saving that she was afraid of it. Hot when a sone hook was likewise piacel, she laughed, saying it conld not hurt her."

## THFY RIDICLLE THE BIBIE

(8) The Progressive Thinzer, a leading spiritist paper. says:
"The rriter of Genosis starts out by saying: 'In the beginning God createl the heavens and the carth,' and he mentions three distinct days before the sun was created; then he tells us how God made man and never thought abont making woman until he saw that his man was tired associnting with animals; then he made the firat wiman out of man's rib. Tater, a devil got into a snake and defeated all Gor's plans. In this more enlightened age of the world, clear thinkers do not believe that the universe bad a beginning, but that it always existed and always will exist."

## TKEY FATE AND FEAR THE LIGHT

(9) The New York Uvening Telegram narrates that at a private séance, while a table was being turned on end and lifted by the spirits:
"The writer, becoming nervous over where they might attempt to gut the table, fashed on light, which revealed table directly in my line of vision back of medium, its lower enf fnlly two feet from hoor. Alas I did not consdaer result. The table fell with a crash that jarred the whole house and frightened the women of the party so that it broke up our sitting."

THEY HATE THE TEOGGET OF JESC' AS MAN'S RANSOM
(10) The Progressive Thinker, spiritist, says:
"The dogmas of vienrious atonement and the forgiveness of sins are overthrown by Spiritualism,"
(11.) The Weck? Joumal, spiritist, says:
"It is an absurd idea that desus was a perfect man. Jesus had defects and imperfections like all other men. He was a simple Jewish enthusiast and religions reformer, foolishly supposing himself the Messiah, thereby coming to an untimely death."
(12) Moral Philosophy, a spiritist book, says:
"Sinughtered oxen, hearatombs of human victims, or ten thousand bleeding Christs will not atone for the least transgression of the laws of our being. . The true redemption is not througt the . . efficacy of Christ's bloon. . . Terrible is the she. nificance, and lumilinting . are the words. 'peace with God' 'reconciled unto God,' 'atonement,' "salsation through the blood of the lamb, . an endless vocabulary which is fossilized ignorance, credulity, fear and rascality."

THEY CLAIM TO SREAK WITH TEE VOICE OF THE ALMIGHTY
(13) A writer in Cosmopolitan, whose little daughter is a medium, reports these beings as saying through his daughter:
"We are expressions of him ; but do not forget that it is he who speaks through us, and that we are the refiections of his glory."

THEX ENCOURAGE PRAYERS FOR THE DEAD
(14) At the Congress of the Church of England, Lefcester, England, October 16th, 1919, Dean Welldon said:
"I think spirttualism bas come to fll a void in church practise, and becnuse of the coldness in the services, intercessions for the departed slousld be restored."

## THEY ENCOKRAGE AND ADVOCATE LOOSE MORALS

(15) The Niew York Evening Jowrnal reports Sir A. Conan Doyle, spiritist, as expressing his opinion that besides sexual attraction, liquor and tobacco, the delights of the spinit world are just what they are here. He says:
"Happy circles, fife in pleasant homesteads, beautiful gardens, Jovely flowers, green rroods and domestic nets-all of these are described in messages from pioneer travelers, who bave at last got. back news to these who still loiter in the dingy old home. It is described as a place of joy and langhter and games and sports, and yeopled by those who are without deformity or hodily weaknesses. Let no womad monra her lost beauty, no man sorrow for his lost strength. All is waiting on the other side."
(16) A writer in the New Fork Evoning Tclogram claims that it is the teaching of the most prominent spiritists that in the spirit world the bereaved mother:
"Will meet agnin her own Tom, Dick or Harry with all his lored fralts and failings, and with the hair, smile and features she knew so well."

The same writer quotes Bishop Charles Sumner Burch as saying:

[^3]used the most alluring perfumes, dressed in the latest styles and spent her time between the theatre, the cubaret and the iridge table.
$\because$ Sipiritualism, if rightly uaderstood, holds ont a new promise and a new help to the jnasses, a nely promise of reunion to those Who have mot faith enough to be satisfied with the gliupses ofiered by the Bible."

## they have no meal interest in mankind

(17) A writer in the San Diego Evening Tribune savs:
"I clon't know why there seens to be such a lack of interest in the spirit world regarding what is happening in this world. There is certainly more wisdom on the other side than on this side; for death has swallowed millions of wise men; but most of the communications hs far as I have been able to ascertain relate to frsonal hfiairs; תome of them so far contains muel constructire material for rebabilitation of a sadily cilapidated world:"

## TEEX HAVE HONE NOTHING FOR MANKIND

(18) Mr. Jerome K. Jerome in the New York Tribunc says:
"I take the bast five vears. Has spirituallsm done anything-is it dolng anything-to help man to be less brutal, less hypocritical, less greedy: Has it done anything-is it doing any thing-to lessen the appalijng wickedness that is threatening, like some foul weer, to poison the whole earth? For tve years sayasery and cruelty have been preached to us from the pulpit and from press. Our chiliren are being taught it at their mothers' knees. Venceance and lintred are the new virtues. Chilist, gmind roars of laugliter, is mocked in our parliaments. Wint has spiritmalism done-what is it doing-to help mankind to recover its senses, its manhood; to rescue fits soul from being withered by Iust and passion?"

THFIE SLEPLY NETTHER WLSDOM NOR COMFOET
(19) The San Francisco Call and Post says:
"These spirit messages are usually commonplace and gossiping, or impossible to understand. They tell no great secret, reveal no divinity of mystery, give no really satisfying comfort to saddener hearts. The spinit correspondents are strangely dispassionate; they do not thank the world for having set them free from their bodies: nor to they curse that world whose only gift to them was death. Anil, most important of all, they are telling no secrets and revealing mo wisdom, these dend men who should know ererything now:"

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(20) Dr. J. F. Mcacahon, the Roman Catholic theologian, is reported in the New York Times ns saying :
"After seventy rears of spiritnallstic teaching and writing there has mot been conferred upon mankind one benefit. Mankind has onty been dieceired by ralse limes. The whole history of spiritualistr. is shot through with eril ethects njon physieal and moral health."

## rffex clinse AND SWEAx

(21) \& woman writing in the Theoma Sumday Ledger marrates that she went to a medinm who put her in commonication with an ittelligence who represented himself to he her becensad mobund. She salys:
-I wert to consult lim nlout a husincss dead, and the first fhing he said was, 1 can't see why you always liaye to be late. If we men ran our business the way yon women do things, where in the name of heaven wonld we lie!' And you know dear John always comphined about my being late all the time. It was just like him."
(22) The Binghamton Morning Sun repotts a former ouija board medfurn as stying:
"The ouija hoard lies so that yot can't believe anything it says, and sometimes it. swears so that you do not want io be in the same room with it, and the planchette is just as bad."
(23) A spiritist is reported by Signs of the Times as having made the statement:
"This spiritualism would sweep the world, were it not for just ome thing. When the spirits are communicating with yott, they may take a notion to curse and swear in a manuer the most horrible, and to say and suggest the most obscene things imaginable."

## THEY FRIGETEN DUMB ANIALALS

(24) The Harrisonbmrg (Va.) Neres Record reports a barn in the vicinily apharently occupied by evil spirits and says:
"Worses in the barn cannot be kept haltered because they become frightenell and break, the clanins by rearing back; the dows wily not yo near the barn."

THEY HAFE FRIGHTEARD SODDIFRS JSTG INSANITY
(25) The Briclseport Erening Post contains an account of an apporition which, frequently repeaten, caltsen four sobdiers to go insane. Jlhis happened at a castle near Milan. Itals. The accoumt says:

[^4]
## THEY SO ACSS OF MALICTOTS MESCHfF

(20) The Binghamton Press tells of activities of demons in a honse near Duthlis, Trelond:
"rornable began when lirieks hegan to fall rlown the rhimney and orbaments were broken withent visible agency. It the mast few weck the activities of the ghost have preatly increasel.

Windows are broten, gots smashem, bricks come tumbling down on the floor and disappear. While the frightened owner was looking att his clock the liands disappeated."

## TIFF COMISIT ARSON

(27) The Minneapolis Jonrmal tells how eleven fires were started by demons in one home within a period of thirty hours. It says:
${ }^{4}$ The first fire was discorered at 3 p. m. Wernestay in a clothes closet adjoining the kitchen. Mrs. Stub guenched the fames. Four hours later she found the closet on fire apain. At 8:30 that evenide, Ann, 3 rears old, screamed in the kitclien, and her parents found a bow of ribbon ticd to a basket on a table, bursting into flame. Mr and lirs. Stub then left the honse. At 9 p. m. sereams from the children roused C. H. Francis in his room on the second floor. He fonnd a babr's hood, on a doorknob, bnrning. Fifteen minntes later, summoned by cries, he came in time to bent. out $n$ blage in a suit of pajamas om a chair. Within a quarter of an bour, another binze broke out in a blanket, soaked in aranching the first closet fire. And at 10 p. m. a pile of clothing in the widdle of the floor began to burn.
"The next fire was found nt $5: 30$ p. m. yesterdav, when haby blankets on a clothes-line took fire. At intervals of a fer minutes three more fires broke out, one in a curtain, one in a rope hanging on the wall, and another in a ple of diahtowels."

THEY LEAD TO SUICIDE
(2S) Chicago dispatches lell of a girl who became so infatuated with the tenchings of spiritism that sine took poison so she could enter the spirit world that much sooner.
(29) Prophetio Neies tells of a man who nt first yielded lis hand to spirit-writing, and then, becoming disgusted, threw into the fire a heatutifully drawn demon-made picture of his mother, becnuse he was convinced she was not wandering about the earth in company with other spirits. He was then subjected to clairaudient and visual torments. In vision he was tried and condemned by a council of fallen angels nibd when he attempted to pray his ents were filled with clatiraudient voices denouncing him. He snps:
"In the midst of all these dingers and difficulties by which I was well-nigh orerwhelmed, a commanding vice from an invisible spinit called me, sasing words to this effect. That: I had become so novironed and besieged by evil spirits that there was no deliyerance for me on earth, and that heman angel of the Lord-had descended from hearen to hear me this command from the lord Jesus-that I must die by my own hand to escape my persecutors, and that my soul should then find rest in hearen.'

He could not conceive it possible that the evil spirits would wse the sacred name of Cheist for such a purpose, but they did. The man drank poison and recovered. They came ngain, ordering him a second time to commit suicide and be cut the temporal artery and was trying to cut another
artery when he fell, wenkened by the loss of blood. By a miracle of the Tondl's grace he recovered and found the demons had lost their power to approach him.

## THKY INCITE TO NCRDER

(30) The Chicago Herald Eraminer tells of a sea-captain Who when convicted of murder gave as his excuse for the murder:
"I had a dream last night, in wlich I snw my dead mother, grandmother and Gorb They told me if I went into the street and saw a desperate burglar I was to shoot him and I would go to heaven."
(31) The Mansfiek Neus tells of the defense of a man who was convicted of killing a neighbor:
"I was commanded by a roice which woke me from sleep to po to Spencer's cabin and kill the devil.
.The voice told me that the devil had one of my friends tied up there. At first I thonght it was a dreamy hallucimation and remained in hed. But I soon heard the voice agitim and got up and dressed."
(32) The Chicago Ners made an investigation of spirit Dhenomena and reached the following conclusions:
"As to the woices that so many are bending car to catch. Ihare learned that they are more likely to suzgest evil than rooi. Man is a spiritual being, but does not always find it out at death, I ams toda. Men and wotuen who cling to thourhts of eatthly pleasures are hovering about us in spirit form. Their world is much like a jail broken lonse. Durs is shut, barred, bolted to them until they find a medium. Once a comumuncation is extablished it takes a poditive thonght to fixht oft these 'roices' or forces of exil. Vndeveloped minds, minds that lack will power, cannot maintain thenselves. That is why men in drink commit crime. That is why the 'insnne' are tortured. It is never safe to yield your will, your sonl or individnality, into the keeping of these unearthy joivers, for darkness may result. I found one womstur who was fed by the roices' to kill her little girl by atrowning her in a bath tuh. She was sorry to do it, she said, hut could not diselcey. I found a man who said the voices told him to strike a young man that he met coming opt of a restariant. He did so and now spents all his time talking to voices at the Chicago State Hospital at Dunning. There are hundreds of similar instances,"

TELEY AHE FHATIDULENT AND MALIGNANT
(33) Dr. Joseph MI. MeMahon, the Roman Catholie theologian, says in the New York Times:
"It is patent that in the manifestations of spirituatism we are confionted with the fact that evil nod malisnant infuences are enconnterem. We take our tostimony from that of Sir Oliver Lodge and Sir Conan Dosle."
(34) The London Daity Mrail says:
"The most tristed spirit friends or relations sometines after wears of intercourse, and often on their own admission, turu out to be masquerading entities who have culled the information needed
for the imgersomation from the passive minds and menomies of the experimenters, and who by some slip or some unnsundy bold manaturice in the and turn the tables aqainst thentselres. The moral character of the communicating inteligence is invariably of a low arder. This fact is and must be admitted by all umprejudiced jnquiress who hate an secirite knowledge of the suloject and who hate themsejues observed and experimented for a sumfeiens length of time. In mumerons instances, of comrse, this moral depravity is mot immodiately apparent-indeed it often rematus hidelen for yeara undier a mass of phatitudes and of high-sounding plarases, bat it almost always discloses itself in the end."

THET ARE STMTSTER, DEPRAVED ARD OBSCENE
(35) Dr. J. Golafrey Rappert, the Roman Catholic theologian, says:
"The pure and benntiful communications become mixed with impurc language: and finally, the victina awakeas to the fact that le is entirely mithe mercy oi a force over which his will no longer exercises the slightest control."
(36) The London Chronicle, reporting one of Dr. Raupert's lectures, ndds:
"Thirough the whole of his experience, he obtained nroofs that the character of these sufitis is immoral, and of $\mathbb{R}$ bighting intuence upon their victims. Although for a time they dictate high moral principle, esnenially to those who indulge in automatir writing, these invapiably demenerate into simister blasphemons, or obscene suggestions. Hints are thrown out that. morality is a matter of conventionality, that certain instincts are implanted in ns in orier to be gratisien. Mr. Taupert asserts that he has lanown many women ruined utterry in hody and sowl by these debasing fmmoralities, urged upon them when their will power had been destroyed by opening the doors of their mind to evil suggestions."
(37) Harrey O'Figgins, in the Philadethhia North Americun, says of the mind of these beings:
"It is a mind that easily escapes the control of tho conscious intelligence that ordinarily governs it : and once out of that control, It. makes for lissteria, neurasthenia, insanity-blence the warning of scientists ngrinst experimenting with it in your own person. Ita dontent is inordinately sexual, as the stadies of frend and his schoon lave made manifest; it ls also implicity religion: and tacitly convinced of its own immorality-whence, no donbt, comes the repellant mudile of retigion and frue love that has degraded the popnine revival of spiritualism in times past."
(38) I. F. Whitney, Elitor of the Pathinacr, says:

[^5]ums. from lives of mornlity to those of aensuality and imamoraity, Lraduaty and catiously undermining the foundation of cood princibjes, we look back with amazement to the radical change whicls a few months will hring about in individuals: for its tendency is in approve and endorse pach indicidual act and character, however good or bad these acts may be."
(3) The Binghamton Moming Sun contains dispatches from Columbus, Ohio, showing that several pastors of that city have right views on the subject of spiritualism:
"Spiritualism, timugh it comes to us under the guise of modernism. vee is not modern, but is as old as the acti-jifies of Satan minong men*, declared Rev. J. T. Britain, pastor of the Central J'resbytorian Churcha here, one of the most promineat of the clermben in ohios cajital city."

- inpiritualisn takes adrantare of neople when they are weak and worn out and morbid under lifc's bereavement and, through dying spirits, deceives and ensnares, sald Rev. Charles F. Virich.
*Tallen angels, because of their superior powers, are gble to imitate the vaice and mannerisms of our dead friends, thus decriting even the mediams who are under their control; declared Rev. W. H. Spring.'
(40) The Wratoh Tower tells of a believer in Christ's atoning blood who wos, for a time, led astray by spiritism to whom the evil spirits confessed through a ouija hoard:
"It confessed to me that the spirits who operate the board haye no other mission than to hinder all of the Lord's people. It further stated that they took special delight in buffeting hindering and endeavoring to ensmare Brother Mpssell and his colmborers at the Bethel home."


## TREY DERY THE EXISTENEE OF SATAX

(41) The Progressite Thinker, spiritist, says:
"Fell and fabled Satan, the whilom 'roaring lion', coursing un and down the earth, devouring old and young, the pauper and the alinent, we now find tethered fast wherever the light of spiritual scienee illumes the pathway. Liberal Christianity, İniversalism, linitarinnism, etco, sorefy ronnded the devil, but Spiritualism complety killed him, nid buried him out of sight, beyond all hope of resurroctian."

## HOWRYER SOARE SPIRTTISTS WORSFIP SATAN

(42) Vance Thompson, in Ererybody's Magasine, writes of the Satan-worshippers of Paris:
"It need harrlly be said that the rites wherein Tacifer is worshiped are hid in mucli mystery. A couple of years agn I visited one of the 'chaphe': it was in the rue Rochechonart. The Black Mass, which 1 bave no desire to describe, was celebrated. It wres Friday at three oclock. over the ation wan a winged figure of Eucifer, amid flamen; he trampled under foot $\pi$ crocodile-spmbol of the church. A few days ago I found the chapel closed. Only after patient research did $I$ find the mepy abode of the Satanists, Their chapel now is in a great new apartment-house at No. 22 rue dis fraissent, within the shadow of the cathedral of the Sacred Meart on Montmartre, is of old, Satall is worshipped; every Friday the Luciferinns gather. I could name many of them-men not.
unknown in the learned professions. Some ai them hase infnence enongh to secure, now and then, a right of midnizht entry is the catacombs; there amid skulls and bones, with orgies I do not care to destribe, they have worshipped the spirit of avil-calins mpe: Haphomet, mpon Lucifer and Beeilzelnb and Ashtoroth and Moloch, with eries and wailing hysteria. This attempt to resstablish the worship of the fallen archangel is, I think, the most remarkabie manifestation of mwdern occultism."

## they ahe mane of gas and ehectmotty and confined TO THE EAKIE's ATMOSPMERE

(43) No crealence can be placel in anything that these demons say, but. Word's problcms makes tile following statement of what they lave to say of themselves:
"These spirits say they are composed of the very finest gas, heid rogether by electricity. They at first retain the form of the body, but afterwards lose arms and leas, because these are no Jonger needed, and clange into the form of an amoba, becnuse that form is best adopted to fly through space. Then it can pass to higher planets. They cans see to the limits of the universe and through solid bodies, but it takes time to be able to leave the earth influence."

TSEY SOMETLMES IMPRESS TEEE BRAIN FROM GITETIN SOMITRIMES FROM WITKOUT
(44) In the New York Enening Tologram amedium, who has the clatrandient env, says:
"Beyond any physical ear is a hearing more acute, more delicately discriminating than phystical hearing. In the first degree the voice is clear, but apparentiy from within the bain rather than through the auditory nerve, But sometimes the voice wavers, ass though a door opened and chored with a mibd sweeping across it, rnd thus confused the resonance of a voice speaking to me from another ronnl. In wuch moments of instability the secoud degree of clairaudience sumerrenes. The voice speaks more closely, as though lips were held to my ear."

THEY FAVE THE POWER TO INJECT THOTGRTS INTO THE MIND
(45) The Watch Tower tells of a modium who was cleceired by a spirit impersonating the Abmighty. Coming at length to know he had been basely deceived he engagen the spirit in the following conversation:

## "'Q.: But do you never expect to be better?

"A. : Nerer. We are the debris of God's moral creation, cast off as far as we know only to be destroyed.
"Q.: But do not the pious dead surromat those who are sti:2 in the body as guardinas from the influences of evil?
"i.A.: They are never seen by us, if they do. We see nothing around the pions, any more than around the wicked, liut we abe often aronnd them ourselves, infnsing into their minds some infidei ar atheistic thought to see how they will receive it. We take deligit in disturbing and irritating them, just as we tho you.
" ' 2 .: How do the inhabitants of your world mosity syend their time?
"'A.: We spend the time mostry, sinee the discovery of the mediumistic commumications, in developing medimms: in making psyehoJugical experiments with them, and in commumicating through them.
${ }^{6}$ ' $Q .:$ Th what extent linre the powers of the sir dominion and mule over the children of men?
"'A. They hare the power to proctuce lifelike images in the minds of impressible medimms. This is often understood by them to be an actuil sight of a real object. This leads to a great variety of delusions.
" TThnse who are called lenders of Spiritualism, and who know the fillacy of those impressions, allow the deceptions to go on, and are tiverefore participators in the swimale. This stanps them mith infang: The spirits late the power of using fite thaman body, with all its organs and faculties. This is done in the case of trance speakers and personating mediums. Perlaps they enter the body ly means of electrical and galvanic infuences, aind, having entered, they use the vornl orgrans.
" They also massess power to more ponderous objents, such as tables, elanirs, etc. This is semerally acomplished by the ageney of scores and hundreds of the invisible workers."

## This writer further explains:-

" Thos could imitate ine manrer of speech pecaliar to my relatives and acquaintances, and so exactly did they give the particular intonation and inflections of voice, that I wonld fave benn compeiled to belisere the imjtation to be the real lind they not also imitatad the voices of somse whom $I$ knew to be living. L.pon ore occasion that occurs particularly to my mind, the roice, style of address, and intonation were so exnctily personilied that for the moment I felt positive that phe fentleman and the lady remresented had rinceased, and that their disombodied spirits were before me. But when I knew by the evidences of my whysical senses that it was not the case, I was then convinced that the spirits were presenting assumed charscters. dill my experiences with these beings who surround us in the air sum up this distinct conchusion: that they deljght in evil as their chief object, and especially thaf branch of evjl called slereption. If any oue thing pleases them more than any other, it is to make those in the carth-life beliove the most monstrous and absurd theories." "
(46) The same magazine also says of the third temptation of our Lord:
"As in the second temptation, we do not think our Loord was taken out of tue wilderness, but that mental suggestion was used to influence him to disobedience to the Pather, We nre inclined to think tinat the adversary was not visible to our Lord's natural sight but to bis mental vision. It is our thought that Satan was permitted to bring mental suggestions before our Lord's mind."

TEEY FTIS THE MIND WITH WONDEETVL ILITTMEATIOSS
(47) In the New York Euening Telegram a medinm describes the invasion of ber mind by the methocl of lilumination as:
"A blending of all the lights which fame the arennes of sense. It is not a matter of stray gleams embroidering shade. No, it is precipitaêc, bursting, luminous-revealing !"
(48) McClure's Magazine tells of a doctor who determined to seek occult help in the cure of clisease. He gave a
jention of ench day to a determined effort to yield his mind and body completely to these demoniacal powers:
"Day after day he persisted in this strange experiment and smon lie bogian to see smanl blue figures, irrountarly slonaed. that mocerl athout rapidly in the room and cast no shadows. Some ni these hlose haures were luminous, and among them were oecasonal luminous: white firnues. At first the doetor regarded this as an ballucination, all optical disturbance, similar to the dights that: one may sere by presising on the cyeballs and thus exciting the visual gerves; but in this case there had been wo pressure on the eyeballs nor athy understancable ratuse of the plienomena. Furthermore, as rays passed and the imvestigation proceeded, there was a notienathe inirease in the number of moving shapes untit these seemed to swarm everywhere, over the walls, pictures, furniture, like a colony of wriggling microbes seen ander a microscone. And they wete nearly always blue, although at times a barge yellow radiance woald inpear in the doorway or in some part of the room."
"As months passen, other persons were relieved of pain, other' cures were effected and it tinally seemed established that there was definite virtue in this method of treatment. Whatever these blue streatns were, they did good work, they helped people; ashl itay mention that one patient, while under troatment sind without any conscions simegestion fromithe doctor, told hitu that she saw binc shapes uhout her!"

THEF IMPMESS CPOX THE MINE PICTERES WHITH THK EYRS DO NOT SPN:
(49) The Greenville Dailh Picdmont remorts a prominent srand ousea singer as fainting awny on the edge of the volcano Kilanea. While in that condition her mind was filled with a viow of the erafer not at: all notnimable from the place where she faimed.
"We were as close to the cige as it was safe to get, when suddenly I secmed to flont away and out wer the crater. I could feel the heat scrobing my bovi, lut I got a elear and wonderful vier: of the seething mass of molten lava. I had no sense of my spirit being contined in my body. My pessom scemed to lage ao particular shape. When I recoverell $I$ wisi in my room at the hote with a woman friend bending over une. I was able to give a clear and fircurate description of the crator ami the interior of the volcanoThis was rerified later in its essential features. Our party had not left the spot."
(5) The Wafrh Toury relates another instance of at different matire, but illustrating the same principle:

[^6]pegent down to the ground, it being imposaithe for ang number of men to bave moved and replaced the pegs in so short a zime."

##  ACTUNL, MATERIAKIZATIONS

(51) One such instance, involving impresstons upon looth h.he eye and the ear, and calculated to preserve an old and worthless superstition that a priest on minister can render any suecial aid to the dying is marrated by a Catholic priest of Washington, D. Ci, and recorcled in the Denver Post:
"' One night. I was aroused from sleep by a little boy who came to we and satid, 'My mother is dying and I want hey shrived; come with me and I will take you to her isedsinge.' I wont with the boy to a neigitimorhood unfaniliar to me nud io a house I had not sntered before. The husband came to the door and said, "O Patiber, I nm so glad you 'fime'. The boy leel me to his mother's vide, and when the last rites liad been administered I turned to leave. The father of the boy then said, How meovidential that you cabled when sou did; I conta not leare my wife and had no one to send on this eirand.' 'Why, the boy brought me here,' 1 mill. "What boy? he asked. I looked around, but the boy had disapneared. "Jie told me that the sick woman was his mother,' I sald. 'We had a boy, but lue dicen,' said the fation, 'and that is his pirture on the whall.' $]$ looded up and said to him: "That ia the boy wito led me heve."
$(52)$ Another instance in which the eyes and ears of: some were influenced while only the eyes of others wore aftected appears in the Cupe Times, South Africa, which reports a materialization of an apparition claming to be In: Jotm Whilin, of Hambey Cougregational Mission, Gamtons Valley, wear Cape Dilizabeth. He appeared to a whole company on September Eth:
"They held a joint conversation with the appacition, which appeared at 0:30 3. m. The apmarition gare them a message of love. -His voiere somnded like the pentie monaing of ors antumn heares, Jut it was disfinctly athdible to seme of us.' The apparition asked ifter various dend and gone members of the congregation, and alenarted after a promise was given that a senvel would be made for the receipts, which dealt with certain grants of land. The doctor was dressed in black. and wore a black coat. Tfe repeated his visits uightly. instructing the searchers where the receipts migh possibly be fonnd. Te invariably denarter after they said goot night, but on the second risitation, says the principal, "the ond wentseman followed my houscisenyer into my room, where Thal made up a bed for ber as she was coo timid to shen thone she was so terrified thit night that she kept calling upon God to breserve her. 1 stajed awake all night and talked to her about all sorts of things, until the old doctor sot tired and left ws.'"
(53) Another instance, involving the deception of the: semse of we, eal and touch appeats in the fiaspow record. It recomms the experience of a doctor irl Chicags, who was visited in a dimis lighted apartment by his supposed deat sweetheart:
"She told me that she must go, but first kissed me. Then I put my arms about her and kissed her, hut as I did so the young woman-who was as completely material as anything could bemelted away into atmosplere. Of course, I have had many other experiences, but I regitd this is the most impressive. I would say the touch of a spirit hand is as a rose leaf. It is somethingnathing."
(54) McClurc's Magatinc narrates a similar case, a very sad one, from every point of view, in which a clergyman was deceived by the supposed materialization of his dead wife, in answer to his entirely un-serjptural and, therefore, improper prayers:
"'Well, eleven months massed after her death and she did not come to me, in spite of my pravers and longings, and althongh she was never out of my thounts tor a single day; them one night she came. I was lying in bed and the room was dark, bit i satu her as plainly as 1 see yoll and I was wide awake, as same as 1 ath at this myoment. I saw my wife! I touchent her: 1 felt her caresses. I heard her voice with its pretty sonthern accent that was so familiar. 'Will, I and here thave come!' These were the first words she spake. She stajed there with me for half an hour and we talked abont many things, just as we used to taik in real life-about the chilisen, ahout my work, about my grieving for her. I asked about her condition in the spirit world, but she would tell me nothing; she said she was not allowed to do so.'
"'It was a different body, a shadowy body, but I conld feel it, bevertheless. I combl feel it penetrating me, and I recornized her fice, her form. It was she! Wait! Listem! Just as you are startled. and, beforn I linew what I was doing, I had curned on the electrics and in the food of light i saw that she had disanpeared. 'Oh, dear God, forgive me:' I cried out. 'Let her come lack! Let her come back! Then I turned out the lights in an arony of bope and fear and-my wife same back!
"'Isn't-it possible you dreamed all this?"
"'No, no, no! I tell yok my wife was there. It is a mafter of olnsolnte certainty, just as I an certain that you are there Abi she has come back to me again in the same way on four other ciceasions it the past seventeen years. Miach time I have touchert ber, tonltea to her, heard her roice plainly. There is no possible roubt about it. There is nothing in my life as certain as this.'
"l'lease notice that this is the well-considered utterance oi an octive and successfui New Yorl clergyman who preaches twice every Sunday to large congregations, and lectures through the weck, a Inoad-shonidered citizen full of rapred henth and rigor, a doctor of divinity, a kindhearted and trustworthy man, ii J am any judec. Fe declares that his dead wife has come back to him five times, that he has touched her each time, talked with her each time, received precious counsel and comfort from her each time."

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(55) These materinlizations occur by a power which the demous phossess of being ahle to draw out of the nedium's body connected streams of the cells of which her body is composed, and then changing the form of these living cells into any desired appearance. They thus transform the medium into a hideous octopus-like creature, and this is the reason sćances occur in a dimly lighted room, with the
medium in a cabinet, so that the circle of investigators cannot witness the horrible scene as it really is. IF. Addington Pruce describes these phenomena:
"According to Professor Schrenck-Notzing and other European scientists who have been investigating her feats, darkness is not indispensible to the successful functioning of Bra's strange faculty. Xior does she resent precautions which would seen to rule out frand. Again and agaim, in the scientists ${ }^{2}$ own ronme and laboratories, she has submitted to the nost rigorons searching of her person before and after seances. She has pven permitted herself to be undressed and sewed up in a hag, covering her entire body with the exception of her head, Thias attired, and in a room andiniently illuminated for the purnoses of observation, Exia C. has gmazed her investigators by a bewildering variets of grim, one might almost say groesome, phenomena.
"Sometimes from her fingertins, sometimes from her ears, sotte. times from her nose, but mostly from her month, the Furopenn savants have seen emerge a graylsh-white substance which takes all manner of forms. Usually at first it is quite slaneless, or ribbonlike in appearance. But quichly it resolyes in to the semblance of bodily organs-half formed or fully formed hands, fingers, toes. etc.
"We roal in the records of this strangest of strange affars: 'The fingers and hands bad the character of living obiects, heing able to erasp objects held up to them-and most certainly wele not the medium's hande. More than this, the sabstance presently resolves inta the likeness of human faces, mostly the faces of beatutiful younc women. It has been found possuble to talie flashlight pictures of these, and they look for all the world like photographs of real penple.'
"Yet they are composed merely of a material which the records thtos describe: 'Tt is clammy to the touch like a suake, and has a certain amonnt of weight. It is sometimes wet, sometimes dry. sometimes hard, sometimes soft. Drops of it were obtained and manyzed, and showed on analysis cell residues."
(56) Dr. J. Godfrey Ranpert, the Roman Catholic theologian, suys on this subject:
"The spirits seem to draw upon the material substances of the mediam in order to clothe themselves as it were in the hmonan form or phantasm. Experiments, for instance, with the famous medium Jousapiat Puadino, who was weighed diring her trances, showeal fint she lost exactly half her weight; and experiments with nather medium, named Niss Wond, showed that the weight of the phantham conjured up by her was exactly half that of her own weight, which had been correspoudingly reduced."
(57) This subject has been investigated with the mid of scientific instruments by W. J. Grawforl, B. Sic., author of scientific text-books and lecturer at the Municibal Technical Institure and Queen's University, Dublin. Acoording to the Westminstor Gazette, he reports that he has been working with recording instruments apon the phenomena of tableraising and spisit-rapping ; and he fombltat when a tenmound table was levitated by a medium, the weight of the medium was increased by approximately the weight of the table, that the reaction of the lifting force did not reach
the floor of the room, that it increased rapidly as the underside of the table was approached, ind that it had a horizoutal, as well as a vertical, component.
(58) The Bostom Herald, discussing Dr. Urawford's studies, siays:
"Flis own theory, given in much detail and with the aid of nunerous diagrams and illustrations, is that the raps, levitations and other phenomena of the seance room are moduced by paychic, rod-like structures which Leave the body of the medium near the anties, extend jato the room and there cause the movements and noises observed. He regaris it as 'most likely that the structures are partly composed of matter borrowed from the medium's bodya king of majier unkrown to seience-the function of the median being to lend from her body psychic energy needed by the rods to do theit work. In confirmation of this yiew Dr. Crawforti tound that both medium and sitters lost some of their weight during the séances."
(59) Those who have read and understood the foregoing can see why rhe misty clouds were used in the following senances, as recorded in a letter published in the Watch f'ouer:
" After my mother's death my father married a woman tho was at shirit medium, and has since tried to eonvince me of spiritism. Ife has given me, repeatedly, accounts of materializing seances which he bas attemded both in his nivn home and in other places. He says he has seen as many as fifteen spirits developerl at one time, both adults and infants, while the medjum sat in her cabinet in view of her audience. Te says that sometimes he has scen a misty clond appear near the ceiling and gradually descent to the floor, raking form as it came down, until it stood upon the floor a solifi, tangible human being, and would clasp his hand. The band felt as tangible in his grasp as my own rould feel. He sivs his dead dangbters (my sisters) and other friends who ave dand have thus appeared to him robell in pure white. Sometimes they wouid materialize a sparkling hace showl and hold it un zod shatie it beiore him: they would sit down hy his side or in his lap and put ineir arms around his neck and ronverse with him of their hearenty home, its beauties, Its loyer fowers, etc., and of his own future, and of their care for him. Finally they would say, Well, I must so'-and the hand claspen in his, and which he wits holdine tigutly, wroud hegin to stik ont of his grasp, the body Would grow thin until obfects neross the room could be discerned thrown the almost transpareme body; then it would disappear, sometizacs going down through the foor."
(60) Lord Alfred Russell Wallace, spiritist, writes in a spiritist magazine called Reason an account of a seance held in a sealed room. It is ensy to see how these various matelializations were produced from the medium's body, one after another, by the method already described. He says:
"(1) A female figure in white came out between the curtains With Mrs. Ross in hinck, and also n male figure, nll to sone distance in front of the cabinet. This was apmarently to demonstrate, once for all, that, nhatever they were, the figures were not Mrs. Ross in dissmise. (2) Alter these had retired, three female figures appeared logeticer, in whitc robes, and of different heights. These came two
or three fect in firont of the curtain. (3) A male fisure came oud, recognized by a gentematn prexent as his soaz (4) a tall Indian lisure came out in white moscasins; be danced and spole; he also silook hands with me anil others, a farge, rough hand. (5) a Cemale figure with a baby stond close to the entrance of the eabi. net. I went wis (on inyitition), felt the baby: face, nose, and hair, atud lissed it-apparently a real, soft-skinned, living baby, Other ladies and gentlemen atreed. Directly the stabce was over, tho gas was lighted, and again I examined the ware walls of the cabinet, Whe curtains, and the door, all being just as before, and affording Ho room ot place for disposing of the baby alone, far less of tue other iggures."

TEXE DEAONS INVADE THE MEUITKS' PERSONS
(61) The New York Evening Telegrom contains an articte in which a medium stated that when her person is invaded by the evil spirit she has experiences clescribed as follows:
"I for the moment become the person, living or dead, of whom some one in the Vailed World wishes to speak, or who (it dearl) wishes to speak for himself. To me that is the most interesting phase of my gift. For, luaving suddenly nssumed a posture ot some one seeking identification, it seems a performance staged wholly outside my personality."
(62) Sir Oliver Lodge, spiritist, senses the same truth, as indicated by his statement in Metropolitan Magavine:
"It now began to appear to me that althouch a brain and nerve mechamison and a mosenlar organism were as neelful as ever for effective and demonstralue conmmication between mind and mind, yet that it was mossilife to use suelh an organism vimariously, and that identily of instrubent whs not absolutely csisentim so fong as siome phajsiological instrument was avaibable. In other words, that the brain and octanism of a living person might be utilized by deceased persobalitids whose own hody had ceasea to work. Mrs. Piper went into a trance and semed is it were to vacate her bolly for a time. In this condition, it appeared temporarily reyivified, not by her own personality but by another; and this secondary persomality, or whatever it ought to be callen, was able to managa what they callen the machine. so that through her bodily mechanism communications were received from persins deceasen, but still apparenty mentally active and rataiming their personal memosy and atfection, rhounh now able to display them only in a iragmentiry and imperfect mamer."
(63) Dr: James Fiyslop in the Sk Louis (flobc-Demoorat buys:
"Physicians, expert alienists, diagnose such cases as hysteria, dementia precos, paranola and other maladies. One investigation mkes us deeper, revealing startlingly the paralle between fact and ancient theory. We find the estimate of Minical times more accuvate that that of mokern science. In other words, we learn that many of these sufferers are literally 'possesserg of devils', that is, fre controlled by ban or mischievous gpirits. The evil spirits seem to be as disconcerimely plentiful as the physieal discase uerms: nuable to affect momial human beings, thes seen to seak as prey finose weakeneb by mitside troubles (as disease or disnster) of the sort which disimib relationsinius betuben mind and imely. Of the existence and persistence of chese evil or maticions spitrits there
is a mass of evidence such as cannot be controverted. The point is that real sins are of the will."

TELE HAVE ROWERS OVER TEE YOICE OF MEDICMS
(64) The Louisville Herald quotes Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, the spiritualist, as suying that at a seance he heard the voice of his son who had been dead for a year, and that the son asked him to forgive him for his previously expressed unbelief in soltitualism. Tluen he said the voice faded.

The Washington Past contatios an account of a medium Who knows only English, but gave message after message in German, French, Spanish, Itmian and Indian.

The Wrath Touer contains a story of a fine singer who Was approachaed clatiraudiently by evil spirits who promised that, if she would surrender her will to them, they woukd make her the sinest singer in the work. Alarmed, she refused, and her roice simutly hegan to fail until now its beaty is all gone; but the Lord gave her the truth instead.
(65) In the Toldisville Cowrictolounal a clergyman relates that while attending a seance with two other clergymen, where he saw bluish lights rise and fall, and a supposed. thesh and blood spirit kiss a wonan she had known in life:
"SudienIy in the overheated, hermetically closed ronm, delicious, Taves of fresh air mas, dharged with fragrance, which Betsy names for us. I recognize a mixture of sandalwood, rose and violet. Subtle at first, it leaves a feeling of infmite melancholy, evoking thonghts of cemeteries, autumn wishs and lead Teaves. But the thoughts which came to me seemed born of wilted roses."
(66) The Cleveland Pain Dealer contains an article from a womnn citiag six occurences of distinct scent of roses in the home following the teath of parents.

## THEY USE THE MEDIUM'S HAND W WRTTING

(67) The Watrh Torcer tells of a plan carried out by Dr. Fodgson and Frot. Hyslop to determine whether or wot the commminations of a certain mediam were from her or from other entities:
"The professor masked himself and discuised his raice daring bis visits to her, and while she lay unconscious, with het head upon a pillow restine on a table her hand wrote out messages alleged to rome from his father. This converted Hyslop to the spiritistic hypothesis."
(68) The Watch Toucer also says of writing mediums:

[^7]yet the manifestation is made through what is called the nervons fluids, a certain portion of which is remained in the arm for the purpose of action. Bint when the manifestation is what is callen an impressional manifestation, then the brain and entire nervors system is used."
(69) Basil King in the Cosmopolitun Mranaine says of himself:
"In writing these articles, J am little mare than an amanuensis, and I am at liberty to take a dotarhers and appraising view of this presentation of a treat topic for the sheer reason ilat the presentation is not mine."

He goes on to say, in effect, that these evil spirits are good Clumistian Scientisus amd that they arr the oures really responsible for the silly chatiex that "All is good, there is no evil": for when asked why they never expressed themselves on what Juman beings call fanlts, the demons said: "We do not know them. We look upon you and see all the goor-never any evil. We camme perceive evil and are conscious only of hlanks when it is present". This shows that these are not from God, for forl declares that his eyes are in every place "beholding the crif and the good".

## TEEE DRAW AND PANNT PICTERES

( $\overline{0} 0$ ) The San Diego Fuening Tribume contains an account of a goldsmith supposedly painting umeler the spiritual guidance of Robert S. Gifford, an artist of some note. Thommson, the goldsmith, duplicates Gifford's paintings, and is gudded hy clairvoyint ear to scenes from which the original paintings of Gifford were mide.
(71) Dr. Funk, of Funk \& Wixnalls, publishers of the Standard Dictionary and the Literary Digest, at a séance in Chichgo, selected from several canvasses one which was stretched on fame twenty by twenty-fonr inches. The accolant says:
"Nobody spokie or moved. In abont three minutes a cloud xemed to pass over the canvas, leaving a pearlaray effect for a background. A few miuntes move and a dull optiline of a portrait appearch. Every few minutes it grew more olistinct. Then followerl the various colors and in forty-five minutes the picture, a perfect likeness, was completer."

THEX PRODECE PICTLRES ON SENSTTTZED PLACES
(72) The Ringhamson Morning Sum tells of a woman mourning oter the loss of a son who had her own photograph taken with that of a living son but when the photosraph was developed her own face had been omitted from the picture and the face of her dead son substituted. The photographer could not expiain this.
(73) The Madison, Indiana, Daily Morald contains a so-called spirit picture of Conan Doyle's son leaning upar his shomber. Dr. Doyle states that he eximined the camera, loaded the plate holders and developed the plates himself.

THEF HAVE MRECTFD THE STAGLRE OF A ERAF
(74) The Poplar Bluff Amerioan has a despateh concerning the manager of the play entitled "The Invisible Foe":
"I certainly had no interest in spiritualism beiore putting on 'The invisible joe'. But I have changed my views. I positively aiffern that epiritialixtic assistance was given us in making the pity ready for the public. I reneatedy felt strange infliences whiding me and directing me in my cfiorts to secure certain novel effects. Even the actors felt these influmces. I camot explain it. bat I think eversholy comected with the niay felt that extramuadenc influences were hovering over the Harris Thenter."
they have a vamety of ways of probecing sognds
(75) The Atlantia Georgian gives the story of a medium who claims to have written a book dictated by Roosevelt. and Mark Twain. The medium dechares that the dictation was chiefly through the born of a talking machine, and that the way to use the horn was disclosed through a onija board.

## (76) The Wateh Tower says:

"The following are some of the tests that osually take place in the presence of these mediums: A table rises four io five feet and thoats in mid-air. Spirit hands and faces are platimy seen and recosmized by their friends. A guitar is played and massed around the roun by the invisible power. Flowers ate bromglt and passed to the audionce hy bands plainly seen. bells are rung, harps are jlayed, and other tests of a startling nature tako plave in the mesence of these wonderful mediums, if the conditions are strictly complied withs."
(77) The Wimipeg Froe Piess reviews a book by Arthur siaclean in which he declares that at the time of the surromber of the German feet, and until that lleet had been :urromoded by the British fleet, there was a clearly audible cirumming sound on the flagship which cond mot be locater,
"All who heard it are comynced that it was 10 somm of fapping stays or any such nctident. The ear of the naval offeer is attuned to inl the woises of blis shin in fair wonther and in foul ; it malies 30 mistakes. All who heard knew that they heard the rolling of a drum. Gut those who had heard it, Admiral, Captain. Commander. other officers sud men of all ratings hek then and hond now one helief as to that rolling music. Thes helicte that tle sound they heard was that of 'Irake's Drum' ' the audible mani. iestation of the spirit of the preat sea captain. present at this hour of the tremendots trinmph of Britain on the seas. This is the arm bellef of them all."
they jmperif the rhysicat meatifa of memeats (78) In the New York Tribune a mechangeal enginecr describes the moves made in connection with tabies:


#### Abstract

"Alhough a heavy man sits upon the talle, it moves abont the flomr with great ease; or, the table being levitated, a strong man pushing from the top cannot depress it to the Hoor; or the thale moves to the side of the circle furthest crom the medium and an experimenter is asked to lay hold of it ancl try to prevent its return to the center, but he is totally unable to fo so ; or the table's weight can be temporarily so much increased that it sannot be lifted, or on the other hand so much reriuced that it con be raised liy an upward force of an nunce or two: or the table being turned upside down on the foor, cannot be raised by a strong pull on the legs, being apparentiy fasteded to the floor."


The same writer after recording a number of experiments seeming to show the use of levers and suckers of great porver emmating from the body of the medium suid respectfing the sitters at the scance:
"The sitters supply most of the energy required for the manifestations and this energy is taken in some unknown form from their hodies. If a person is in poor health the drain of vital energy may be disastrous."
(79) Iamlin Garland, noted author and investigator, tells us lhat out of these prolonged trinces, the medium came with feoble, uncertain, scarce porceptible pulse, a little denf, extrenities cold, seusationless, taking some time for recovery; and if these seances were frequent and exacting, the medinm, to recover, had to cease from them altogether for a period of weeks.
(80) At the Congress of the Church of Finglancl, Leicester, Englant, 1916, Rev. K. A. Maree said:
"Sir Arthur Coman Doyle is moring from city to citr ministering to a popmar craze. I challenge Sir Arthur to deny that spiritualism is perilous to the mental, moral and phystent heath. Everg second or third roung lady one meets now fmagines herself a modern St. Theresin."

They controi mpmoters by sexzing the base of tate bran
(81) The cerebellum of the brain is the nower-honse of the body and it is from this center that the erib spirits seek conirol orer the reasoning faculties, located in the cerebrim, and over the whole body.
(82) A man who began experimenting with n objija boord and subseruently became a writing medinin, in th lerfer to the Tacoma Sumata Ledger says:
"I soon found that I was payine for all this. I hecan to lose sleen, then a constant headnche in the base of the brain began to be almost unbearable, then dizainess, and then I quit. But to my fear and horror, I had become a sort of victinn of this thing. i
 was just the sensation I had. I strove against it until my head felt faint and my inmily felt so miserable nind frightenerl. I was ashamen to go to a rioctor, so I simply trad to wear this uncamby spell off. In my sleey I was tortured by hot stratagling fumes, and
a sensation as if something was pushing me headions over a ciff, and would wake from the sound of pencils rattling. To abuse or bruise the mand or make it the tool of unknown and unseripulous agents is unhealthy and dangerous business."
(83) Dr. J. Godfrey Raupert, the Roman Catholic thenlogian, says of a joung womm who at first became a planchette medium aud then a writing medium:
"About this time she hegrn to experience pains at the base of the brain, and these gradually increased yutil they became almost unbearable. Her step was interrupted and her heath beran to fail percentibly. It was at this time that she announced that sise was absessed; that the intelligence that had communicated throukh her had taken full commabd of her body, so that she was no bonger a free agent. Treatment of every hind was tried-all to no benefit. And now a new and more terrible feature develoned. yitherto the impulse bad been to write Now it was voices that sounded in her head, sometimes one, but more frequently two, three, or even four voices, talking to one another and freely conversing about her. Some wollf commend her coninct; others mould blame her. Sonle would swear and comse and call her names -names so rile that she could scarcely have heard them in her normal state, while others would try to defend her from the grosser and coarser forces. In the early stages the things whicin the voices told her to do were practically harmless, but hefore lone. they commeaced to urge her to commit suicide, and she sought to obey them."

## THEY SHATTER THE NERVES AXD REEAK TEEE SPIBYT

(84) Dr. Bernard Vaughan, another Roman Catholic: Theologian, suys:
"I have comie across, abroad as well as at home, mpn and women devoted to spiritism. I have not found them improvel by $5 t$, and in more instances than one spiritism has unhinued their minds, shatered lbeir nerves, broken their spirit, and left them fit for nothing. Those who have gone aver seem to have lost rather than hinve gained by the process. Thes have taught me nothing worth inoning, and since 1851, when inis business whs so rehementiy starten, the spipits have shown less proyress in knowledge there than scientists in inowledge here."
(5n) J. L. Jhymus, the author, shows that in many cases insanity is merely demoniacal possession or "obsession". ITe says:
"In my orn case I know that the brain was not diseased at all ; my whole mature seemed to be intensified lis conficting enotions raping within my breast. I was compietely enveloped and pervaded bo thought, or in other words thought came as something impinged upon me, seeking expression througle me, without being coined or generated by the getion of my own brain, although fully conscions at the time as I am now, that 1 possessed a strengtin within me rot my own will and brain power so-called;-yet it was so blended with, and manifested through way own powers of action, that I felt great exhaustion of nerve force and mental prostration when the conditions subsided."

THEY DHIVE THEIR YICTIMS TO INSANTTY

Freyermuth, nearologist, of San Frabcisco, as denouncing What he tems onija-obsession as the canse of insanity of three women. He silys:
"One fully clotherk, was walking enlmly into a lake when fesensed with difficulty. Another constantiy 'leard mysterions voices'. The brillinnt juind of the third has become shattered. Few brains are enpable of withstanding sustained concentration on one subject, and I find this especially true of devotees to the occult and of what passes current for the supernatural."
(87) At the Church of Enghand Congross, Eeicester, Jingland, Rev. J. A. V. Magee declared:

[^8](88) Dr. J. Godfrey Rambert, the Roman (armolic theologian, sajs in the scranton Times:
"At first, the messages may be recognized as coming from one's own mind, bot as the spirit obtains faller possessiont of the mind, messages come which are unknown to the operator. The more frequently the instroment is used, the easier of access the mind becomes to the spirit and the door to the subconscioms mind is more widely opened. At first, the oberator is his own master, but. gradualiy the spirit gains controt and the operator becomes possessed. The board seenizs an awkward instrument, and the gintomitic pencil is usect. The mind becomes more and more passive, and the control of the spirit greater and greater. The result js insanity."
(89) Vance Thompson, in Feerybody's says:
"I have seen men die ani men go mad in their attempts to explore the land heyond the frontier, that cloudy land of superstitions, of hopes and terrors, where the unknown forces flit to and fro. It is not well to adrenture there. The practise of maryic is dangerons. It is the most perfilions of psychic intoxicants."
(90) Tilue Clicago Tribume, 7979. contains mrtictas showing that wrecks of the eurrent wave of occultism are fllins the hospitals ef lllinois.
"Mhousands of them hear the 'roiens' and see the 'faces'. Some smell swent wisd odors of the hoavenland and catch strains of celestial music. Some as Salina, the Amish maid, foht eril faces which apmear and reappear on the troubled screen of their mind."

## THET TRACH A HEATEN TKNNOWN TO THE BBIE

(01) The Progressive Thinher, spiritist, gives the following defintion of heaven:

[^9]
## HEAVENLY WHISKEY, DEXTISTRI AXD MANERE:

(92) According to Sir Oliper Lodge's book Raymond the spirit word is inhabited by spirit beings who have flesh hmi do not heed. They wear tweed clothes, drink whiskey and have mauare piles, and
"Fes, res, and eyelashes, and eyebrows, exactly the same, and a tonguc and teeth. He has got a new tooth now, a good tooth has come in place of the one that had gone."

## HEAYENFY CATS AND TOBACCO

(93) The Detroit Free Press sars:
"Messages ancged to be from the spirit of George Eliot, as given in 'The 'Twenticth Plane', are so diametrically at variance with her lofty minsl, her modesty and sense of justice as known in this life, as to be a travesty on her character. The novol 'Jap Herron', allered to have been written via the ouija limara, by Mark Twain, indicated stich a slump in mentality and literary style that his daughter compelled its withdrawal from circulation. Certninly these so-called messages, which incinde mention of spiritual tobaceo, eats and tricks, do not inkicate the development that should be incident to a migher plane of existence."

## HEAlENLY BRICK-KILNE AN゙N MFORTAR BEDS

(94) The Post-Dispatch, of St. Louls gives some choire information from these demons as to what heaven is like. (Much they kmow abont it!):
"You want to know about our honses? Well, they are bnilt by brickiaycrs and designed by architects, as they would be on earth. In the spirit world all work is equally honmable and erch man does that for which he is best fitted; if he is best at mannal employment, be realimes his limitations and has no foolish desire to appear other than he is, as all work is done under beantifu? conditions. All are happy and free."

## FEAVENLT CHAEK AND BLACKYOARDS

(95) The Battle Crefk Sumpire tells us of another disguised demon. We give a prirt of his "mussige":
"Children hare their lessons and their play also and grow alikn in mentality and stature Books, he says, are more important in that existence than on carth. My secretary seens myself as I write. Fler hand is given to my control as $I$ might once bave used a fountain pen."

The same "alathor" expressed his regret during the war that he could not fire lis Winchester, and adds:
"Must I remind sour mothers of men, that your nons who fight and fall on the battletield ire not lost? Only the mortal body ceases to be. The mind, the soul, the spirit will live on and on, ever increasing in power to serce men and sare then from their own destruction."

Notice that at one and the same time this clemon professed a wish to dextroy men and to prevent them from destruction.

## SAINT NAROLEON STITL AT JT

(96) The San Antonio Empress tells of the activities of St. (?) Napoleon, as follows:
"Napoleon's energy, perseverance and enthusiasm were wonderful. Never a day passed bust he worked for the allies in some form or other; and he constantly visited the cront. He was also untiring in his" 'canvassing' among other spirits, especially tle higher now, of whom he entreated nid. He was the idol of his men, to $\pi$ degree that it is astonishing and hardly to be believed until the mas himself is met personaily. I observerl that some of his most delotent trienty were liritish. They were possessed with an ardent devotion to hfm , and admiration for his genius."
st. Wasfingotos, not maving been promerly "mean upp" in heaten's schools, has not "weat forward" in grammars
(97) The Wichita Eagle gives supposed spirit messares from Washington in which he comparen his own day with ours and says:
"Since that time the world has went forward in the arts and sciences by leaps and by bounds. You have brend up better statesmen, you have far zreater advantages for education."

ST. SEFEFRSON AND OTHERS "EXPRESAED THEIRSFLVES FAYORABFE:"
(98) The same paper follows with this gem from the sumposell writer of the Constitution:
"I may add, that all of the spirits of the modern and past statesmen who have come to dwell in spirit life have expressed theirsclyas favornble for the arloption of an international court to motke wats impossible."

ST, PETER GTPCK IT OIFT, SHANTUNG AND ATL
(30) The following is a spiritist account of the henvenly peace conference which is sumposed to have workel ont the league of nations scheme:
"dt the heminning of the conferonce each country made its case. The German angels (that sounds strange\} male a quite passable case, without, of consise, any of the prevarications timere migit he on carth. They spoke of the cramp of their poonle, and their feas and unhealthy colonies, etc. They admetted openly the wrong in the main, only making a little pallintion."

We asked what encors represented IEngland.
"These envoys are more than high spirits : they ate glorimas. One representing Fingland was King Alfrem, another Edmard the Confessor. France, Charlemagne and St. Louls. Italy, St. Anthong and
some grent painter or musician. The other Fugish envor was a Noman spirit, with some Saxon name, like Editha or Godiva or Torfrida, but I do not know, uluch of yous histors. I will find out and send you a message."

We asked how many envogs for each romary.
"Generally two men and one woman, but for nevtral comitries only one chroy."

We asked whether any one presicid over the conference.
"Some very, rery good spirit, with suitahe mind. Who do rou think? An extraordinariby high spirit, an Amostle-sit Peter.
""Peace must be songht.' That was sajh by St. Peter in his opening sliscourse: and all agreed hy sicm. We said an ideal beare Was jmposible, and that even if infiair we must make the best peace that would be taken on earth by all. He said no more then, hut just listemed, and watched: perbaps he linows the mind of God on it all, for he walks with Gen. fit he conld not war, of course, so we do not know Gor's win in the matter, find may have given it as an opportunity, and if the world snys: No. I must beat this, or get that, or win the other* the worids may he spoken, Let it wo onl. I shonld think, though I dare not hope, but perhaps it is not sinful, that he is watching how the world received the proposnl."

We asked if certnin other high angels were the the congress.
"They eame at the opening-and St. Paul, St. Inseph, and others, and sull said a prayer; and then" (i. C., all the bigh angelis) "went save St. Peter, and have not been again. . . ."

THEX FOTJOW TVP RELATYFFN OE MIVESE
(100) The Boston Travelor relates an incident of a spiritnaliat living mear Boston whon hall the resimence of his sister. St. Johm, N. IB., revealed to him. They had not kaown each other's whereabonts for ahout twenty-five yeats.

## THET I.OKATE LOST FICTURT.S

(101) The Lenver Post marratos an incident of a medinm saying to a bereaved mother, I bave a messame from yrom dead boy:
"Tell my mother not to feel so badly noont nie nad to go to the attic, and in one of my trumks she witl fited a book aad in that book she will find the picture of me that she has been trying to find. Immediately they both went to the attio and neter looking throunh two trunks wifliout succoss, thoy finally fondi, in the third trunk, the picture in a book, as he lind told her."

THEY ACT AS TBE BEARERS OF TELETETELIC MESSIGES
(102) Prof. JTyslop says in the New Yonk Amorican: "Trelenathy is not a matter of thought waves. The solutinn is so simple as to he astounding. Messnges are carrien from mind to mind by the spirits."
(103) This explanation of Prof. ITyslon is confirmed by a story in the Woman's Home Compamion which tells of a fiather at a seance who was told hy a medium that at 11.:25) a. m., when he supposed his dalaghter in a distant city to be at. school, she was instead playing a piano. ETe talegranhed
home and fombl it true, that she wris playing at just that hour, having been detained home by a cold.

## DEMONISM IS SWEEPING THE EARTH

## (104) The Kansas City Star says that:

"spiritualism is taking Chicazo by storm. Ten large spiritnalist societies report thonsands of converts. Many of them are holing mightly mectings to accommodate the crowds. Amaterr seances in table tipping have become so popular shopgiels are holding them in street cars. The hotel reading rooms hare added the trick planks to the amusement equipment."
(105) The Fresio Heratd sigs that:
"Oficial estimates put the number of thought readers, mediams and seers in J :aris at thirty-five thousand."
(106) The book, World Problems, tells us that:
"It is impossible to tell the number who are awowed spiritualists of are afluerents. The orgunization is as lonse and consistent as its frachings and morals. Alpernon Pollock says there are sixty million mokern spilituatists in the world, with two lmuctrea journals deroted to the promganda. Dr. F. Mraack, of Himmurg. an antagonist, declares there are ten thousand in Berlin alone, among whom are exalted and court personages, ind fobr bumdren mediums. The tately roposed crar of Russia is said to be a deroted believer. In the i:nited states, the number is estimated all the way from two million to sixteen million."
(107) The Las Angeles Raminer reports the death of a neighbor of Billy Sunday, named Mandy Monme.
" 'Accept my deenest regret', Sunday wired. 'Te will be missed by every one Thonsands eall him blessed. Last night at the honr he died I heard a sound from hearen. It must have been Ilary. I will nerel forget him.'"
(108) The Scranton Times contains a slespatch from 1hhadelphis regarding a supposed visit from the wife of the Rev, Dr. Russell F, Conwell, of the Grace Baptist temple. Mrs. Conwell died thirty years ago and this is what her worthy busband says:
"Dr. Conwell, founder and president of Temple Oniversity, toli of his experience at a recent sercice in the temple. I receiver three strunge visits from my trife', he said. 'On three successive yizlits she seemed to come and sit on the side of the bed I occupied. While sitting there she grve me thluable information relsting to several important papers I knew rere in the house but which I conici nat find. . . I got out of bed immedintely after receifing the instructions and found the papers just where she said they were. "
(109) Dr. Heber Nemton is reporter in the Pittsimrsh Times as saying:
"Onle a month ago two clergymen in Aronkiyn came to me late at night and said they represented thirteen other pastors who
secretiy inad heen making an investigation of spiritualism, bul that they had ciot out of their depth in the mssteries and wonders of it. Would i help them? That was not the first time such a thing lad happened."

## a REVIVAL OE NEGROMANCY

(.110) At the Congress of the Church of Englancl, Lei cester, England, October 10th, the Yery Rev. William IR. Jnge, Archbishop of Canterbury, said:
"If this kind af atter life were true-that portrayed in the pitiable revival of necromancy in which so many desolate hearts have songht spurious sitisfaction-it would indeed be a melan. choly postponement or nesation of all we hope and believe about sur dead."

## KIPLING'S TRUE VISION OE SPIRITISM

(111) The Washington Post, 1019, published the following lines:

The road to En-dor is easy to tread For mother or yearning wife.
There, it is sure, we shail meet our dead As they were even in life.
Farth has not dreamed of the blessing in store
For desolate hearts on the ruad to En-dor.
Whispers shall comfort us out of the dark-
Hants-ah Goll !--that we knew !
Visions and roices-look and hark!Shall prowe that one tale is true.
And that thove who bave passed to the further shore
Bray be halted-at a price-on the road to lindor.
But they are so deep in their new eclipse Sothing they say tan reach,
Enless it be utterei lyy alien lips,
And framed in a stranger's speech,
The son must send word to the mother that bore, Through in hirelingix mouth. Tis the rule of En-dor.

And not for mothing these sifts are shown
liy such as bolight nur dead.
Ther must lwitch and stiffen and slaver and groan
Ere the eyes are set in the head,
Amis the roice from the belly begins, Therefore,
we pay them a wage where they piy at indor.
Diven se. we have need of faith And patience to follow the clue.
Gifen, at first, what the dear one saith Is babble, or jest, or untrue.
Llying spinits perniex us sore
Till our loves-art oby lires--are well known at Endor.)
Oh, the road to Fib-rior is the oldest road
And whe craziest road of all!
Strafisit it rums to the Witeli's abode, As it did in the days of Saul.
And unthing has chansed of the sorrow in store
For such is fo down on the road to En-dor!

## CHAPTER VI

## spirits in prison

"Christ even once suffered on account of sins-the righteous for the unrighteous-that he might lead us to God, being indeed put to death in the flesh, but mate alive in spirit; by which also he preached to the spinits in grison, who formerly disobeyed, when the patience oi God was waiting in the days of Noah, while an ark was being prepared, in which a few, that is, eight persons, were carried safely through the water."-1 Peter 3:1s20, Diaglott.

It is admitted by all who accept the Bible that $\mathrm{S}^{2}$. Peter stated a great truth when he said: "by which also be preached to the spirits in prison". It is quite evident that Jesus did some preaching to spirits and that these spirits were imprisoned. The question, however, is, who are these spirits and when and how did Jesus preach to them?

Those who helieve and advocate the doctrine of immortality of all souls say that these spirits mentioned are spirits of men who have lived on earth and died. Many clergymen have gotten themselves into a very inconsistent position, from which it is diffieult to extricate themselves unless they entirely repudiate their teachings. They do not state how these spirits of dead men got into prison after they died. They teach that the final destiny of every man is fixed at death; that the good go to heaven and the bad to eternal torture. and that there is no probation after death. If that position be true, then why should Jesus preach to these spirits at all? Surely the good Master would not preach to them merely to torment them; and the fact that he woul?
preach to them would imply that there would be some chance for them if they would heed his preaching.

It is true, the Catholic doctrinc holds that there are many Catholic souls in purgatory, there to be purged and cleansed, with the possibility of being removed to a heavenly state, provided prayers are said by the living on behalf of those who have died. They consign heretics to cternal torture and thus fix the destiny of man at death, with the exception stated. Then, of course, there would be no purpose in Jesus preaching to those in eternal torment. Furthermore, it is to be observed that at the time of the death and resurrection of Jesus there was no Catholic system and no purgatory; hence no spirits of dead men or others in purgatory. Therefore Jesus could not have preached to such. Purgatory is a Catholic invention and the Catholic system sprang into existence long after the crucifixion of our Lard. It follows, then, that the preaching of Jesus referred to in this text could not hare been to those who Catholics claim are in purgatory .

But if the Scripinres are to be taken as the guide, then we must conclude that the spirits montioned were not spirits of dead men, because the Scriptures say:
"The living know tiat they shall die: but the dead know not anything."-Ecclesiastes $9: 5$.
"Whatsoever thy hand findeth to clo, do it with thy might; for there is no work, nor device, nor knowledge, nor wisdom, in the grave, whither thou goest."-Ecclesiastes 0:10.
"His [man's] breath zoeth forth, he retarneth to his earth: in that very diay his thoughts perish."-Psalm 146:4.

It would have been impossible, then, for Jesus to be preaching between his death and resurrection to some men who had lived and died prior to the time of his preaching. Furthermore, Jesus himself was dead for three days and during that time he could not have done
any oral preaching to any one. Thus we see that the lrotestant and Catholic clergy and the spiritists are flatly contradicted hy the plain teachings of the Bible. It follows that there must be some explanation of this Scripture in harmony with that part of the Bible which is clearly understood.

## IDENRITY OF IMPRISONED SPIRITS

Teft us first ascertain definitely who the spirits are to whom Jesus preached. Since the text says he preached to spirits, that definitely settles it that it was not to men hut to spirit beings. Our knowledge of spirit beings is limited to the Bible. The context definitely settles the question as to who these spirits are. We read: "By which he preached unto the spirits in prison, which [spirits] sometime were disobedient when once the longsuffering of Cod waited in the days of Noah, while the ark was a preparing'. We here briefly restate the origin and identity of these spirits. The Bible account shows what was transpiring in Noah's day. (See Genesis 6:1-5) After Adam and Eve were driven from Edea, spirit beings materialized, evidently by the permission of Tehovah (Helorews 2:5) with the avowed purpose of aiding the human race. But Satan, the prince of demons, overreached them, and by seductive methods induced them to take wives from amongst the human family, the intercourse of which resulted in a progeny wicked of heart, which wickedness increased. "And God saw that the wickedness of man was great in the earth, and that crery imagination of the thoughts of his heart was only evil contimually. And the Lord said, I will destroy man whom I have created from the face of the earth. But Noah found grace in the eyes of the Lord."-Gen. $6: 5,7,8$.

Tehowah then bronght the great deluge, which resulted in the destruction of everything not taken into the ark
by Noah. These evil spirits who had materialized in human bodies were not destroyed, but they dematerialized. We have other Biblical proofs that such a thing as materialization and dematerialization did occur at other times. For instance, the angels who appeared as young men at our Lord's sepulchre, and again at his ascension, appeared in human form and as soon as they had accomplished the purpose of their visit they vanished. As Abraham sat in the door of his tent, three men appeared unto him. He received them and entertained them and talked with them. They appeared in human form and shortly thereafter dematerialized and disap-peared.-Genesis 18:1-15.

The Scriptures clearly indicate that at the time of the flood God imprisoned the angels who had been debauched by Satan and who had in turn debauched the human race, and that this imprisonment was because of their disobedience and resulted in preventing them from again materializing as they once had done. Jehoval could have destroyed them at the time, but evidently it was not his purpose to do so, but to teach some other lessons, to other ereatures. Instead, therefore, he isolated them from himself and from the holy angels by placing them in restraint or prison condition, as stated by St. Peter, who evidently had this in mind when he wrote the first text above mentioned: "God did not spare the angels who sinned, but having confined them in Thatarus [a condition existing in respect to the atmosphere and near the earth] with chains of thick darkness, delivered them over into custody for judgment". (2 Peter 2: 4. Diaylott) Another standard authority (Weymouth.) translates the text thus: "For God did not spare angels when they had sinned, but hurling them down to Tartarus consigned? them to caves of darkness, keeping them in readiness for judigment". On the same point St. Jude said: "Those
angels who kept not their own principality, but left their own habitation, he has kept in perpetual chains, under thick darkness, for the judgment of the great day". (Jude 6, Diaglott) Weymouth renders this passage: "And angels-those who did not keep the position originally assigned to them, but deserted their own proper abode-he reserves in everlasting bonds, in darkness, in preparation for the judgment of the great day".

These texts definitely and conclusively locate these angels, showing that they left their first estate, which was spiritual and heavenly, and because of their wrongful relationships with the human race, God restrained them in bouds or in prison, a condition of darkness. The lact that they have been in darkness since the time of the deluge explains why the spiritist mediums operate more particularly in the dark; and the fact that they are able to perform their operations in recent days more openly and with greater light is a testimony that the time of their judgment has been reached.

## HOW JESUS PREACHED

While these demons have been in restraint, yet the facts show they have been able to observe what has been groing on in the earth. In what mamner, then, could and did Jesus preach to them? We answer that his preaching to them was in pantomine; that is to say, by his actions in rendering himself in obedience to God's will even unto death, and in his resurrection and exaltation that followed. Without doubt these angels knew Jesus in his prehuman existence when he was the Logos and before he became a man. When Jesus was healing the multitudes, "unclean spirits, when they saw him, fell down before him, and cried, saying, Thou art the Son of God". (Mark 3:11) Again we read: "There was in their synagogue a man with an unclean spirit; and he cried
out, saying, Let us alone; what have we to do with thee. thou Jenns of Nazareth? art thou come to destroy us? I know thee who thon art, the Holy One of Cod. Amil Jesn: rebuked him, saying. Fold thy peace, and come out of him. And when the unclean spirit had torm him, and cried with a loud voice, he came out of him."Mark 1:23-26.

In the beginning was the Logos, a spirit being on the spirit plane, the active agent of God in the creation of all things and who afterward was made flesh, and his name was called Jesus.-John 1:1-14.

## CHARACTERS CONTRASTED

We briefly restate, in order to emphasize the matter, the course of lucifer as contrasted with the course of the Lngos. Lucifer was an angel of great light and power, designated in the Scriptures as the covering cherub. (Ezekiel 2s:14, 16) He evidently was an exceedingly beautiful creature, according to the sacred account of the matter. His selfish ambition led him to take a position contrary and in opposition to God, and for this cause he was degraded and became that old serpent. Satan, the devil, the prince of demons, the enemy of righteousness and the instigator of wickedness.

These spirits in prison were originally pure and holy beings. Evidently when they asked permission to come to earth and materialize their purposes were pure. Bat they fell to the seductive influence of Satan, which resulted in a greater degradation of the human race and ultimately in the restraint of these spinit beings in a prison condjtion. One of the ways of acquiring knowjedge is by observation; another, by experience. I'hese angels had observed the wrongful course of Lucifer and saw that it led to his degradation. They had experienced the result of a wrongful course on their part and found
themselves separated from the holy ones and imprisoned.
Now let us refer again to the text first mentioned, which we quote: "Christ even once suffered on account of sins-the righteous for the unrighteous-that he might lead us to God, being indeed put to death in the flesh, but made alive in spirit; by which also [i. e., by his full obedience to God's will even unto death] he preached to the spirits in prison". And how wronderfully he did this! The whole human race was plunged into sin, sorrow, and death. God purposed to redeem and hless mankind, and to this end he offered the great honor to his beloved Son, the Logos, who became a man for the purpose of giving his life a ransom for mankind. When he reached his legal majority we find him coming to the Jordan, as it was prophetically written of him, saying, "Lo, I come to do thy will, 0 my God; for thy law is written in my heart". He rendered himself in absolute obedience to the Father's will. What was the Father's will concerming Jesus? The Apostle Paul tells us that he was made a little lower than the angels, made a man, in order that, according to Gol's will, he might taste death for the human race. (Hebrews 2:9) And again, "There is one God and one mediator between God and men, the man Christ Jesns, who gave himself a ransom for all, to be testified in due time". (1 Timothy $2: 5,6) \mathrm{He}$ "poured out his soul unto death" and made "his soul an offering for sin". (Isaiah $53: 10-12$ ) He died that mankind might live. (John 10:10; Mattherw 20:28) In other words, he was wholly obedient to Jchovah's will.

Therefore, the Apostle argues: "It is better, if the will of God be so, that ye suffer for well doing, than for evil doing. For Christ also hath once suffered for sins, the just for the unjust, that he might bring us to God, being put to death in the fiesh, but quickened in the
spirit: by which also he went and preached unto the spirits in prison". To paraphrase this language: Jesus. hecause of his full obedience to Jehovah's will, suffered for doing well. He suffered teath, the most ignominions: death; and because he did this, "God also hath highly. cxalted him, and given him a name which is above every name: that at the name of Jesus expry knee should bow. of things in heaven, and things in earth, and thing: under the earth; and that every tongue should confess that Jesus Christ is Lord, to the glory of God the J'ather"--Philippians 2:9-11.

Thus Jesus by his actions spoke louder than by his words. By his full obedience to the Father's will, even to the suffering of death, he had gained the full approval of Jehovah. This was a most eloquent sermon to these imprisoned spirits and in effect said to them this: Behold the selfish, ambitious, disobedient course of Tucifer led to his degradation, and a similar course has led to our degradation. Now, on the other hand, behold the Inogos, who was the mighty one of heaven, aloove Lucifer and above us, yet he did not ambitiously seek anything for himself but always delighted to do Jehovah's will and he proved his loyalty to God and his perfect obedience by suffering the greatest thing that any one could possibly suffer. This course, therefore. has led to his exaltation to the highest position in the universe, next to. Tehovah. A wrongful course leads to degradation. A rightful and proper course leads to exaltation, blessings and endless happiness.

We submit that in no more eloquent way could Jesus have preached to these imprisoned spirits than he did by the course that he took, even to the time of his exaltation; and withont a doubt this is what St. Peter had in mind, because he directly connects the matter when he says that it was by means of his suftering in
order to bring us to God that he preached to these imprisoned spirits.

It is not at all improbable that this full obedience of Jesus, resulting in his exaltation, being observed by these fallen angels or imprisoned spirits, inspited in them a hope that some time, under some provisions, there might be a means of repentance and returning to a condition of harmony with Gorl. And this would be a reason why the Apostle explains that Jesus thus preachexd to them; and this, together with the other text stating that they are restrained in prison until the judgment day, would indicate that at the time of judgment there might be a way of repentance for them.

## PROBATION FOR IMPRISONED STIRRITS

Will those "spirits in prison", "those angels which kept not their first estate," and who received such a powerful though silent testimony and lesson from the ministry, death and resurrection of our Loord Jexus, ever have an opportmity to profit by those lpssons? Will they ever have an opportunity to repent of their sin, leave Satm's service and return to loyalty to Giod?

If at first we thought the Scriptures were silent on the subject, we have found that to lo a mistake; mid when God speaks we may reasonably conclude there is something profitable for us to hear. Hence lat us rive (ar that ve may learn whatever our Father deens expedient to communicate.

Jude (verse 6) informs us that those angels which committed fornication and went after strange flos?, "also," "in like manner," to the Solomitrs (verse i), Crod is keeping under restraint (as a pemalty or pomishmeat) "unto [or until] the judgment of the great day". The "great day" is the Millemial day, and mankind is also waiting for this judgment (krisis-trial).

The Apostle Peter's testimony is in harmony (2 Peter 2:4); and St. Paul settles the matter that these fallen and now imprisoned spirit beings, as well as mankind, will have a trial under the reign of Christ and the church, "the kingrlom of God" in exalted power. Speaking of the impropricty of the saints appealing to earthly courts of justice for adjustment of difficulties between themselves, he says: "Do you not know that the saints shall judge the world? . . . Know ye not that we shall judge angels?"-1 Corinthians 6:1-4.

The Greek word hore rendered "judge", is krino, of the same root as hrisis, rendered "judgment" in Tude r, and signifies, to govern, to test;-10 mote ont to each individual blessings or stripes, according to the merit of his course when brought fully into the light of truth, and under all the blessings of the reign of Christ. Thus it is seen that it will be a part of the work of the Christ to rule over and direct both human and angelic sinners-"to judge the world" of fallen men, nor restrained in death, from which they have been redeemed, and also to judge fallen angels, spirits, restrained alive until this judgment or trial of the great Millemnial day, when the church under the headship of her Lord shall try their cause also, giving everlasting life andfavor to those who shall then prove themselves worthy of it. and everlasting destruction to those proved under full light and opportunity to be unworthy.

Besides these references to the subject, we find frequent references to a work Christ is to do in subjecting heavenly, or spiritual, as well as hmman powers, after the church has been selected and the work of judring and blessing is commenced. For instance, we read (Ephesians 1:10): "In the dispensation of the fulness of times, to reëstablish [under God's dominion and law] all things in Christ [the disordered things] that are in
heaven [spinitual] and on earth [human] in him'.Douay translation. Again, "In him it hath well pleaserd the Father that all fulness should dwell, and throngh him to reconcile all things unto himself, making peace by the blond of his cross, hoth as to the things on earth, and the things in heaven"-earthly and spiritual trans-gressors.-Colossians 1: 20.-Douay.

In Ephesians 3: 8-10, it is shown that the length and breadth of God's retemptive plan has been hidden by God until the gospel age, when the aposites were commissioned to declare to men the conditions upon which they might become sharers with Christ in the execution of Gool's loving plan; and the intent is, ultimately, to have all the heavenly or spiritual beings know, through the instrumentality of the church, the boundless wealth that is in God's great gift-his Son-and the different methods and steps his wisdom marked out for all his creatures. We quote the passage from the Diaglott translation:
"To me, the very lowest of the saints, was this favor given- to announce among the nations the glad tid-ings-the bourdless wealth of the Anointed One: eren to enlighten all as to what is the [method of a administration [or operation] of that secret [plaa] which has been concealed from the ages by that God who created all things; in order that now [henceforth] may be made known to governments and the authorities in the heavenlies, through [the instrumentality of] the congregation [the chureh] the much diversified wisdom of God, according to a plan of the ages, which he formed for the Anointed Tesus our Tord."

It would appear, then, that God's bountifnl plan and diversified wisdom contain something of interest to the angels, and, if of interest to any, of special inferest to those confined, or restrained, and awaiting a
trial in the judgment of the great Millennial day. They see the saints and seek to look into things revealed by the spirit and Word to these; but in no other way can they learn of their future, or what provision has been made for themselves in the boundless wealth and diversified wisdom of God, because, as here stated, it is to be "made known . . .through the church".

These condemned angels have been learning much since the first text and sermon;-not only the lesson of our Lord's obedience and exaltation (1 Peter 3:18-20; 1 Timothy 3:16), but also of his followers; for we rend that "we are made a spectacle . . . both to angels and to men". (1 Corinthians 4: 9, Diaglott) The speetacle and lesson are to both men and angels for the reason that both men and angels will shortly be judged by the church and blessed by it, if found obedient and worthy of life. When the testimony in due time is given, all things, both in heaven (the spiritual condition) and on earth (the human), shall bow to Jehovah's Anointed and confese him their Lord and Ruler; and those who refuse obedience to his righteous authority shall be cut off from life,-destroyed as unworthy of life.-Tsaiah 45:23; Romans 14: 11: Acts 3: 23 .

The angels that sinned in the days of Noah have had a bitter experience since; no doubt death would have been preferable in many respects. Cut off from association with good angels, and placed in comnanion-ship with each other and Satan, without God and having no hope, they must have had a terrible experience with sin's demoralizing effects, while their observation of mankind, dying on account of sin, would lead them to surmise that death might ultimately be their portion dso. That such was the fear of these unclean spirits is evidenced by the protest of one whom the Iord cast out: "Art thou come to destroy us?" (Mark 1:24; Luke

4:34; Matthew 8:29) But this no more proves that their suppositions were correct, than the belief of millions of professed Christians, that nine-tenths of humanity will be everlastingly tormented, proves that to be so. The fact is, we find that, Satan, who taught men thus to blaspheme God's character by misrepresentation of the divine plan, was the master and chief over these castdown spirits; and evidently he has misrepresented Jehovah's plan to the imprisoned spirits as he has to men. He is the father of lies.

Neither can we forget the respectfil conduct of the fallen spirits toward our Lord and his apostles and the message they delivered; far more respectful indeed than that of the strictest sect of the Jewish church. While the latter scoffed and said, "Is not this Jesus, the son of Toseph?" (Tohn 6:42), the fallen spirits exclaimed, "Thou art the Son of God". (Mark 3:11) While the former said, "Thou hast a devil and art mad," the latter said, "I know thee who thou art, the holy one of God".-Mark 1: 24 .

The "legion", which had crazed the Gadarene, worshiped Christ, acknowledging him to be the "Son of the Most High God".—Mark 5: 6,7.

While they respected the true, they opposed the false, saying to some who pretended to exorcise them-"Jesus I know, and Paul I know, but who are ye? And the, man in whom the evil spirit was, leaped on them and overcame them".-Acts $19: 15 ; 16: 17$.

Both Jews and Gentiles beat and stoned the messengers of God, when they came among them with the glad tidings of salvation, but some of these fallen angels seemed desirous of spreading the glad tidings. One followed the Apostle Paul and Silas, sayung, "These men are the servants of the most high God, which show unto us [angels and men] the way of salvation".

## CFIAPTER VII

## THE HOPE ROR THE DEAD

What would be the basis for hope for these imprisoned spirite or fallen angels to be reconciled to God? They had been sednced by Saten. By that we mean they had been deceived by him into taking a wrongful course; and because of this, their punishment was fixed not as death. but imprisonment. The laws of the land impose the penalty of imprisonment for some crimes and when that term of imprisomment has been served and the record of the prisoner is good, and he gives evidence of reformation, the law opens the way to come back to citizenship. This illustrates somewhat God's method of dealing with these spirits. Because of their violation of his law he sentenced them to imprisomment. They have ieen a long time restrained in this condition. They have had full opportunity for meditation and observation and it is evident that the wonderful sermon in pantomine that Jesus preached to them by his full obedience to the will of God should be sufficient to teach every one that repentance, reformation and pursuit of a rightful course might gain the approval of Jehovah. And since the Scriptures declare they are incarcerated until judgment, the mere fact that they are to le jurdged indicates the possibility of being recovered from their prison condition and restored to purity. This would not operate as a reversal of Jehovah's judgment, nor the change of any law, but it would mean that, they had expiated their sin by serving their prison term and while so doing, reformation had been effected in them.

It is a greneral principle cleanly taught by God's Word that he will preserve the righteous and give them life and
that the wicked shall be destroyed. Refering to the time of the reign of Christ, we read: "In his days shall tho" righteons flourish; and abundance of peace so long as the moon endureth". (Psalm 72:7) And again, "The Lord preserveth all them that love him; but all the wicker? will he destroy". (Psalm 14:5:20) Our conchisiom, therefore, is that the basis for the blessing of amy of these fallen angels would be full expiation of their wrong by serving their prison sentence and fall repentance and complete return to rightmonshess.

With man the hasis for reconciliation with God is different. And herein the devil has confused the minds of many Christian people and induced them to believe that man is inherently immortal and that when he dies only his hody dies, but that his soul continues to live and that that will he sent to eternal torture. Thers is absolutely no Seriptural ground for such a conchasion. Adam was not sentenced to prison. His sentence was death. God said to him: "Dust thou art, and unto dust shalt thom return". (Genesis $3: 19$ ) This death semfence could not be set aside, becanse God is unchangeable: hut Goil could consistently provide a plan for the satisfaction of that judgment by a mbstitute; $\dot{3}$. e., by another perfect man taking the place of Adam in death. And this is exactly what God promised to do when he snid: "I will ransom them from the power of the grave; I will redeem them from death: O death, I will be thy plagnes; 0 grave, $I$ will be thy destruction".-Hosen 13: 14.

The plan of God, therefore, provides that the only hasis for reconciliation of man with him is throngh a ransom. None of Adam's race conld provide this necescary ransom. "None of them can by any means redeem his brother, nor give to God a ransom for him." (Psalm 49 ;7) This is why Jesus was made fesh and dwelt
among mon-becoming a perfect man, in order that he might taste death for Adam and his offspring.-Hebrews 2:9.

When Adam simned, the entire human race unborn was yet in his loins, i. c., he had the power and authority to start the propagation of the race which afterward he did start and which has contimued. Hence God economically and lovingly included the entire homan family under the original condemnation. When Jesus reached the age of thirty years he was a perfect manmentally, morally, and physically, and perfect under the law. He was an exact counterpart of the perfect Adam in Eden prior to the disobedience. Josus had the power and the authority as a perfect man to produce a race of people that would have filled the earth. He had come, however, to do the Pather's will and it was the will of Tehovalh that he should die and redeom Adam and his race. Consequently, the death of Jesus was an exact and complete offeet for the sin of Adam and all of his progeny. One perfect man had sinned and fallen and lost all; another perfect man voluntarily permitted himself to be put to death, thus providing a vicarious atonement, an exact corresponding price. a ransom price whereby Adam and all of his offspring could be redeemed. This is entirely in harmony with the words of Jesus, when he said: "I am come that they might have life, and that they might have it more abundantly".-. Tohn 10: 1.0; Matthew 20:28.

The death and resurrection of Jesus constituted a smarantee that the whole human race shall be relieved of the Arlamic condemmation; but in the exercise of his loving-kindness, God provided that there should be selected from among men a class to be known as the bride of Christ, who should be associated with him in the glorious work of reconstruction or restitution. The
gospel age has been set aside for this purpose and that age finished, the merit of Christ's sacrifice must extend to every creature of Adam's stock. The church first reccives the benefit of it and afterward, during the reign of Christ, the whole world of mankind. That is the time to which the Apostle referred when he said: "He [God] hath appointed a day, in the which he will judge the world in righteousness by that man whom he hath ordained; whereof he hath given assurance unto all men, in that he hath raised him for the dead". (Acts 17: 31) That great judgment day for the world is about to begin, during which all evil shall be restrained and men shall have a full and fair opportunity to receive the blessings of life, liberty and happiness.

Just preceding this day of wonderful blessings, horrever, the final conflict is on batreen the powers of evil and the powers of light and truth, Satan, mustering all of his forces, is attempting to deceive the whole race and thwart, if possible, God's purpose. According to Tesus, he will succeed in deceiving all exeept those who love God supremely; and these have the promise of being fully protected and deljvered. Then in this great conflict Christ Jesus will triumph and with him in this triumphant wictory will be the members of his bridethe called, the chosen, and the faithful. (Revelation 17:14) At this time Satan will be completely restrained. (Sce Revelation 20:1-3) Then shall follow, under conditions favorable for enlightenment, the glorions reign of the Messiah, during which time all in their graves shall hear the voice of the Lord and come forth to a trial; and rendering themselves in obedienice to the Lord's laws in that trinl, they shall be restored to complete perfection.

This glorious plan for blessing mankind God has been carrying out in an orderly way and the demons, work-
ing under the supervision of Satan, have persistently ondeavored to blind the minds of the people as to Cod's purposes. They attempt to convince the wise and otherwise that the dead are not dead; that there is no such thing as death, but that the soul is immortal and that, the dead have passed on to another condition ; and hence prevent millions from accepting the message of Christ. In this way Satan hlinds the minds of the people; otherwise they would believe the truth.-Sce 2 Cor. 4:4.

The ransom sacrifice having been provided, which will be applied and administered to the people under the terms of the new covenant that shall be made at the begimning of the Millenmial reign of Christ, and the blessing of man will begin through the resurrection process. All the dead shall be resurrected, both the just and the umjust. (Acts 24:15) All shall be brought to an acomate knowledge of the truth. (1 Timothy 2:3, 4) And all, then, under full knowledge, who refuse to obey the Tord shall be destroyed. (Acts 3:23) But all who desite righteousness, who love righteousness, and who will put forth their best endeavors to serve the Lord, will he gradaally lifted up by the rostitution process; and the reign of Christ will bring the desire of every honest heart. His reign will destroy all the enemies of humankind and the last enemy to be destroyed will be death.-1 Corinthians 15:25, 26 .

The propiret beautifully states it: "The ransomed of the Lord [which means all the human race] shall return [from the condition of death to their former estato: on earth], and come to Zion [the Christ] with songs and cverlasting joy upon their heads: they shall obtain jor and gladness, and sorrow and sighing shall flee away". - Isainh 35: 10.

This glorious kingdom of Messiah is the Golden Are of which the prophets wrote, of which the Ranmist sang,
and for which Christians have hoped and prayed for many centuries past. While St. John upon the isle of Patmos was serving a prison sentence under an unjust charge of sedition, the Lord was pleased to give him a beautiful vision of this kingdom. He uses the word city to symbolize the kingdom of the Lord and deseribes how this kingdom comes down from God out of heaven and is established in the earth; and how then, under the righteous and beneficent reign of the great Messiah, all things shall be made new. "God shall wipe away all tears from their eyes; and there shall be no more death. neither sorrow, nor crying, neither shall there be any more pain: for the former things are passed away." And then will be seen in their glory and beauty the new heavens and new earth wherein will dwell righteousness for evermore.

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This kinctom is to come at Clrist's Second Adrent. God's Plan is to select and sare the Church in the Gospel Age, and to use this Church in blessing the world in the Yillennimu. A "ransom for all" implies an opportumit? to all for restitution. TWe Day of Judgment is 1,000 years long-the world's trial day.
"The narrow wry" of self-sacrifice will cease with this $\mathbb{A}_{\text {ge }}$. "The highwar" of rightemusness will be open to all the redeencel race in the Millemnium.-Isaials $35: 8,0$.
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Our day is noted Jy the Prophets as "the Day of Jehovah". It is Billically styled " n Dark Dny" a "Day of clouds", ete, Jts trouble is symbolically likenel to a Hurricane, to a Flood, to a Fire, ete., these strong figmes heing used to give an appreciation, yet to hide the real nature, of that "Time of Trouble auch as Never Has been since there was a Nation".-Daniel 12:1.
Preparations for this symbolic "Fire" and "Tempest" are now well under way and shortly will rage furiously thronghout the world.
It will be a contest. between Masses and Classes. Many see it upon us and trust to varions seliemes to avert it. Rut all worldy Schemes and Panaceas will fatl utterly. Got's Kingriom, the only hope for humanity, is sure. Man's extremity will prove to be God's opportunity-in the establishment of God's kingdom-Christ's Milleminal Fingdom which will establish righteousness by force.Fevelation 2:26, 27 ; Janiel $2: 34,35,44,45$.
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[^0]:    ""Contact Wilh the Other World", Chapter X.

[^1]:    "Well, be came west since I last wrote you. I hapnened to be near when the grenade fell in the trench and saw him grab it in his arms and scramble out with it before it

[^2]:    'She became preatly exalted and told her friends that she could communicate with the noxt world. She found many spiritual friends beyond, and one day they told her she had been appointed to he married to a certain man. She had oniy met this man once. Her spiritumplydel fiance rifl not appear, but this made on difference wich her brepargtions. She prenaied her wedding supper for July 21 , in spite of the protests of her family. When the man did not fotne to the supper she consulted the spirits again and was told he would come the next day. This whis continaerd day after day for several welis. Fimally she was convinced that sle had been married on the spiritual plane. She talked to her brother in Mars and he told her how to live. She was told to hecome a vegetarian; that a form of magnetism was to do away with the old concention of child-hearing. She learned one day that her spiritual husband

[^3]:    "I want to believe in aplrstualism-and $I$ do beliece in it.
    "I remember how great was my astonishment when I learned that my faseinating nefghbor next door-a grass widow, by the way-harl been holding conversations with her departed sister, who assured her that she was taking good care of the little daughter my fascinating meichbor had lost years ago.
    "Ihere was mothing of the fanatic about the grass widow, who

[^4]:    "A Few nigits agn a sotaler was mounting cuata over the magazine when in liminons figure from whose heach issued tongues of flame. appeared before him at a distance of about twenty feet. The sentinel gave the alarm, and the entire guard hurried to the spot. The spectre had in the meantime vanished, but shortly after the nrtival of the soldiers it reappeared. The whole compans then fref their rifles at the figure, which instantly dissolved into a great batl of fire finally molting away into space. The following night the apparition was once more seen. A Sicilian soldiser of the guard approached the figure with a mumer of his companions, and on attack was made mit with the bayonet. Their furious thrusts, however, encountered no tamphle resistance, and the phancour dismpeared in a few moments in a tiery bato which wan speedily dissolved in the atmosiphere."

[^5]:    "Fow, deter a bong and constant wratohfulnexs, keeing for months and yergs its progress ind its practieal workings unon its devotees. its believers, and its mediumn, we are compelled to spenk ond honest conviction, which is, that the manifestations coming tharough the acknowledged medinms, who are designated as raping, tippind, writing and trance mediums, heve a batreful influence upost believers, and create discord and confusion; that the generality of these teachings inculcate fake ideas, amprore of seltish indivianual acts, and endorse thenvies and principies which, when equmied ont, debase and malie min litile better than the brute These are athong the fruits of modern spiritnalism. Seeing, as we have, the gradual progress it makes with its believers, particnarary its medi-

[^6]:    "'On one nerasion I was sitting in an Indian tent aione with nne of the "medicine" men of the Rachfoot Indians. It was night and all was gulet it the camj. The night was calu. with : bripht monn shininge, On at sulden the Inclian commenced to sing, ind presently the hodge, which was a large one, conmenced to tremble: and the wenthing increased to sumh a degree that it rocked violently, even bifing off the yromnd, first on one side and then on the other, as if a doren pair of hande wore benving it on the outside. This lastool for abont two minutes, when I ran ont, capecting to find some Indians on the ontside who had played me a trick but., to my avtonishment, not a soul was in sight, and what still more beirildered me was to find on examination that the lodge was fimby

[^7]:    "Sometimes the control is what is lemed mectomical rontrol: then the connection between arm and brain is entireiy serered, and

[^8]:    "It is possible to become possessed of evil spirlts which are earth-bound and trying to get back to this earth, and once they take possession of one they do not go as easily as they came. I have seen a woman stark, staring mad under the inflience of the planchette. I was told only a fortnight ago of a marcied man and bis wife who had gone stark, staring mad through the thing. A woman told me her daughter has become possessed of evil spirits, and has herome transformed in character and transformed for the worse."

[^9]:    "Heaven-what is it? A rational, batural, human existence, a solid, substantial worid, a purified and beatiful earth (so to sjeak, with molulating hills and verdant slopes, purling streams and framrant towers; mendering ritulets and glassy lakes, with the wealth of field and forest, grotto and lawn; with sportive lambkips and paradisaical birds; with towns and cities, hamiets and vilhages, brotherhoods and associations, schools and sanntoria, colleges und laboratories, museums and observatories, newspapers and libraries, theaters and art galleries, temples and towers, chateaus and pataces, rural cottares and stately mansions."

