

Religious and Scientific AEROPLANE AT Gleanings

INTERNATIONAL ARBITRATION.

Enthusiastic Support.

Enthusiastic Support. When the balance-sheets of history are finally adjusted, it will probably be found that the statement made by the President of the United States in December last has had the greatest effect upon the trend of modern thought, on the ultimate well-being of mankind, and as the starting-point in the evolution of a new basis in inter-national ethics. We, on this side of the Atlantic, will have nothing to re-proach ourselves with in regard to the part which our statesmen and our peo-ple have taken. The recent utterances of our Foreign Minister have riveted the governments and the press have, with but a few trivial exceptions, united in a consensus of approval.

Feeling in America.

Feeling in America. Reference was made in our issue of last week to the speech by Sir Ed-ward Grey in favor of full arbitration between this country and the United States of America, and extracts from expressions of hearty approval from all parts of the kingdom and from all classees and denominations of Chris-tians were added. Since then, the agi-tation in favor of obligatory arbitra-tion-has gathered enormous momen-tum on both sides of the Atlantic. In the States, Mr. Carnegie, who has re-cently returned from Florida to New York, is working most zealously in the states of peace, and his energy seems to have aroused everybody to a fuller sense of the tremendous possibilities involved. America, from coast to coast, is thoroughly awakened on the subject.—British Exchange.

A French Treaty.

A French Treaty. Already we hear from Washington that the President and the French Am-bassador have had an informal con-versation regarding a forthcoming ar-bitration treaty between the United States and France along the lines of the Anglo-American negotiations. It will be remembered that when Presi-dent Taft made his now famous speech in December last, the French Ambas-sador, who was sitting next him de-lighted him by remarking that he was quite sure that France would gladly embrace an opportunity for negotiating for a treaty which aimed at the sub-mission of every issue, irrespective of subject, which could not be settled by the ordinary diplomatic exchanges.

A Word of Warning.

A Word of Warning. Little is heard, or is likely to be heard, of open opposition to the sub-stitution of arbitration for war. Few would dare to advocate the settlement of national disputes by bloodshed in preference to reason, but at the same time there exist subtle influences at work which will need to be carefully watched and guarded against. The growing wealth and power of the con-tractors who supply governments with stores and armaments have to be reck-oned with. Therefore, it behoves all lovers of peace to be vigilant.

Mr. Birrell on Arbitration.

Mr. Birrell on Arbitration. Mr. Birrell, speaking at a great arbitration meeting at Whitefield's Tabernacle, London, referred to the proposals for a treaty of peace between Great Britain and the United States, and said: "It is a family affair that we are beginning with. It is not an offensive and defensive alliance. It is peace between kinsfolk. Let us pursue it to the end. When carefully examined," he added, "the German Chancellor's recent speech really meant no more than that, in his opinion, some antagonisms might hereafter arise even between England and America of so agonizing a character that the terms of no treaty could keep us from each other's throats—kill each other we must, Well," said Mr. Birrell, "if we must, we will. But surely, as the Chancellor admitted, there could be nothing but good in trying as long as possible to keep us from doing any-thing of the sort."

OXFORD-CAM-BRIDGE BOAT RACE.

BRIDGE AT OXFORD-CAM-BRIDGE BOAT RACE. Some sensation was caused among the crowds who lined the river banks to watch the Oxford and Cambridge boat race quite recently, for no fewer than six aviators visited the scene by aeroplane. Five of them started from Hendon. These were Mr. C. Grahame-White, who took up Mr. Patterson, the well-known Northern aviator, as a passenger in his Farman biplane; M. Hubert, also on a biplane, and three pilots of Bleriot monoplanes— Mr. G. Hamel, Mr. C. H. Greswell, and M. Pierre Prier. Leaving Hendon soon after two o'clock, they reached the river at Kew, and then followed the river at Kew, and then followed the river's course to the Ranelagh Club, where they hovered about for a time, making several circuits, and finally landing in the club grounds much to the amazement of the many members who had attended to witness the 'Varsity contest. When the race was over Mr. Grahame-White tele-phoned the result to Hendon, where a large crowd awaited the return of the aviators.

QUEEN AND CITY WORKING GIRLS.

GIRLS. A message from the Queen was giv-en to the congregation of working girls which assembled as usual at All Hal-low's Church, London Wall, on Thurs-day morning. This is the only church in London, if indeed not in the coun-try, which is used in the early morn-ings as a place where women and girls can take rest and shelter whilst waiting for the opening of the offices or other places of business where they are engaged. Addressing the women and girls, Mrs. Fowler, the rector's wife, said that the Queen took a great interest in the work being carried on, and sent materials for them to make garments of. Her Majesty had sent a very handsome donation, which amounted to practically double what she had graciously sent before. Mrs. Fowler added that she had received a letter from Buckingham Palace, en-closing 12 copies of a pamphlet de-scribing the work of the London Needlework Guild, of which the Queen was patroness. All the garments made by the women and girls attending the church are sent direct to the Queen.

TO SHORTEN THE TEN COM-MANDMENTS.

TO SHORTEN THE TEN COM-MANDMENTS. Advices from London note that the highest counsels of the Church of Eng-land are considering the advisability of modifying and shortening the Ten Commandments—especially the second, fourth and tenth. Those who admit that God gave those commands must be egotistic in the extreme to attempt to correct the Almighty! Those who disbelieve in the Divine authorship of the commands would better repudiate them entirely and make new ones to their own please-ment and properly credited to their own wisdom. God's consecrated people, guided by His Word in the New Testament, real-ize that the law is just and good. But they see also that it was given to the Jew and not to the Christian "new creatures in Christ." These latter are Spirit-begotten and are under the Law of the Spirit of Life in Christ—a superior Law—a Law which requires love to God supremely and love for our fellow-creatures as for ourselves. This Law of Love in-cludes all of the requirements of the Mosaic Law and more. But God is not judging these "new creatures" as flesh beings, but as spirit beings. They are being judged ac-cording to their minds, their hearts, their intentions. Thus "the righteous-ness of the Law of God is fulfilled in us, who are walking, not after the flesh, but after the spirit."—Rom. 8:1.

WHAT IS THE SOUL?

A postal-card request will se-cure for you a free copy of this paper in which this inter-esting subject is treated in a manner that will satisfy the most exacting.

When God Was Alone

"From everlasing to everlasing, Thou art God." (Psalm 90:2.) "I am Jehovah, that is My Name, and My glory will I not give to another." (Isaiah 42:8.) "To us there is one God, the Father, of whom are all things." (I Cor. 8:6.) "Hear. O Israel, the Lord our God is one-Jehovah."-Deut.6:t.

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The Permission of Evil.

The Permission of Evil. Can we not see a broad reason for the permission of evil on the earth-for the permission of the reign of Sin and Death, which for six thousand years has apparently disgraced the Creator, degraded humanity, astonish-ed the angels and constituted our race a groaning creation? Only when we discern that Messiah's Kingdom will surely bring order out of this confu-sion, do we begin to get the proper focus upon our subject and realize something of the greatness of our God. From the standpoint of the comple-tion with humanity, and from that standpoint alone, can we see illus-trated Divine Wisdom, Justice, Love and Power. The primary lesson was

The Unchangeable One.

The qualities of the Divine character which we have just considered—Wis-dom, Justice, Love and Power—be-longed to our Creator in the great, tetrnity preceding creation. But there was no one at that time to appreciate God—it requires a full view of the perfected Plan of the Ages to make known to any and to all the glory of the Lord. As we have just seen, thus far the sceret of the Lord and the glories of His character are known only to His "sons," begotten of His holy Spirit. But the time nears when "the whole earth shall be full of the knowledge of the glory of the Lord as the waters cover the great deep." He 'nd His glorious Government will then be "the desire of all nations;" "The glory of the Lord shall be re-vealed and all flesh shall see it to-gether."—Hag. 2:7; Isa. 40:5. (Continued on 2d page, 2d column.) The qualities of the Divine character

(Continued on 2d page, 2d column.)

No. 82 BEEKMAN ST., NEW YORK CITY

An Independent, Unsectarian Religious Newspaper, Specially De-voted to the Forwarding of the Laymen's Home Missionary Move-ment for the Glory of God and Good of Humanity.

Six Hundred Thousand Books Burned.

Six Hundred Thousand Books Burned. Perhaps the greatest loss in connec-tion with the burning of the New York Capitol is the complete destruction of the State Library, containing 600,000 volumes, among them the most valu-able genealogical work in the United States. There also perished in the flames relics and priceless documents, some of them dating back to the Revolutionary War of 1776. The As-sembly and Senate libraries were stored with thousands of volumes of law and code books, and also a num-ber of historic documents and manu-scripts were likewise wiped out. The total value of the three libraries defies computation, but it was certainly over £500,000.

Terrier Tackles the Census Paper.

At least one census paper narrowly escaped destruction immediately after delivery last week. The householder for whom it was intended possesses a very intelligent terrier, who has made it his duty, whenever he hears the letter box rattle, to rush to the door and carry off the communication in triumph to his basket. Usually some member of the family manages to res-cue it in time, but the census paper showed plain marks of business-like teeth when it was retrieved. A delay of a minute or two would have made the paper uselss for official purposes:

The Value of the All-British Shopping Week.

Week. "Some curious questions have been put to us during this week," said one departmental manager of a large drapery firm recently to a "Morning Post" reporter. "Customers were not content with our assurance that cer-tain articles were British-made, both as to material and workmanship. They wanted demonstrative proof, because their impression was that the articles were of foreign origin. In such cases we gave the towns of origin and pro-duced photographs of the factories and the operatives at work in them. This is where the educative value of the displays comes in. In future, buyers will be able to associate certain ar-ticles with certain towns."

How a French Artist Obtained a Royal Commission.

Royal Commission. M. Georges Scott, the French artist of Scottish descent, whose equestrian portrait of the King will be one of the features of the forthcoming Salon, has been telling an interviewer how he came to paint the picture. He at-tended the funeral of King Edward as special artist for "L'Illustration," and a sketch he made of King George was afterward exhibited at a London gal-lery. To this His Majesty's attention was directed by one of his secretaries who visited the gallery. This resulted in the artist having an audience of His Majesty at Buckingham Palace, and the portrait then begun is now nearly completed. It represents the King mounted on his favorite charger, kildare, in a field-marshal's uniform.

Queen Victoria and the Creation of Peers.

Peers. The Royal prerogative with regard to the creation of Peers, says the "Westminister Gazette," was one which Queen Victoria considered of great im-portance. The authors of "Piccadilly to Pall Mall" tell how once, on the occasion of a Liberal Ministry being returned to affice, Her Majesty re-marked to a lady of the Court, "I wonder what appointments for my household Mr. Gladstone will advise me to make?" "Oh," replied the lady unthinkingly, "I suppose they will make several new Peers." "They!" echoed the Queen indignantly.

The Rich Manin Hell; Lazarus in Abraham's **B**osom

This greatly misunderstood parable made plain in Vol. I, No. 4, of PEOPLES' PULPIT. Send for free sample copy.

(Continued from first page.)

(Continued from first page.)
St. Paul assures us that every feature of the Divine Plan which we see
in process of execution was known to
be of the world. He declares that these
things God purposed in Himself before
the foundation of the world. The creative processes, which have been operating for thousands of years, were all
surely elaborated in the mind of
behovah before the creative work began. In that purpose angels had a
part_of how many grades we may
not surely know, but they are variously designated in the holy Scriptures as
"angels, principalities and powers."
Later came the creation of man, "a
little lower than the angels." and
crowned with earthly honor, dignity
and power, in the image and likeness
of his Creator's glorious power.
These creations varied not in degrees of perfection and imperfection.
Each was perfect on its own plane.
Fach intelligent creature was a free,
moral agent, and hence, whether on
the angelic or human plane, was creat
and abilities. Almighty God, infinite
in Wisdom, Justice, Love and Power,
purposed the orderly exercise of this
infinite attributes, as a great Father,
desirous of giving life and happines to
his creatures.
These intelligent ones were designated "Sons of God" so long as they

his creatures. These intelligent ones were desig-nated "Sons of God" so long as they maintained their attitude of perfect loyalty to Him, their Creator and Father. Not only was it the Divine intention thus to give pleasure to mil-lions of creatures to be created, but it was also the Divine will to manifest to His creatures His own greatness and the perfection of His own good-ness that they might enjoy Him and He enjoy them everlastingly. We are not to understand that Al-

hes that they might enjoy Him and He enjoy them everlastingly. We are not to understand that Al-mighty God was lonely in that great Eternity before creation began. On the contrary, human loneliness is largely because of human deficiency. What we lack we seek for in others. But the great Jehovah lacked nothing; He was complete in Himself; He needed not companionship to complete or to supplement His happiness. It was His pleasure to create, that His creatures might have joy by reflecting as a whole His Divine qualities im-planted in their constitutions. The wreck of the human race pro-duced by sin He well foreknew. Nor did this wrecking of human hopes de-feat, nor was it in danger of defeating, the Divine purpose. It merely demon-strates to angels and to men the graces of the Divine character and shows unto all the more fully the qualities of God proper to be appre-ciated and copied.

The Seven-Sealed Scroll.

When God would illustrate to us His own great Personality, when He would show to His creatures how He is work-ing all things according to the counown great Personality, when He would show to His creatures how He is work-ing all things according to the coun-sel of His own will, He pictured it sym-bolically in the Book of Revelation. In that vision the Throne of the Eter-nal One is graphically portrayed as the Seat of Divine power and authority for the Universe, with angels as minis-tering spirits. Then is described a Scroll, in the right hand of Jehovah— in Divine power and keeping. That scroll, written inside and outside, was "sealed with seven seals," represent-ing the complete secrecy of the Divine purposes related in that scroll. From before the foundation of the world it had been in the hand (in the power) of the great Eternal One. He had given hints respecting it and had caused it to be symbolized in the Law and to some extent to be described by the Prophets. But still it was a Hidden Mystery, because the Prophets under-stood not the things which they wrote; nor could any understand them until the Father's "due time," which He had purposed in Himself. Not only was the Divine Program thus seeled and safely secreted but if own grea

had purposed in Himself. Not only was the Divine Program thus sealed and safely secreted, but it was the Divine determination that it should be given only to the One who would demonstrate His worthiness to be Jehovah's honored Agent for the carrying out of those purposes pre-destinated before the world was. To become the honored Agent, the Repre-sentative of Jehovah, to carry out the Divine purposes, should be given only to the One who would demon-strate His worthiness to be the great Mersiah, the great Deliverer, the great Prophet, Priest, Judge, King of Israel. High as the Redeemer stood in the

Prophet, Priest, Judge, King of Israel. High as the Redeemer stood in the Divine counsels and fellowship before the came into the world to be man's redeemer, it was not then granted even to Him to know all the mysteries of the Divine Program. But by vir-tue of His high station, His perfection, His obedience, the privilege was given to Him first to become man's Redeemer er, at the cost of personal humiliation and death, and then, if faithful in this redeemptive work, it should be His re-ward to be glorified, exalted to the Divine Program to its completion. His obseline, and to execute the Divine Program to its completion. His obseline, and to execute the Divine Program to its completion. His obseline, and the mysteries to Him first to become man's Redeemer ward to be glorified, exalted to the Divine Program to its completion. His completion. His obseline, and the mysteries of the son of God, Divine Program to its completion. His obseline, and the was heard in that He

First, He must manifest His devotion and loyality to the Father, ere He could of the Divine Program. "Worthy Is the Lamb This jorious Victor was then ac-moved by God and by the holy angels to be the worthy One to whom onstrated His welfs and to execute the wonderful purposes of God? Northy is the Lamb that was slain to break its seals and to execute the wonderful purposes of God? Northy is the Lamb that was slain onstrated His worthiness-He left im monstrated His worthiness-He left im onstrated His worthiness-He left im sources of glory, He humbled Himself, the fasher's will, even unto death. As yet being found in fashion as a man, He the was made feash." More than this, so consecrated His all to the doing of the Father's will, even unto death the sources of glory dataso highly exaited that the angelic messenger declared had prevailed. Jesus proved Himster that the angelic messenger declared had prevailed. Jesus proved Himster that the angelic messenger declared horthy and therefore the privilege of executing the the bias free things of the Divine prevailed. Jesus proved Himster that the angelic messenger declared horthy and therefore the privilege of executing the the bias and made His consecration the standing the things of the Divine prevailed. Jesus proved Himster that the bias and made His consecration the standing the things of the Divine fand to the world. When He success that the bias den made His consecration the world. When He success and to the world. When He success that the world. When He success that the bias great contract, He that the world. When He success that the world. When He success that the bias den this great contract, He that the world. When He success that the world. When the success that the world. When the success that the world when the scrottart the world when the bias from the day He was this the thelephone and wireless that he world. When the success that the world. When the success

"Love Casteth Out Fear"

"There is no fear in love; but perfect love casteth out fcar; because fear hath torment."-1 John 4:18.

"There is no fear in love; but perfect love casteth out fear; beccuse fear hath torment."-1 John 4:13. Better translated could have been feared. He offered up strong cryings "There is no dread in love." We do Him out of death. (Heb. 5:7.) If the not dread that which we love. In one Master feared, so should His followers, sense, however, the more we love, the more we fear. We would not be so careful about pleasing a person whom we do not thus love. This is not the should seem to come short of it." (Heb. kind of fear, however, that the Apost wishes us to cast out. On the con-trary, it should be much enhanced. dentry not intended to contradict the consequently, the word dread would of our text. The Scriptures speak of some who also, that the Pather was absolutely have 'no fear of God before their eyes." (Rom, 3:18.) Evidently these are un-regenerate. Often, among men, there is a thoughtlessness in respect to God and the future. The Apostle in this is a thoughtlessness in respect to God the knew, loved Him; but He knew have 'no fear of God before their eyes." (Rom, 3:18.) Evidently these are un-regenerate. Often, among men, there is a thoughtlessness in respect to God and the future. The Apostle in this is love" (1 John 4:8), but let ug fear text does not intimate that all hearts fear, perfect love will cast it out. As the knowledge and love increase, the in any degree we should feel fearful lest the knowledge and love increase, the is so constituted that reverence will life, certain conditions which surround condition than the thoughtless. In any degree we should feel fearful lest the condition that the tory surround condition that the tory (Prov. 9:10) hear are such as are in a preferable and will also enable us to come to God attitude of mind; they are in better with great confidence. So let us "Draw and will also enable us to cast out that fear, the off his mental attitude if he to not degraved. Hence, the Scrip-Christian, on the other hand, who is tures say

Maker; but it is a gradual process. There is a certain kind of fear which comes as the result of imperfect knowledge. We do not credit the Ad-versary with producing all the evil thoughts of the human mind, yet we believe he has very much to do with the evil influences which surround our race. People may be without fear of God and we think that even after they have come to the Lord, and are learning to reverence Him and to know something about Him, they may lack the right kind of fear. Then the Ad-versary's plan will be to plant dread in their minds. So we find with all heathen peoples.

versary's plan will be to plant dread in their minds. So we find with all heathen peoples. As soon as they have any knowledge of God, the Adversary seems to conjure up slavish fear which crowds out love, and produces dread. We read that "The god of this world hath blinded the minds of them which believe not." (2 Cor. 4:4.) We think that this evil influence is accountable for many of the things which seem so remarkable to us. It explains the fact that the heathen have devilish doctrines mingled with dread of God; and that all the worldly who have knowledge of God, both Jews and Christians, have fear also—dread. Yet Christians have much greater light upon God's char-iacter than have others, and so should have correspondingly less fear than the heathen.

PASTOR RUSSELL'S SCRIPTURE STUDIES.

These volumes deserve a careful study by all who are not thoroughly satisfied with the Bible interpretations of the "dark ages." They can be bought for a trifle or borrowed free.

Address us, Respecting the first volume of this work "The Atlanta Constitution" says editorially:

work "The Atlanta Constitution" says editorially: "It is impossible to read this book without loving the writer and ponder-ing his wonderful solution of the great mysteries that have troubled us all our lives. There is hardly a family to be found that has not lost some loved one who died outside the church—outside the plan of salvation, and, if Calvinism be true, outside of all hope and inside of eternal torment and despair. "This wonderful book makes no as-sertions that are not well sustained by the Scriptures. It is built up stone by stone, and upon every stone is the text, and it becomes a pyramid of God's love and mercy and wisdom. There is noth-ing in the Bible that the author denies or doubts, but there are many texts that he throws a flood of light upon that seems to uncover its meaning."

The Beginning of God's Creation

"In the beginning was the Word (Logos) and the Word (Logos) was with the God and the Word (Loges) was a God. The same was in the beginning with the God. By Him were all things made and without Him was not anything made that was made."—John 1:1, 2.

clared, "I am the First and the Last." -Rev. 1:17; 2:3. All of these Scriptures fully corrobo-rate the statement of our text that He who subsequently became the world's Redeemer was long before the primary Son of God. He ranked first, not only in seniority, but also in honor, dignity and station, above all other sons of God, not one of whom was like Him-self—the direct creation of Jehorah: "For all things were made by the Lo-gos, and without Him was not one thing made that was made." He was not the Creator in the primary sense of the word, but in the secondary sense. He was the active Agent of Jehovah in all of His subsequent crea-tive work; thus He was not only the First-Born of all creation, but, individ-ually, He was also the last of Je-hovah's creation. To this agrees the word of St. Paul, "All things are of the Father and all things are by the Son."

Surely many have failed to appreci-ate, not only the Divine personality of Jehovah, but also the greatness of Him who is styled "The Son of God."

In the Dark Ages.

In the Dark Ages. There was a time when God's people did not possess the Bible in their own language, and when education to read it was extremely limited, and when nobody possessed such wonderful Bibles (with references and concord-ances) as are common to-day. It should not surprise us that in that far-off time confusing errors crept into the traditional faith of the Church. The contention of the Jews was that Jesus of Nazareth was an impostor and that His mighty works were done under the influence of the fallen angel, Be-elzebub. Should we think it strange that in the heat of discussion some of the followers of Jesus would make ex-travagant claims for Him in their en-deavor to oppose the theory that made of Messiah a mere sinful man? It does not surprise us, therefore,

of Messiah a mere sinful man? It does not surprise us, therefore, that early in the third century claims were put forward in the name of Christ and His Apostles which neither He nor they ever authorized. The Apostles rightly declared Him to be "the Son of God with power" and that He was "holy, harmless, undefiled and separate from sinners." (Heb. 7:26.) The Master Himself declared, "My Father is greater than I." "He is above all;" "He sent me;" "I came to do the will of My Father in heaven and not Mine own will;" "I delight to do Thy will, oh, My God; Thy law is written in My heart." True, He also declared, "I and My Eather are Or is" heaven My

was a God. The same was in the beginning with the God. By Him were all things made and without Him was not anything made that was made." -Jehoval: 1.2.
Lovalpt forth a Son on the spirit plane And this oneness, He declared, was the perfect. yeautiful, His own image and likeness.
This glorious One is in our text designated the Logos, the Word, the the Old Testament He is symbolically referred to as "Wisdom" in the word, all applied to one Person and Holy Spirit referred to as "Wisdom" in the word, all applied to one Person who mani-fised of the Apostes, "Jehovah possessed Me in the begin-brought up with Him, and I was daily "Jehovah possessed Me in the begin-ting of His way, before His works of the brought up with Him, and I was daily "Jehovah possessed Me in the begin-brought up with Him, and I was daily "Jehovah possessed Me in the begin-ting of His way, before His works of old. *** Then I was by Him, as one brought up with Him, and I was daily town. Others took a still different His delight, rejoicing always before Him. "-Proy. 8:22-30.
This mighty One, personified as Wis-er than the kings of earth." (Psa, 89:27.) Jesus thus refers to Himself as one who had a prehuman existence, saying, "Before Abraham was, I am.", (John S:14, 23, 42-53.) The Epsalmist similarly refers to Him as Jehovah's "First-Born, high-was "the beginning of the creation of God". (Rev, 3:14). And again II dea was "the beginning of the creation of and how One Person could be three synde. (Rev, 3:14). And again II dea was "the beginning of the creation of and how One Person could be three synde." Han the Kings of earth." (Fsa, ser and how Sone Scull nogically be One Person, and how One Person could be three synde." Han the kings of earth." (Fsa, ser dad, Christ, in Apocalyptic vision, was "the beginning of the creation of and the brace as the beginning of the creation of and the subsequently became the worldy was "the beginning of the creation of and thow One Person what we know of the stureture of human wore ma

father, etc: Thus we behold the dan-ger of any variation whatever from the precise teachings of the Word of God. It should be needless to say to Eible Students that there is nothing in the Bible which declares a Trinity of Gods. There is just one passage of Scripture quoted in proof of the Trinity (I John 5:7), and it is never quoted by scholars, because all schol-ars know that it was tampered with, several words having been added in the seventh century, which are not found in any New Testament manu-script of earlier date. And those added words make the statement as a whole foolish. If you will turn in your Bibles to this passage, you may strike out the spurious words as follows, in verse seven: "In heaven the Father, the Word and the Holy Ghost, and these three are one," and in verse eight the words, "and there are three that bear witness in earth." After thus eliminating the spurious additions, after thus removing from the precious ointment this "dead fly" of falsehood which was inserted for the very purpose of deceiving, and be-cause no Scripture could be found to give color to the doctring of the Trin-ity—then you will be able to read that portion of the Word of God in its pu-rity and simplicity. Then the "mys-tery" part will be gone from it for-ever. It will be in full accord with the entire Bible in declaring, "To us there is one God, the Father, of whom are all things, and one Lord, Jesus Christ, by whom are all things and we by Him" (I Cor. 8:6). How absurdly the passage reads in our common version, stating that the Father and the Son and the Holy Spirit are bearing witness in heaven that Jesus is the Son of God! The pure Word of God presents simply and beautifully the fact that the grace of God provided in Him; and that the reas one Holy Spirit, "the spirit of adam's race willing to accept the frather—which is also the spirit of truth," "the spirit of wisdom," "the spirit, disposition, mind, will of all those who now come unto the Father as sons through the adoption which is in Christ Jesus. Th

written in My heart." True, He also declared, "I and My Father are One;" but He showed in what this oneness consisted—that it was a oneness of will, of purpose, of work. Because He had fully submitted His will to the Father's will and had of God, before the Only Begotten Honored. The Only Begotten Honored. The Only Begotten Honored. Before the beginning of the creation the Father became the Alpha of Crea-tion, the Father had wonderful pur-poses in Himself respecting all His ness when He praved for His dis-great Plan for the everlasting future. (John 17:11, 21, 22.) Evidently the Master did not pray that His disciples should all become one in person, but

'WHERE ARE THE DEAD?''

This article was published in this paper in Volume one, Num-ber 3. The interest aroused, and the great demand for copies of it have been remarkable. A sample copy will be mailed to any one free. Address, Bible Society, 17 Hicks Street, Brooklyn.

the glorious work of eternity in fur-ther creations in world after world. But, as the Master declared, these things the Father had kept in His own power—in His own hand. He di-vulged them not to the angels, nor even to His dearly beloved "Only Be-gotten Son." We have seen how this Divine secret, Divine purpose, was symbolically represented in the Scroll in the hands of Jehovah, as pictured in Revelation 5:1. We have seen that this revelation was delivered to the Lamb, the Only Begotten One, after He had been slain—after His conse-cration at Jordan, and in its fulness after His death at Calvary, when He ascended up on high, glorified at the right hand of the Father's majesty. But before the Logos was made flesh, before He undertook to be man's Redeemer, the Heavenly Father set before Him the glorious proposition: He informed Him that He had a scroll, a Plan, and that the execution there-of was to be given to one who would prove himself worthy, by demonstrat-ing his loyalty to the Divine will. We read that God sent His only be-gotten Son into the world, but we are not to understand from this that He came under Divine commands the re-fusal of which would have meant Di-vine displeasure and His own degrada-tion. On the contrary, we understand the matter clearly when we hearken to the Apostle's statement: He de-clares that Messiah left the glory, which He had with the Father before the world was, and humbled Himself to take upon Himself man's form and then consecrated Himself even unto death—all because of the joy that the Father had set before Him. The joy set before the Logos was (1) That thus He might serve the Heaven-ly Father's gracious purposes. (2) That He might serve the Heaven-ly Father's gracious purposes.

(2) That He might recover mankind from the state of sin and death into which all were plunged by father Adam's one act of disobedience.

(3) Additionally, He was promised the honor and distinction of the Mes-sianic Kingdom by and through which mankind would be blessed and uplifted.

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(4) He was promised a special Bride class to be selected from among the redeemed race of men—a class having His own disposition of loyalty to God and to righteousness, and faithful unto death—which like Himself, would be exalted in the chief resurrection from the earthly to the heavenly condition, far above principalities, powers and every name that is named.
(5) He was promised that His own personal distinction would be to all eternity a participation in the qualities of the divine nature; He would possess, not only glory and honor, but also inherent life, deathlessness, immortality. For these joys, He left His glory, He was made flesh, He sacrificed His earthly life and, being raised from the dead, He entered into His promised joy. Since then He is waiting in expectation for the completion of the Church. His Bride, the members of His Body, assured that then the Father will give Him "the heathen for an inheritance and the uttermost parts of the earth for His possession," that He may bind Satan, put down sin and uplift the sinner and bring everlasting order out of earth's confusion by destroying the wilfully wicked.

would very properly apply to the Heavenly Father and the Heavenly Son, in full accord with our text. "Without Him (the Logos) was not anything made that was made." The word elohim signifies, literally, the mighty, the powerful, the great. Surely it would be strictly proper to consider the Logos mighty, great, powerful as the active Agent of the Almighty One, Jehovah. This word elohim not only is used in respect to the Heavenly Father and His Heavenly Son, but it is also used in respect to angels as the messengers of God and of Christ, mighty to the doing of the will of God. (Fsa. 8:5.) "Thou hast made man a little lower than the angels" (elohim). Still fur-ther notice that this word elohim is used in respect to men; when Divinely appointed and active as God's agents they were mighty, or elohim. Thus we read of the seventy judges of Israel appointed by Moses, "The master shall bring him to the judges (elohim)."

The Father Highly Exalted Jesus.

The Father Highly Exalted Jesus. We have given a very literal render-ing of the text at the top of this ar-ticle, showing the fine distinction of the Greek original in a way that our English version does not show it. As Bible students we have not in the past been sufficiently critical in our study of God's Word, but now, in Divine providence, it is possible for those even who have practically no knowledge of the Greek and Hebrew to understand the Scripture presentations thoroughly. Our text in the common English version misrepresents the true thought of the original, but as we have ren-dered it the matter is so simple and clear that a child may understand. Jehovah God is from everlasting to everlasting and had no beginning. The Logos had a beginning—He Himself was the beginning. "In the begin-ning was the Logos and the Logos was a God"—He was a Mighty One, the beginning of creation, the first and the last creation of the God, the Almighty One—"of Whom, by Whom and through Whom are all things."

One—"of Whom, by Whom and through Whom are all things."
All honor and majesty and worship belong primarily to the great Father of Lights and to Him Jesus directed the attention of His followers, saying, "After this manner pray ye—Our I Father Who art in heaven, hallowed be Thy name." It is eminently proper that our petitions should ascend to "the Father of Lights, from Whom cometh every good and perfect gift."
It has pleased the Father to so honor His First Begotten Son, and to so reward His faithfulness unto death, and to so make Him the Head in all things over the Church which is His Body, that it is eminently proper that, in the language of the Master, "All men should honor the Son instead of the Father, however, for the latter declares, "My glory will I not give to another," The exalted Christ is to be honored, yea, worshiped, because the Father has highly exalted Him and given Him a name above every other name, that at the name of Jesus every knee should bow and every tongue confess to the glory of God the Father."— Phil, 2:8-11.

A God but Not The God. As all Bible scholars know, the word elohim in the Old Testament Hebrew is of plural form, somewhat like our English word sheep. Thus we read in mankind from sin and degradation and Genesis, "The elohim (Gods) said, let Us make man in our image." This harmony with God.

Guided By God's Eye

"I will guide thee with Mine eye."-Psa. 32:8.

"I will guide thee with Mine eye."-Psa. 32:8. T HE eye is one of the most im-portant organs of the body with by hich to give expression to the feel-usually expressed by this means. One thought which we may take from the text is that one may be so desirous of doing the Divine will that he will be continually on the alert to please, just as a dutiful child, being on the alert to do the will of the parent, would look at the parent's eye, not waiting for the rod. So all of God's dear children of the Church, should be looking unto Jesus for the expression of the Father's will concerning them. They look to the one who shall be the Finisher of it. They look to Him as the great Counselor and Guide of life. As we sometimes sing: "Oh, let no earth-born cloud arise to hide The expression of wisdom, so God guides al things in wisdom. He sees to it that His children receive the necessary al things in wisdom. He sees to it that His children receive the necessary and this can be expected only on the is the symbol of wisdom, so God guides al things in wisdom. He sees to it the All-Wise One, nothing can acape His attention. Still another

